RAI Response for Oil Well Permit Application 1366

Submitted to: Florida Department of Environmental Protection



Prepared by: The Carol Group, Inc.



Century Oil Co., Inc.





CLEMENTI ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING, LLC

For: Kanter Real Estate, LLC 2601 South Bayshore Drive, Suite 1450 Miami, Florida 33133

October 16, 2015

1. Department rule requires that an application to drill be considered incomplete until the applicant requests a preliminary site inspection be made by the Department. Please contact the oil and gas program to schedule a preliminary site inspection. [62C-26.003(4), F.A.C.]

A preliminary site inspection occurred on Tuesday August 18, 2015. Representatives of FDEP Oil and Gas Section, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and The Carol Group were present.

2. Florida law requires the department to consider the proven or indicated likelihood of the presence of oil, gas, or related minerals in such quantities as to warrant the exploration and extraction of such products on a commercially profitable basis. The application states that the proposal to drill is "based on geologic information" and that the "primary geological objective is the Upper Sunniland Formation" at a depth of 11,800 feet TVD, but otherwise appears silent on the proven or indicated likelihood of extracting oil at the proposed location and proposed depth. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this consideration. [377.241(3), F.S.]

A technical report supporting the exploration and extraction of oil at the proposed location is included as Attachment 2(a). *This report is a trade secret, confidential, and exempt from public records law as provided in Sections 812.081, 815.04(3), and 815.045, Florida Statutes.*,. Please redact this information accordingly, and limit its disclosure only to those employees of the Department who need to see it in order to evaluate our response to this request.

Also included as **Attachment 2(b)** is a table of the existing oil and gas fields in Florida, with the approximate depth of each field. Of the fourteen oil fields in the Upper Sunniland Formation, the approximate depth ranges between 11,460 feet and 11,985 feet – more than two miles below ground.

The Sunniland Trend is an oil-bearing geological layer that ranges across the lower Florida peninsula, from Miami to Fort Myers. It is part of the South Florida Basin, which is the largest unexplored geological basin in the lower 48 states. The lowest underground source of drinking water (USDW) is physically separated from the oil of the Sunniland Trend by more than two miles of geologic layers. These layers include multiple anhydrite layers, each of which are several hundred feet thick and all of which are impermeable. Oil in the Sunniland Trend has the consistency of liquid tar. The Sunniland Trend contains minimal amounts of natural gas, so the oil is under low pressure. As a result of the low pressure and viscous consistency, the oil does not naturally come to the surface in the manner most people associate with oil wells. Submersible pumps are required to bring the oil to the surface.

3. Florida law requires that an applicant own a valid deed or lease granting the applicant the privilege to explore for oil, gas, or related mineral products on the lands included in the application. The application states that Kanter Real Estate, LLC "is the owner of the property on which the well is located." Property deeds included with the application, however, appear to reference different corporate entities. Please provide documentation that clarifies the applicant's interest and addresses this requirement. [377.243(1), F.S.]

Kanter Real Estate, LLC is the owner of the property. Below is a summary of the transfers of ownership of the property, starting with Allstate Dredge Co. and ending with Kanter:

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- 1. 1967 Allstate Dredge Co. warranty deed to Airo Jet Industrial City, Inc.
- 2. 1975 and 1976 Airo Jet Industrial City, Inc. warranty deeds to Kanter Corporation of Florida
- 3. 1983 The Kanter Corporation of Florida warranty deed to The Kanter Corporation
- 4. April of 2015 The Kanter Corporation converted to Kanter Real Estate, LLC (the applicant)

See Attachments 3(a), 3(b), 3(c), 3(d), and 3(e).

3.1. The application also includes a copy of an easement that appears to address the exploration or drilling for oil, gas, or other minerals at the proposed site. Please indicate whether a title search was performed to identify any other potential property interests.

Manson Bolves Donaldson, P.A. has analyzed the abstract of title performed in 2014 and all recorded instruments regarding the property subject to the permit application within Section 23, Township 51 South, Range 38 East. Other than the easement in favor of the South Florida Water Management District in 1950 at 711/282, there are no other owners of property rights for the specified property.

4. Florida law requires that an applicant acquire a lawful right to drill from a majority of the mineral interests within a drilling unit prior to applying for a drilling permit. The application appears silent on mineral interests within the proposed drilling unit. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [377.241, F.S.]

As stated above, a complete review of the property records and an abstract of ownership have been performed by Manson Bolves Donaldson, P.A. for the property subject to this permit application. Kanter Real Estate, LLC exclusively holds all mineral rights for the drilling unit specified in the permit application within Section 23, Township 51 South, Range 38 East.

4.1. Department rule also requires each application to be accompanied by a location plat that shows and provides a legal description of all mineral acreage with the drilling unit which is not under lease to the applicant. The application appears silent on mineral acreage within the proposed drilling unit. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-26.003(7)(b), F.A.C.]

A location plat with a statement that the mineral acreage with the drilling unit is wholly owned by Kanter Real Estate LLC is attached to this response. See **Attachment 4.1**.

4.2. Department rule requires that the location plat also show the exact well location with reference to drilling unit boundaries, quarter-section corners, rivers and other prominent features; show ground elevation (with tolerances) at the drill site; state whether the proposed drilling unit is routine or nonroutine; and meet the minimum technical standards established in rule by the Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers. Please revise the included Well Location Plat (Exhibit G) to address these requirements. [62C-26.003(7), F.A.C.]

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As provided in 61C-26.003(7)(c), F.A.C., Kanter is providing a plat made in accordance with the rules of the Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers using state plane coordinates, which are described in Section 177.151, Florida Statutes. This plat is included as **Attachment 4.2(a)**. An additional plat with topographic information is included as **Attachment 4.2(b)**.

Kanter's representatives explained at the meeting with Department staff on September 1, 2015 that the area surrounding the drill site has never been surveyed by the State of Florida or the federal government. Without an original government survey, producing a plat with quarter-section corners would create a hardship for Kanter. Section corners are unavailable, and an inordinate amount of preliminary surveying would have to be done to establish section corners or other standard reference points. In addition to Kanter's notice, information discussed with the Department, and explanation of this hardship, included as **Attachment 4.2(c)** is a written notice and explanation of the hardship.

4.3. The application appears to contain a discrepancy between the bottom hole location identified in Section 7.0 and the surface hole location identified in the included location plat. Please clarify and make any necessary corrections to the proposal.

The location plat contains the correct bottom hole location and surface hole location. See **Attachment 4.3**. The corrected language is included in the revised application.

5. Department rule allows a single permit to be issued for the drilling of a well and activities associated with the test phase immediately following well installation. The application indicates that there "are no plans for gathering lines or pipeline at this time," but otherwise appears silent on activities proposed to follow drilling of the well that the applicant proposes be covered by a single permit. Please provide information regarding proposed onsite activities during the test phase and identify any necessary equipment, materials, vehicles, or infrastructure to support the test phase. [62C-25.006(1), F.A.C.]

In the event production casing is run on the well, testing will proceed as follows:

- Casing will be tested to 1500 psi
- A gauge ring will be run to TD
- A cement bond log will be run
- Perforations will be made based on electric logs
- 2 7/8" 6.5#/ft. n 80 EUE tubing will be run to approximately 10,500 ft.
- Well will be swab tested for 3-10 days
- Well may be treated with 1000 gal. of 15% HCL acid after initial clean up swabbing
- If deemed a commercial well will be fitted with a jet pump or rod pump for production

Below is a list of all necessary equipment, materials, vehicles, and infrastructure necessary to support the test phase of the well:

• Wireline trucks for logging and perforating

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- Workover rig and support equipment to work over well
- Trucks to deliver tubing & tools (5)
- Swab rig for swab testing, tanks for swab fluids (2-3 tanks with total of 1200 bbl. Cap.)
- Pump truck and tank truck for treatment
- Water and oil trucks to haul off produced fluids
- Fuel tank and fuel truck to deliver fuel
- Test truck to test tubing
- Office trailer for supervisors
- Doghouse trailer for workover personnel
- Vehicles to transport personnel to and from site(5-10 daily)
- Garbage and sanitation service vehicles (bi-weekly)
- Portable toilets (2)
- 5.1. Please indicate if the applicant is proposing to conduct a drill stem test prior to running production casing. If planned, please describe the provisions for conducting the tests and identify the relevant industry standards and practices proposed, equipment needed, and on-site fluid storage requirements. [62C-27.001(6), F.A.C.]

Kanter does not plan to run a drill stem test prior to running production casing.

6. Florida law requires that an applicant implement programs for the control of pollution related to oil, petroleum products or their byproducts, and other pollutants and the abatement thereof when a discharge occurs. The application appears to rely on well construction in accordance with department rule to address the potential for and control of subsurface discharges. The application states that the "drilling location will have secondary containment areas around the rig substructure and the generator (including its fuel tanks)," that "containment areas will be covered by a high-density polyethylene liner system that will collect rainwater, oils, grease, and other fluids and direct them to a sump," and that a "containment berm surrounding the fuel tanks will retain 1.5 times the tanks' stored volume." The application otherwise appears silent on potential surface spill sources, and measures proposed to control and abate spills from those sources. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [377.243(2), F.S.]

The Sunniland Trend is an oil-bearing geological layer that ranges across the lower Florida peninsula, from Miami to Fort Myers. It is part of the South Florida Basin, which is the largest unexplored geological basin in the lower 48 states. The lowest underground source of drinking water (USDW) is physically separated from the oil of the Sunniland Trend by more than two miles of geologic layers. These layers include multiple anhydrite layers, each of which are several hundred feet thick and all of which are impermeable. Oil in the Sunniland Trend has the consistency of liquid tar. The Sunniland Trend contains minimal amounts of natural gas, so the oil is under low pressure. As a result of the low pressure and viscous consistency, the oil does not naturally come to the surface in the manner most people associate with oil wells. Submersible pumps are required to bring the oil to the surface.

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Kanter is relying on the strict well construction standards in accordance with Department rule to address the potential for and control of subsurface discharges. The high-density polyethylene lined containment area (under all stationary equipment containing fluids) is primarily to contain those fluids in the event of leakage. A copy of the construction plan set is included as **Attachment 6(a)**. The perimeter berm will provide containment in the event of catastrophic flow from the subsurface through the wellbore. Please see Sheets C-2.02 and C-2.03 of **Attachment 6(a)** for a depiction of the impervious containment area around the drilling equipment. This is intended to be the primary containment system. The impervious layer is hydraulically separated from the stormwater management system and will have a sump in the center that will collect any spills or rainwater. To be conservative, the berms for the site have been designed to contain stormwater for the entire site, including the area designated for impervious containment. A spill prevention and clean-up plan is included as of **Attachment 6(b)**.

6.1. Please identify each potential spill source, outline protective measures to avoid spills at each point (such as how each piece of equipment is designed and will be maintained to prevent pollution), identify equipment to be used in an emergency, and specify action planned to remove each such spill that might occur.

Potential sources of spills on site are as follows: drilling fluid from pits or circulating system, water from storage tanks, fuel from fuel tanks, oils from oil containers, and oil and coolant from engines. A spill from one of these sources would be removed to a containment tank via pump (centrifugal, diaphragm, or vacuum). Small oil spills will be removed with oil soak pads. Vacuum trucks will be on standby in the event of a larger spill and to remove contaminated fluids from the site. The bleeder from the discharge culvert will be shut in the event of any spill.

Attachment 6(b) is a spill prevention and clean-up plan identifying each potential spill source, the protective measures that will be employed to avoid spills at each point, equipment to be used during an emergency, and specific actions to remove each spill that might occur.

6.2. Department rule requires each application to be accompanied by a location plat that specifies the distance to rivers and other prominent features, and requires submittal of an aerial photograph of the drill site at a large scale. Please address these requirements at a scale relevant to support the proposal in the context of pollution prevention and spill response. [62C-26.003(7), F.A.C., 62C-26.003(10), F.A.C., and 62C-30.005(2)(b)2., F.A.C.]

A location plat that specifies the distance to rivers and other prominent features on an aerial of the drill site at a large scale is included as **Attachment 6.2**.

6.3. The application indicates that water for drilling will be supplied by "on-site wells located at the northeast and southeast corners of the pad." Please clarify the location of the proposed water wells on the included drilling pad sketch (Exhibit H), given the pad does not have an apparent northeast or southeast corner.

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A plat identifying the location of the oil well, drill pad and water wells is included as **Attachment 6.3**.

6.4. Please identify all freshwater resources within one mile of the proposed drilling location and explain how they will be protected in the event of accident or blowout. [377.242, F.S.]

The Sunniland Trend is an oil-bearing geological layer that ranges across the lower Florida peninsula, from Miami to Fort Myers. It is part of the South Florida Basin, which is the largest unexplored geological basin in the lower 48 states. The lowest underground source of drinking water (USDW) is physically separated from the oil of the Sunniland Trend by more than two miles of geologic layers. These layers include multiple anhydrite layers, each of which are several hundred feet thick and all of which are impermeable. Oil in the Sunniland Trend has the consistency of liquid tar. The Sunniland Trend contains minimal amounts of natural gas, so the oil is under low pressure. As a result of the low pressure and viscous consistency, the oil does not naturally come to the surface in the manner most people associate with oil wells. Submersible pumps are required to bring the oil to the surface. Sunniland Trend oil can be refined to produce gasoline and diesel fuel, lube oils, and asphalt.

A plat identifying all freshwater resources within one mile of the proposed drilling location is included as **Attachment 6.4(a)**. A construction pollution plan is as **Attachment 6.4(b)**, a safety plan is included as **Attachment 6.4(c)**, a stormwater pollution prevention plan is included in Sheet C-3.01 of the construction plan set in **Attachment 6(a)**, and a spill prevention and clean-up plan is attached as **Attachment 6(b)**. All of these plans address the protection of freshwater resources.

6.5. Please identify the nearest drinking water wells to the proposed well site.

The lowest underground source of drinking water (USDW) is physically separated from the oil of the Sunniland Trend by more than two miles of geologic layers. These layers include multiple anhydrite layers, each of which are several hundred feet thick and all of which are impermeable. A plat identifying the nearest drinking water wells to the proposed well site is included as **Attachment 6.5**.

6.6. Please identify any information the applicant considers relevant to characterizing existing or background water quality at the proposed well site.

The area between the L 67-A and L 67-C levees is known as the "Pocket Area." Inflow to this area historically has been rainfall and seepage from the L67A. Water quality in the Pocket Area has generally been good, with some seepage of WCA 3A water through the L 67-A levee into the Pocket Area. This inflow of WCA 3A water has increased phosphorus levels and has impacted the Pocket Area adjacent to the L 67-A levee, which is the location of the Kanter 23-2 well pad.

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Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

There is little data on the water quality at the proposed oil well site, but as it is adjacent to L 67-A, it is anticipated that phosphorus levels could be elevated. Some background water quality data is available from the DECOMP project, southwest of this location. A water quality monitoring plan for the proposed oil well site would include collection of samples for background level determination before drilling commences. Also, background water quality data from the DECOMP project would be acquired to use for comparison.

6.7. The application does not identify any potentially toxic or hazardous materials stored onsite for drilling purposes or in support of ancillary equipment. Please identify any materials that might pose a risk to groundwater quality and provide the department with a Materials Safety Data Sheet for such materials.

The list of all potentially toxic or hazardous materials to be stored on site for drilling purposes or in support of ancillary equipment is:

- Antifreeze
- Cotton Seed Hulls
- Drilling Paper
- Duo-Vis
- Fed Seal
- Floxit
- Gear oil (80-90)
- Hydraulic fluid (Series 46)
- Max Gel
- MI-Gel
- Motor oil (10W-40)
- PolySal
- Salt Gel
- Soda Ash

Duo Vis, M-I Gel, Max Gel, Salt Gel are viscosifiers. Flox-It is a flocculant. Soda Ash is used for pH control. Cotton Seed Hulls, Paper, and Fed Seal are loss circulation materials. PolySal is a water loss control agent. Gear oil, motor oil, and hydraulic fluid are lubricants. Antifreeze is a coolant. The associated Materials Safety Data Sheets are included as **Attachment 6.7**.

6.8. Please indicate how the proposed well site will be secured to prevent unauthorized access or vandalism.

The proposed well site will be secured by a six-foot chain link fence and a locked gate. Only supervisors of well drilling activities or construction foremen for each shift will have access to a gate key.

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7. Department rule requires the applicant to describe the provisions made for locating and constructing roads, pads, and other facilities needed for drilling operations, and requires the applicant to make every effort to minimize related impacts. Additionally, for sites located in sensitive areas, department rule prohibits permanent adverse impacts on water resources, sheet flow of the area, or on the vegetation or the wildlife of the area, with special emphasis on rare and endangered species. Department rule also precludes construction of access corridors and drilling pads through certain sensitive resources unless reasonable and prudent alternatives are not available. The application indicates that the proposed activity will be conducted within an area of private ownership of approximately 20,000 acres, but the application appears silent regarding the selection of the specific well site within this area. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses these criteria. [62C-26.003(10), F.A.C., 62C-30.005(1), F.A.C., 62C-

30.005(2)(a)11., F.A.C., and 62C-30.005(2)(b)1., F.A.C.]

Kanter Real Estate LLC owns approximately 20,000 acres of property in WCA 3. This property exists in two parcels. See **Attachment 7(a)**. The southern parcel of the Kanter ownership was selected for the oil well site for several reasons.

First, there are existing seismic data covering this location which, once analyzed in the report included as **Attachment 2**, justified the consideration of an exploratory well. *This report is trade secret, confidential, and exempt from public records law, as provided in Sections 812.081, 815.04(3), and 815.045, Florida Statutes.*

Second, the L 67-A and L 67-C levees and canals cut across this southern parcel. These levees and canals have dramatically disrupted sheet flow, altered hydrology, and degraded the natural habitat. The site is adjacent to L67-A. The project area of approximately 6.83 acres is 0.0004% of the 1.5 million acres of the Everglades; 0.03% of the 20,000 acres of the Kanter property in WCA 3A and B; 0.05% of the area between L67A and L67C and 0.54% of the Kanter property between these two levees. As a result, the oil well site will have negligible, if any, impact on the water resources of the area, and there will be no disruption of already seriously impacted sheetflow, vegetation, or wildlife of the area. Additionally, the two levees also provide access to the well site, so there will be no need to create additional roads.

Third, the well location is 237 feet off of the levee. This location will greatly reduce the amount of construction required to create access to the drill pad, thereby reducing potential impacts.

Fourth, the flowage easement granted to the Central and Southern Flood Control District, attached as **Attachment 7(b)**, guarantees the owners of the property access to this area. It states:

It is specifically understood and agreed that the forgoing grant of the uses, rights and privileges aforesaid shall in no wise prohibit or interfere with the right of the party of the first part, its successors, assigns or lessees, to:

(a) Lease or conduct operations on the premises herein described, for the exploration or drilling for, or the developing, producing, storing or removing of oil, gas or other minerals in or under the aforesaid premises;

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(b) Make such further use as will not conflict with the purposes for which this grant is given.

To exercise these rights, the grantor, its successors, assigns or lessees, and agents and employees shall have such right of ingress and egress to and from the property hereinbefore set forth, as may be necessary. It being further specifically understood and agreed that the rights retained under the provisions of this paragraph shall be exercised by the grantor, its successors, assigns or lessees, subject to any reasonable rules and regulations which the Governing Board of the CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT may prescribe for the efficient maintenance and operation of a public project in the interest of flood control, reclamation, conservation and allied purposes, but which shall permit the reserved rights to be exercised so that oil, gas and minerals may be developed, extracted and removed from the District in accordance with sound engineering principles. [Emphasis added]

7.1. The application states that the location "contains habitat for federal and state listed wildlife species" but otherwise appears silent on wildlife or wildlife impacts. Please clarify whether a wildlife survey was performed and explain whether the proposal will affect wildlife in the area.

Wildlife surveys have already been conducted for WCA 3, which include the proposed oil well site. These surveys were conducted for the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Project ("CERP") and for the Decompartmentalization and Sheetflow Enhancement Physical Model ("DPM" or "DECOMP") project conducted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers ("Corps") and South Florida Water Management District ("SFWMD"). DECOMP was constructed 11.21 miles south of the proposed oil well site along a 3,000-foot stretch of the L-67A and L-67C levees and canals in WCA 3. A map indicating the relative locations of the DECOMP project and the proposed oil well site is included as Attachment 7.1(a).

The Corps' April 2010 document, Installation, Testing and Monitoring of a Physical Model for the Water Conservation Area 3 Decompartmentalization and Sheet Flow Enhancement Project Final Environmental Assessment and Design Test Documentation Report ("**Report**"), describes wildlife in the area. Please note the following differences between the DECOMP project area described in the Report and the proposed oil well site:

- The proposed oil well site and the DECOMP project area are both located within the remnant Everglades in southeastern Florida, in an area removed from large cities and industrial areas. The proposed oil well site is located in Broward County, west of Holiday Park, while DECOMP is located in Miami-Dade County.
- The proposed oil well location is owned by the Kanter Corporation, subject to a flowage easement that was granted to the Central and Southern Flood Control District in 1950. The design test and areas potentially impacted by the DECOMP project are owned by SFWMD and managed by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission ("FWCC").

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- The proposed oil well is located between the L67A and L67B levees, adjacent to L67A, on the southern side of the levee. The DECOMP project is 11.21 miles south of the proposed oil well site along the L67-A levee.
- The proposed oil well site will not impact the L67A canal, while the DECOMP project had some impacts on the canal.

Regarding the general environmental condition of the area, the Report states on page 3-1:

WCA 3 is comprised of WCA 3A (786 square miles) and WCA 3B (128 square miles) and is divided by two levees. The conservation area is predominantly a vast sawgrass marsh dotted with tree islands, wet prairies, and aquatic sloughs. A cypress forest fringes its western border along the L-28 gap and expands south to the Tamiami Trail. The historic landscape in this area was composed of sawgrass marsh and an expansive ridge and slough system with numerous tree islands, some of which were the largest in the ecosystem.

The introduction of regional transportation corridors and water management systems fragmented wildlife habitat throughout the Everglades ecosystem, including the WCAs. The once vast, naturally connected landscape has been cut into a mosaic of various-sized habitat patches. The canals adjacent to the project area likely serve as an effective barrier to wildlife movement, interfering with or preventing life functions of many native wildlife species.

The features associated with the DPM project would be constructed on the L-67 canal/levee system. While areas of both WCA 3A and WCA 3B will be affected, the project is expected to mainly influence WCA 3B, the receiving basin.

The FWCC's letter to Mr. Levi Sciara of the Department, dated August 4, 2015 ("FWCC Letter") (Attachment 7.1(b)) confirmed that the proposed oil well site contains the same threatened and endangered species and state species of concern as the DECOMP project area, excepting the West Indian manatee, Southeastern American kestrel, and Florida sandhill crane. The proposed oil well site also does not contain Florida panther habitat. Included as Attachment 7.1(c) are panther habitat maps from the DECOMP Report, which demonstrate that the Well site is outside the primary and secondary habitat zones for the Florida panther.

As described in page 3 of the FWCC Letter, "Wildlife surveys have not been conducted onsite, however the application provides a commitment to follow the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Eastern Indigo Snake Protection Plan, USFWS Habitat Management Guidelines for the Wood Stork in the Southeast Region Plan, and the USFWS Snail Kite Survey Protocol." Kanter's commitment to follow these USFWS guidelines is based on surveys performed in support of CERP. Also, because species surveys have not yet been conducted onsite and because the location of the proposed activities may impact the listed species mentioned in the FWCC Letter with the four exceptions noted in the previous paragraph), Kanter commits to obtaining wildlife surveys for the above-listed species prior to any site development activities. Kanter will ensure that wildlife surveys are conducted by qualified individuals with recent documented experience, following survey protocols established by the USFWS and the FWCC, conduct THE CAROL GROUP wildlife surveys. Additionally, Kanter will coordinate with the USFWS South Florida Ecological Services Office for any necessary federal requirements.

Snail kites frequently nest in WCA 3B downstream of the proposed oil well site, and surveys for snail kites will be conducted before and during construction activities. Kanter will coordinate with the USFWS for information regarding potential impacts to this species. Additionally, if snail kites are documented near the project site, Kanter will coordinate with Tyler Beck, FWCC's Snail Kite Conservation Coordinator.

The proposed oil well site is located within the USFWS Consultation Area for the federally endangered Florida bonneted bat and potential habitat for this species may exist onsite. There is no evidence at this time of habitat suitable for bats in the immediate area because bats reside in trees, which are absent from the property. However, Kanter will take steps to determine if and how bonneted bats may be using the proposed oil well site. This could include conducting acoustic surveys to determine presence of bonneted bats and searching for potential roost sites that could be used by any bat species, such as tree cavities or under dead palm fronds, within the proposed oil well site. For any potential roost site that is located, the potential roost site will be examined by a trained wildlife professional and the area around it will be searched for signs of bats. If bats are found roosting within or near the proposed oil well site, the bats will be identified as to species to be able to determine if they are Florida bonneted bats. If Florida bonneted bats are identified, Kanter will immediately contact the USFWS and also provide that occurrence information to the FWCC.

Kanter will conduct surveys for state listed wading birds immediately prior to construction that occurs during the breeding season (January-August). Surveys will occur within 1,000 feet of the proposed oil well site because wading birds in the WCAs are unaccustomed to the level of disturbance caused by construction. If active wading bird nesting colonies are discovered within 1,000 feet of the proposed oil well site, Kanter will conduct construction activities outside of the breeding season. If this proves to not be feasible, Kanter will contact FWCC staff for technical assistance on avoidance, minimization, and potential permitting alternatives.

For Least Terns, Kanter will implement the following measures to reduce nesting potential during construction:

- Conduct construction activities outside of the breeding season (generally April through August),
- Clear the site only when ready to build, and
- Avoid leaving cleared areas with little to no activity for an extended amount of time.

If nesting is observed, Kanter will contact FWCC staff to discuss necessary nest buffers and potential permitting alternatives.

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7.2. The application appears silent on cultural and archeological resources. Please clarify whether a cultural and archeological resources assessment was performed and whether the proposal will affect cultural resources in the area.

The Division of Historical Resources, Florida Department of State advises in the correspondence included as **Attachment 7.2** that there are no recorded archaeological sites or other historic resources recorded within the area of the proposed oil well site, and given the environment it is unlikely that a project of this scale will lead to the disturbance of any significant resources. This project is recorded as DHR file number 2015-3766. Therefore, a cultural and archeological resources assessment will not be performed.

7.3. The application appears silent on the sheet flow of the area. Please clarify whether the proposal will affect sheet flow of the area.

The L 67-A and L 67-C levees and canals, which create a pocket, cut across this southern Kanter parcel. The two levees have dramatically disrupted sheet flow, altered hydrology, and degraded the natural habitat. The pad site is adjacent to the L67-A levee and is only 0.05% of the total of 22 acres in the L67-A/L67-B gap. There will be no disruption of already seriously impacted sheet flow.

 Department rule requires that existing roads be used wherever feasible. The application proposes the use of levees located off U.S. Highway 27 and U.S. Highway 41 for access to the proposed well site. The application appears to imply that these levees are owned by the South Florida Water Management District and that the applicant's use is authorized by easement. Please clarify or confirm. [62C-26.003(10), F.A.C. and 62C-30.005(2)(a), F.A.C.]

Yes, the SFWMD owns the levees, and Kanter's use of them is authorized by easement. In 1950, the Kanter property's previous owner granted a flowage easement to the then-Central and Southern Flood Control District (now SFWMD). It states:

It is specifically understood and agreed that the forgoing grant of the uses, rights and privileges aforesaid shall in no wise prohibit or interfere with the right of the party of the first part, its successors, assigns or lessees, to:

(a) Lease or conduct operations on the premises herein described, for the exploration or drilling for, or the developing, producing, storing or removing of oil, gas or other minerals in or under the aforesaid premises;

(b) Make such further use as will not conflict with the purposes for which this grant is given.

To exercise these rights, the grantor, its successors, assigns or lessees, and agents and employees shall have such right of ingress and egress to and from the property hereinbefore set forth, as may be necessary. It being further specifically understood and agreed that the rights retained under the provisions of this paragraph shall be exercised by the grantor, its

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successors, assigns or lessees, subject to any reasonable rules and regulations which the Governing Board of the CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT may prescribe for the efficient maintenance and operation of a public project in the interest of flood control, reclamation, conservation and allied purposes, but which shall permit the reserved rights to be exercised so that oil, gas and minerals may be developed, extracted and removed from the District in accordance with sound engineering principles.

A complete copy of this easement is included in Attachment 7(b).

Also, a right-of-way permit will be obtained from SFWMD once a preferred route is selected.

8.1. The application appears silent on details of proposed traffic and whether, as a structural matter, existing levees and bridges can support the proposed traffic and proposed drilling activities. Please explain the nature of the proposed traffic, explain the capacity of existing infrastructure to withstand the proposed traffic and proposed drilling activities, and indicate whether this infrastructure must be improved. Please be aware that road improvements or new road construction must be subject to this permitting review.

Kanter has identified four distinct access routes along SFWMD levees. See **Attachment 8.1**. A right-of-way-permit needs to be obtained from SFWMD once a preferred route is selected.

The SFWMD uses the L67-A levee and other levees accessed from State Road 27 and State Road 41 for the purposes of maintenance, construction and general access associated with the levees and the water conservation areas. Kanter will commit to utilizing equipment that is standard to ordinary district maintenance and construction activities in terms of size, capacity and/or weight restrictions. Therefore no road improvements are to be proposed or anticipated. Kanter proposes to utilize traffic control measures that include:

- Install and maintain traffic control devices, warning devices, barriers, signage and safety devices per FDOT standard specifications during construction
- Control dust through standard means
- Utilize existing ramps along the levee for passing of traffic

Kanter will also provide any other safety measures as deemed appropriate by the SFWMD.

8.2. The application indicates that "[a]ccess to the drilling site will not impact any wetlands or surface waters" but otherwise appears silent regarding a "driveway" transition between the levee and drilling pad. Please provide details regarding construction of any such transition.

The drill pad is proposed to tie directly into the L67-A levee. The site plan and construction drawings depicting this feature are included in Sheet C-2.02 of the construction plan set in **Attachment 6(a).** All wetland impacts from the well site will be mitigated through the acquisition of mitigation bank credits.

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9. Department rule requires that drilling pads be constructed from trucked-in material or from material taken from approved borrow pits. The application appears silent on drilling pad materials. Please provide information regarding the source and characteristics of proposed drilling pad material. [62C-26.003(10), F.A.C. and 62C-30.005(2)(b)5., F.A.C.]

The drilling pad material will be "Select Fill" in accordance with SFWMD standard specification Section 02200 EARTHWORK Part 1 1.03 A. Select Fill. Under this specification, Select Fill is required where higher control of materials and placement was needed such as water retaining embankment cores, roadway embankments, and adjacent to structures. It is clean, well-graded material free from debris, peat, roots, seeds of nuisance or exotic species, organic material, clods, and stones with a diameter greater than three (3) inches (76 mm) in any direction. It will have an average organic content of not more than 2% or have an individual test value of not more than 4%.

10. Department rule requires that drilling pads be constructed to a height to assure year round usage. The application indicates that the proposed pad will be constructed to a height of 11.9 feet NAVD, but otherwise appears silent regarding criteria used to support this design. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-26.003(10), F.A.C. and 62C-30.005(2)(b)6., F.A.C.]

The proposed oil well is located south of the L 67-A levee within WCA 3B. The property north of L 67-A is in WCA 3A, which is regulated at a higher elevation than WCA 3B. The historic high level in WCA 3A is 11.49 feet NAVD. The top of the berm has been set at 14.5 feet NAVD, and the bleeder invert elevation has been set at 11.5 feet NAVD. These elevations are consistent with keeping the proposed project control elevations above the historic elevations of the L 67-A canal at 11.49 feet NAVD, which is higher than the regulation schedules for both WCA 3A and WCA 3B.

11. Department rule requires construction of a protective levee around the drilling site and storage tank areas, and requires the levee to be of sufficient height and impermeability to prevent the escape of pad fluids. In addition, dikes must be of sufficient size and strength to prevent rain water from washing onto and inundating pads. The application states that a "three-foot earth berm will surround the 5-acre operating area in order to contain all water on the site" but otherwise appears silent regarding criteria used to support this design. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-27.001(4)(c), F.A.C., 62C-26.003(10), F.A.C., and 62C-30.005(2)(b)7., F.A.C.]

Please see Sheets C-2.02 and C-2.03 of **Attachment 6(a)**, which depict primary and secondary containment measures. The primary containment is the liner that is designed to drain liquids to a sump for removal from the site. Secondary containment is the area outside the liner and will be part of the stormwater management system. The stormwater management system has been designed to retain runoff from both primary and secondary containment, as well as the contributing area from the levee.

12. Please explain the purpose and intended use of the area labeled as "proposed spoil area" in Exhibit H of the application.

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The spoil area is intended to receive the material created from de-mucking the site. It will be comprised of native material and will be stored onsite. It will be stabilized by plantings of native grasses. It is not designed for stormwater management and will not be lined. It is hydraulically separated from the proposed stormwater management system.

13. The application appears silent on the handling and disposition of drill cuttings, as well as the disposal of drilling fluids. Please provide information regarding the proposed handling of this material.

Drill cuttings will be tested for hydrocarbons by DPS, a qualified testing company. Drill cuttings and drilling fluids will be handled and disposed in accordance with applicable hazardous waste and materials laws, which may include public landfills if the testing results indicate that is an appropriate method of disposal.

14. Department rule requires all applications to contain the minimum setting depths, casing size, weight per foot, wall thickness, specified minimum yield strength, grade of pipe, class of cement to be used, cement additives, cement quantity, intended interval to be cemented, hole size, displacement method, special tools to be used and calculated percent excess. The application includes some specifications for casing and cementing but is silent on others. Please provide information for all casing strings both in the text and on the wellbore schematic. [62C-26.003(5), F.A.C.]

Kanter will provide this information in both the text and on the wellbore schematic of its revised application. Please see the answers to items 14.1 and 14.2 and **Attachments 14.1**, **14.2** and **27**

14.1. The application appears silent on the installation and specifications of the conductor casing. Please provide information to address this requirement.

- 24" diameter, ½" wall thickness conductor driven to 200 ft.
- 13 3/8" 54.5-lb. J 55 ST&C casing at 1800 KB (minimum 100 ft. below USDW and then cement to surface)
- 9 5/8" 47-lb. L 80 LT&C casing at 3800 ft. KB; TOC 3300 ft.
- 8 ½" hole TD at 11,800 ft.

The cement calculations, volumes, types, and additives are included in the proposed cementing plan. Please see **Attachment 14.1**.

14.2. The conductor casing is labeled as 13 3/8" in the Proposed Casing and Cementing Plan (Exhibit M) and as 24" in the Wellbore Schematic (Exhibit N). Please clarify the proposed size of the conductor casing.

The conductor casing label of 13 3/8" in the Halliburton cementing plan was an error. Please see the casing program provided in **Attachment 14.2**.

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15. Department rule requires that all casing be new pipe or reconditioned so as to be equivalent to new pipe. The application is silent on the condition of the proposed casing. Please provide information to address this requirement. [62C-27.005, F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

All pipe used for the proposed oil well will be new pipe.

16. Department rule requires casing to be set and cemented in accordance with generally accepted industry standards and practices. The application is silent on the criteria or standards relied upon during the design of the cement and the type and spacing of centralizers. Please provide the criteria and standards relied upon for cement and centralizer design. [62C-27.005(2), F.A.C. and 62C-27.005(3), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Kanter will use the industry standard, which is first centralizer to be placed 10 feet above the casing shoe, then every third for a distance of 300 feet.

16.1. The application addresses centralizer type and spacing for the surface and intermediate casings, but appears silent on centralizer type and spacing for the production casing. Please provide centralizer information for the production casing.

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Kanter will use the industry standard, which is first centralizer to be placed 10 feet above the casing shoe, then every third for a distance of 300 feet.

17. Department rule requires that all casing be pressure tested prior to well completion or drilling out after cementing. The required pressure tests have specific pressure specifications and durations, including tolerances, for pressure drops. The application states the pressure specifications for

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surface and intermediate casings, but appears to be silent on testing durations and the test pressure for the production casing. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses these requirements. [62C-27.005(4), F.A.C. and 62C-27.005(5), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Kanter will pressurize the production casing at 1500 pounds for 30 minutes.

18. Department rule requires the surface casing be set below the deepest underground source of drinking water (USDW) and cemented to surface. The application indicates that surface casing will be set to a depth of 1,800 feet, but otherwise appears silent on the depth of the deepest USDW. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-27.005(1), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Kanter will drill to a depth of 1800 feet. They will then come out of the hole and run a resistivity log to verify the depth of the USDW. If testing shows that casing is a minimum of 100 feet below the USDW, drilling will proceed. If testing shows that casing is not a minimum of 100 feet below the USDW, additional drilling will be conducted until a resistivity log confirms that casing is a minimum of 100 feet below USDW.

19. Department rule requires the applicant to take into account all relevant geologic and engineering data for the design of casing, cementing, mud, and well control programs. The application appears silent on the geologic or engineering considerations that were taken into account during the design process of the well. Please provide the specific data used for the design of each program above. [62C-27.001(5), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Relevant geologic and engineering data for the design of cementing, casing, mud, and well control programs initially came from technical information contained in:

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- Open-File Report 80, "Text to Accompany the Geologic Map of Florida" (Florida Geological Survey, 2001)
- "Reasonably Foreseeable Development Scenario for Fluid Materials" (U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, April 2008)
- National Assessment of Oil and Gas Project: Petroleum Systems and Assessment of the South Florida Basin, chapter 2, "1995 USGS national Oil and Gas Play-Based Assessment of the South Florida Basin, Florida Peninsula Province (R. Pollastro, U.S. Geological Survey Digital Data Series 69-A, 2001)

In addition, Kanter's oil driller, Pollister Drilling, operator, Century Oil, and cementing company, Halliburton, have decades of experience in the design of wells for the Sunniland Formation.

19.1. Please clarify the purpose of each key product contained in the Drilling Fluid Program (Exhibit P). In addition, please supply the department with the Materials Safety Data Sheets for each product.

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Duo Vis, M-I Gel, Max Gel, Salt Gel are viscosifiers. Flox-It is a flocculant. Soda Ash is used for pH control. Cotton Seed Hulls, Paper, and Fed Seal are loss circulation materials. PolySal is a water loss control agent. The MSDS sheets for all of these materials are included in **Attachment 6.7**.

20. Department rule requires that the operator use only contractors or employees trained and competent to drill. The application appears silent on the nature and extent of contractor or employee training and experience. Please provide information that addresses this requirement. [62C-27.001(5), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Kanter has engaged Pollister Drilling to perform the on-site drilling and Century Oil to operate the well and engage all other contractors necessary for the on-site drilling. Mr. Ed Pollister is the president of Century Oil, Pollister Drilling, and Oil Tech Services. His resume is included as **Attachment 20**.

21. Department rule requires that before spudding the well, mud tanks of sufficient size to hold the active mud volume at the surface be installed for containment of all active drilling fluids. The Drilling Rig Information (Exhibit K) states that the mud system will consist of a "2 pit (940bbl)"

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system, but otherwise appears silent regarding criteria used to support this design. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-27.001(4), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

A mud system consisting of a two-pit (940 bbl) system will be installed in accordance with industry standard. In addition, a closed loop pit system, 1000 barrels, will be installed as a backup.

22. Department rule requires that in national and state forests and parks, in wetlands, and in other sensitive areas, prefabricated tanks and drip pans be required for the containment of all waste fluids. The application is silent on the manner in which the waste fluids and cuttings are contained. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-27.001(4)(a), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Sealed, prefabricated tanks with drip pans will be used to contain all waste fluids. All cuttings will be solidified and removed from the site in accordance with applicable law.

23. Department rule requires the operator to maintain sufficient quantities of mud and mud additives, readily accessible for use, to insure well control. The application indicates the quantities of mud and mud additives that will be used, but otherwise appears silent regarding criteria used to determine that these quantities are sufficient to insure well control. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-27.007(1), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

The quantity of mud and mud additives are calculated from the hole volume, which is 800 barrels. 9/2 brine water will be on location to weight up as necessary.

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23.1. The application appears silent on mud testing equipment and mud volume measuring devices. Please provide information to address mud measurement and testing. [62C-27.007(1), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Mud scales and a mud visc cup will be on the drill rig. The drilling team will also use pH strips. All mud testing will be performed by a qualified engineer who will determine any additional requirements and perform all mud testing.

24. Department rule requires specific procedures to be followed prior to and during tripping out of the hole. The application appears silent on proposed procedures to be followed prior to and during tripping out of the hole. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses these requirements. [26C-27.007(2)-(3), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

The operator will calculate the pipe displacement of drill string and will check the pit volume on the way in and on the way out, in accordance with industry standard. This will be checked every 10 stands to ensure fluid is not being gained.

25. Department rule requires specific procedures for the installation, use and testing of blowout preventers and related well control equipment. The back pressure valve and the drill-string safety valve shall be maintained in the open position on the rig floor at all times while drilling operations are being conducted. The application appears silent on this issue. Please provide information to address this requirement. [62C-27.006(1), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

The floor safety valve and inside blowout preventer (dart valve) and the drill safety string valve will be maintained in the open position on the rig floor at all times while drilling operations are being conducted.

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25.1. Department rule requires that blowout preventers and related well-control equipment be pressure tested when installed, before drilling out after each string of casing is set, not less than once a week while drilling, following repairs that require disconnecting a pressure seal in the assembly, and other times as prescribed by the department. The application appears silent on pressure tests while drilling and tests following repairs that require disconnecting a pressure seal in the assembly. Please provide information to address this requirement. [62C-27.006(2), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Blowout preventers and related well-control equipment will be pressure tested when installed, before drilling out after each string of casing is set, not less than once a week while drilling, following repairs that require disconnecting a pressure seal in the assembly, and other times as prescribed by the Department.

25.2. Department rule requires bag-type blowout preventers to be actuated on the drill pipe or collars once a week. Accumulators and pumps shall maintain a pressure capacity reserve at all times to provide for repeated operation of hydraulic preventers. A blowout prevention drill shall be conducted weekly for each drilling crew to insure that all equipment is operational and that crews are properly trained to carry out emergency duties. All blowout preventer tests and crew drills shall be recorded in the driller's log. The application appears silent on testing and drills for the blowout preventers. Please submit information clarifying how these requirements will be addressed. [62C-27.006(4), F.A.C.]

This request seeks information outside the scope of the Department's statutory authority for oil well permitting. In particular, it seeks information regarding post-permitting activities that are not required or contemplated under the permitting provisions Chapter 377, Florida Statutes or the permitting rules in Chapters 62C-25, 26, or 30, F.A.C. Without waiving any objections or any other rights, Kanter responds as follows:

Accumulators and pumps will maintain a pressure capacity reserve at all times to provide for repeated operation of hydraulic preventers. A blowout prevention drill will be conducted weekly for each drilling crew to insure that all equipment is operational and that crews are properly trained to carry out emergency duties. All blowout preventer tests and crew drills will be recorded in the driller's log.

25.3. The blowout preventer testing pressures, wellheads and hole sizes contained in "10.2 Well Control Equipment" are inconsistent with pressures, wellheads and hole sizes contained in Well Drilling Procedures (Exhibit L). In addition, the testing pressures in "10.2 Well Control

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Equipment" are above the working pressure of the wellheads. Please provide information to clarify these discrepancies.

The test pressures shall not exceed the lesser of the capacity of the well head or the blowout preventer. Please see the blowout preventer (BOP) schematic and the drilling procedure in **Attachments 25.3(a)** and **(b)**, respectively.

25.4. The application's Well Control Program (Exhibit O) omitted Figure 1 which depicted the drilling rig stack. Please supply the omitted Figure.

The omitted figure is found in **Attachment 25.3(a)**.

25.5. Please clarify the number of pipe rams and provide a current blowout preventer space-out drawing as described in Well Control Program (Exhibit O).

There will be 1 pipe ram, 1 blind ram, and 1 annular ram. Please see **Attachments 25.3(a)** and **(b)**.

26. Department rule requires that the operator develop a plan to safely and effectively control any hydrogen sulfide encountered. The plan must meet generally accepted industry practices, include a personnel training and safety program, and include contingencies for notifying authorities and evacuating civilians in the event of an accident. The Hydrogen Sulfide Gas Contingency Plan (Exhibit J) submitted with the application does not appear to identify the criteria or standards relied upon to develop the plan. Please provide information that supports the proposal and addresses this requirement. [62C-27.001(7), F.A.C.]

Hydrogen sulfide is not likely to occur. Out of an abundance of caution, Kanter will bring onsite a safety contractor to monitor for hydrogen sulfide 24 hours a day, starting when the well reaches 9,000 feet deep. The safety plan will go into effect when the well reaches 10,000 feet. The plan was developed in line with the federal hydrogen sulfide safety plan regulation, 30 CFR 250.490, and Chapter 62C-27.001(7), F.A.C.

26.1. The application indicates that the Hydrogen Sulfide Gas Contingency Plan "will go into effect at 10,500 feet, which is more than 1,000 feet higher than the top of the expected hazardous hydrogen sulfide zone." Please provide information that supports this determination.

The hydrogen sulfide contingency plan will go into effect at 10,000 feet. The revised permit application now reflects this, as does the hydrogen sulfide contingency plan. Hydrogen sulfide, if present, would be located in the Upper Sunniland Formation. As stated in the U.S. Geological Survey's *National Assessment of Oil and Gas Project: Petroleum Systems and Assessment of the South Florida Basin*, chapter 2 "1995 USGS National Oil and Gas Play-Based Assessment of the South Florida Basin, Florida Peninsula Province," on page 5, "Depth to the Upper Sunniland Formation tidal shoal reservoir rocks in the producing trend is about 11,200 to 11,600 feet."

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26.2. The proposed well site is located within an area that may be subject to public recreation. Please clarify how the applicant proposes to notify civilians performing recreational activities in the event of a hydrogen sulfide release.

Kanter will follow the following procedure to notify people performing recreational activities in the unlikely event of a hydrogen sulfide release:

- A Kanter representative will dispatch sufficient personnel to immediately warn Everglades Holiday Park and SFWMD personnel in the calculated radius of exposure.
- Green, yellow, or red flags will be placed along the L 67-A and Miami Canal levees within the calculated radius of exposure.
- A Kanter representative will immediately notify proper authorities, including the Broward County Sheriff's Office, Florida Highway Patrol, and any other applicable public officials and will enlist their assistance in warning people performing recreational activities within the calculated radius of exposure.
- A Kanter representative will dispatch sufficient personnel to divert traffic from the access levee and to monitor essential and non-essential traffic to the well site.
- 27. Department rule establishes the naming convention for oil and gas wells. The application refers to the proposed well as "Kanter 23-1." The correct name for the proposed well is "Kanter 23-2." In addition, the application appears to include outdated versions of Form 1 and Form 3. The department's preference is for the applicant to submit a revised copy ("clean copy") of the proposal that corrects all apparent errors and includes all additional information requested herein. [62C-26.003(6), F.A.C.]

A revised application is included as **Attachment 27**. The permit and all exhibits will refer to Kanter 23-2.

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Attachments

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2(a) Technical report supporting the exploration and extraction of oil at the proposed location (Confidential; Trade Secret)

CONFIDENTIAL. TRADE SECRET INFORMATION. The contents of this document are a trade secret and are exempt from Florida public records law as provided in Sections 815.04 and 815.045, Florida Statutes. Do not share or publish without the owner's permission.

Documents provided to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection under separate cover.

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2(b) Table of oil field depths in Florida

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

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Field	County	Date of Discovery	Reservoir (s)	Approx. Depth
Florida Peninsula Fields				
Sunniland	Collier	9-26-43	Sunniland	11,625
40 Mile Bend	Dade	9-1-54	Sunniland	11,555
Sunoco-Felda	Hendry	77-22-64	Sunniland	11,485
West Felda	Hendry	8-2-66	Sunniland	11,675
Lake Trafford	Collier	3-30-69	Sunniland	11,985
Bear Island	Collier	12-5-72	Sunniland	11,815
Seminole	Hendry	11-14-73	Sunniland	11,650
Lehigh Park	Lee	7-30-74	Sunniland	11,630
Baxter Island	Collier	8-11-77	Sunniland	11,820
Mid-Felda	Hendry	10-13-77	Sunniland	11,685
Raccoon Point	Collier	6-20-78	Sunniland	11,655
Pepper Hammock	Collier	9-28-78	Sunniland	11,895
Townsend Canal	Hendry	6-27-82	Sunniland	11,460
Corkscrew	Collier	11-10-85	Sunniland	11,565
Florida Panhandle Fields				
Jay	Santa Rosa	6-15-70	Smackover & Norphlet	15,985
Mt. Carmel	Santa Rosa	12-19-71	Smackover & Norphlet	15,400
Blackjack Creek	Santa Rosa	2-14-72	Smackover & Norphlet	16,235
Sweetwater Creek	Santa Rosa	4-22-77	Smackover	14,610
Bluff Springs	Escambia	3-25-82	Smackover	16,800
Mc Lellan	Santa Rosa	2-19-86	Smackover	14,475
Coldwater Creek	Santa Rosa	6-4-88	Smackover	15,400
Mc David	Escambia	6-14-88	Smackover	16,800

Table 2: Oil and Natural Gas Fields of Florida

Source: Lane, 1994)

Table 3: Annual Oil Production by Region and Field

Region	Field (discovery				Oil	1000's k	obls			
	date)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	Sunniland (1943)			10	9	8	9	12	12	7
	West Felda (1966)	284	270	278	282	282	262	240	261	211
	Lake Trafford (1969)	1	1	4	3	1	0	0	<1	1
	Bear Island (1972)	30	85	179	165	139	104	135	122	90
Florida	Lehigh Park (1974)	45	41	23	35	19	32	21	33	32
Fermisula	Mid-Felda (1977)			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Raccoon Point (1978)	746	598	625	630	545	445	428	396	371
	Corkscrew (1985)	23	51	59	47	38	30	30	29	27
	Total	1,129	1,046	1,178	1,171	1,032	881	866	853	739
	Jay (1970)	3,540	3,386	3,107	2,466	2,230	1,948	1,632	1,403	1,245
Florida	Blackjack Creek	208	170	131	1/	0	46	87	104	04
Panhandle	(1972)	200	179	131	-	0	40	07	104	94
	McLellan (1986)	13	14	9	5	U	U	U	<1	U
	Total	3,761	3,579	3,248	2,486	2,230	1,994	1,719	1,504	1,338

Source: FGS, 2008

March 2008 Page 13 3. Explanation of the Kanter corporate entities, the property's chain of ownership, and a statement of property interests.

THE CAROL GROUP



www.precisionabstracts.com

PRECISION ABSTRACTS, LLC

14206 CRAFTSBURY CT Office: (407) 286-3607 Fax: (407) 386-7169

Vantage Point Title Attn Mark Geiger 28100 US 19 N, Suite 200 Clearwater, FL 33761 Date: File Number: County: Reference: August 6, 2014 PA2014-722a Broward M-FL144488

orders@precisionabstracts.com

Dear Customer:

Pursuant to your request, we have searched the public records of Broward County, Florida, from December 31, 1940 at 11:00 PM through July 30, 2014 at 11:00 PM to ascertain the following:

Conveyances/Leases on the following described land to wit:

S 1/2, less FEC R/W, of Section 11, Township 51 South, Range 38 East, Broward County, Florida;

All, less FEC R/W, of Section 14, Township 51 South, Range 38 East, Broward County, Florida;

and

All Section 23, Township 51 South, Range 38 East, Broward County, Florida.

From said search we report those entries as set forth on the following page(s). Copies of instruments, if any, have been attached for your review.

This search does not cover matters other than those recorded in the Official Records Book of the county and does not assure the legality or validity of the referenced instruments.

This search is prepared and furnished to provide only the above information. It is not an opinion of title and may not be used as a title base for the issuance of a title insurance commitment and/or policy, nor should it be used for the preparation of foreclosure proceedings or other litigation. Maximum liability for incorrect information is \$1000.

Prepared this 6th day of August, 2014.

Prepared by: Precision Abstracts, LLC Phone Number: 407-286-3607

1.	CFN #: First Party: Second Party:	1940-213810 Leo Rosen and Miriam Victor J. Tatham and E	<i>TOI:</i> Warranty Deed Rosen and J.O. Saul Earmia A. Tatham	<i>DOF:</i> 12/31/1940
2.	CFN #: First Party: Second Party:	1941-215686 J.O. Saul and Lena Sau Victor J. Tatham and E	<i>TOI:</i> Quit Claim Deed Il Earmia A. Tatham	DOF: 2/18/1941
3.	CFN #: First Party: Second Party:	1944-252991 Clerk of Circuit Court State of Florida	TOI: Tax Deed	DOF: 8/22/1944
4.	CFN #: First Party: Second Party:	1944-256076 State of Florida Board of Commissione	<i>TOI:</i> Deed/Reservations ers of Everglades Drainage Dis	DOF: 10/20/1944 strict
5.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	DB 709/292 Board of Commissione Dallas Investment Co., Earmia A. Tatham	<i>TOI:</i> Quit Claim Deed ers of Everglades Drainage Dis a Florida corporation and Vic	DOF: 10/12/1950 strict ctor J. Tatham and
6.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	DB 783/257 Dallas Investment Co. Victor J. Tatham	<i>TOI:</i> Deed a Florida corporation	DOF: 7/9/1952
7.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	DB 783/259 7/9/1952 Victor J. Tatham and E Shell Oil Company, a I	TOI: Oil, Gas and Mineral Le Carmia A. Tatham Delaware Corp.	ease DOF:
8.	CFN #: First Party: Second Party:	1953-500407 Scott M. Loftin John W Central and South Flor	<i>TOI:</i> Deed V. Martin, as Trustees ida Flood Control District	DOF: 2/25/1953
<i>9</i> .	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 1496/532 Earmia A. Tatham, as I Kendall-Krome Industr	<i>TOI:</i> Deed Executrix of the Estate of Vict rial Park, Inc., a Florida corpo	DOF: 3/24/1959 tor J. Tatham, deceased ration
<i>10</i> .	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 1504/299 Kendall-Krome Industr Allstate Dredge Co., a	<i>TOI:</i> Deed rial Park, Inc., a Florida corpo Florida corporation	DOF: 3/31/1959 ration
11.	Book and Page:	OR 3001/415 4/20/1965	TOI: Oil, Gas and Mineral Lo	ease DOF:
	First Party:	Thomas L. Tatham ind	ividually, and as Administrate	or of the Estate of Victor

File Number: PA2014-722a *Reference:* M-FL144488

	Second Party:	J. Tatham Humble Oil and Refin	ing Company	
<i>12</i> .	Book and Page: First Party:	OR 3187/772 Thomas L. Tatham ind	<i>TOI:</i> Rental Division Order dividually, and as Administrate	DOF: 3/10/1966 or of the Estate of Victor
	Second Party:	Humble Oil & Refinir	ng Company	
13.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 3440/545 Allstate Dredge Co., a Airo Jet Industrial Cit	<i>TOI:</i> Warranty Deed Florida corporation y, Inc., a Florida corporation	DOF: 6/12/1967
14.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 4277/630 Thomas L. Tatham ind Victor J. Tatham, dece Tatham, deceased and Airo-Jet Industrial Cit	TOI: Quit Claim Deed dividually, and as Administrate eased and as Executor of the E Bernice Tatham, wife of Thor y, Inc., a Florida corporation	DOF: 8/12/1970 or CTA of the Estate of state of Earmia A. mas L. Tatham
15.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 6189/30 Airo-Jet Industrial Cit Kanter Corporation of	<i>TOI:</i> Warranty Deed y, Inc., a Florida corporation Florida, a Florida corporation	<i>DOF:</i> 4/1/1975
16.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 6293/928 Airo-Jet Industries, In- Kanter Corporation of	<i>TOI:</i> Warranty Deed c. Florida	DOF: 8/6/1975
17.	Book and Page:	OR 6616/522 6/10/1976	TOI: Corrective Warranty De	eed DOF:
	First Party: Second Party:	Airo-Jet Industrial Cit Kanter Corporation of	y, Inc., a Florida corporation Florida, a Florida corporation	
18.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 6636/484 Airo-Jet Industrial Cit Kanter Corporation of	<i>TOI:</i> Warranty Deed y, Inc., a Florida corporation Florida, a Florida corporation	DOF: 6/29/1976
<i>19</i> .	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 7861/499 Airo-Jet Industrial Cit Kanter Corporation of	<i>TOI:</i> Warranty Deed y, Inc., a Florida corporation Florida, a Florida corporation	<i>DOF:</i> 11/8/1978
20.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 10025/697 Kanter Corporation of George Zuckman	TOI: Warranty Deed Florida, Inc., a Florida corport	DOF: 2/10/1982 ation
21.	Book and Page: First Party: Second Party:	OR 10747/257 The Kanter Corporation The Kanter Corporation	TOI: Warranty Deed on of Florida, a Florida corpora on, an Ohio corporation	DOF: 3/24/1983

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File Number: PA2014-722a *Reference:* M-FL144488

22. Book and Page:	OR 24951/956	TOI: Warranty Deed	DOF: 6/3/1996
First Party:	George Zuckman and I	Ethel Zuckman	
Second Party:	Kanter Corporation of	Florida, Inc., a Florida corpor	ation

23. Book and Page:OR 25163/919TOI: Warranty DeedDOF: 7/22/1996First Party:Kanter Corporation of FloridaSecond Party:Kanter Corporation, Inc., an Ohio corporation

DOCUMENT ID

201511801319



DATE 04/29/2015 DESCRIPTION Conversion Within SOS Records (CVS) FILING EXPED 125 00 0.00 CERT COPY 0.00 0.00

PENALTY

0.00

Receipt

This is not a bill. Please do not remit payment.

THOMPSON HINE LLP ATTN:CAROL R. RUSSELL 41 S. HIGH STREET; #1700 COLUMBUS, OH 43215

STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATE

Ohio Secretary of State, Jon Husted

222697

It is hereby certified that the Secretary of State of Ohio has custody of the business records for

KANTER REAL ESTATE LLC

and, that said business records show the filing and recording of:

Document(s)

Conversion Within SOS Records

CHANGE BUSINESS TYPE DOM. PROFIT LIM. LIAB. CO

Document No(s): 201511801319

Effective Date: 04/23/2015



United States of America State of Ohio Office of the Secretary of State Witness my hand and the seal of the Secretary of State at Columbus, Ohio this 29th day of April, A.D. 2015.

Ohio Secretary of State



Form 700 Prescribed by: JON HUSTED **Ohio Secretary of State**

Central Ohio: (614) 465-3910 Toli Free: (877) SOS-FiLE (767-3453) www.OkioSecretaryor8tate.gov Busserv@ChioSecretaryor8tate.gov Makes checks payable to Ohio Secretary of State

Nall this form to one of the following: Regular Filing (non expedite) P.O. Box 1329 Columbus, OH 43216

Expedia Filmg (Two-business day pri time requires an additional \$100.00). P.O. Box 1390 Columbus, OH 43216

Certificate for Conversion for Entities Converting Within or Off the Records of the Ohio Secretary of State Filing Fee: \$125

(CHECK ONLY ONE (1) BOX)

(1) Converting Within The Records of the Ohio Secretary of State	(2) Converting Off The Records of the Ohlo Secretary of State (187-1/201)
Name of the converting entity The Kanter Corporation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Jurisdiction of Formation Ohio	
Charter/Registration Number 222697	ç. 31
The converting entity is a: (Check Only (1) One Box)	RECI
Domestic Corporation (For-Profit or Nonprofit)	Partnership
Foreign Corporation (For-Profit or Nonprofit)	Domestic Limited Partnership
Domestic Nonprofit Limited Liability Company	Foreign Limited Partnership
Foreign Nonprofit Limited Liability Company	Domestic Limited Liability Partnership
Domestic For-Profit Limited Liability Company	Foreign Limited Lieblity Partnership
Foreign For-Profit Limited Liability Company	
The converting entity hereby states that it has complied will and that those laws commit the conversion	h all laws in the jurisdiction under which it exists

Form 700

Page 1 of 5

Last Revised: 5/14/2014

	Kanter Keal Estate Li	
Jurisdiction of Formation	Ohio	
he converted entity is a:		2. s
heck Only (1) One Box)		(i
Domestic Corporation (For-	Profit)	Partnership
Foreign Corporation (For-Pr	ofit or Nonprofit)	Domestic Limited Partnership
Domestic Nonprofit Limited	Liability Company	Foreign Limited Partnership
Foreign Nonprofit Limited Li	sbility Company	Domestic Limited Liability Partnership
Domestic For-Profit Limited	Liability Company	Foreign Limited Liability Partnership
Foreign For-Profit Limited Li	ability Company	
fective Date	(The conversion is	effective upon the filing of this certificate or on a later date
)ptional)	specified in the cel	rtificate)
ame and address of the person quest.	or entity that will provide	e a copy of the declaration of conversion upon written
Richard E. Helm		
Name		
10050 Innovation Drive. Suit	ta 400	
Mailing Address		
Davton		OH 45342
City		State Zip Code
equired information that mus the converting entity is a dome idress of the statutory egent up	t accompany conversions of the second state of the second se	will not be licensed in Ohlo, provide the name and notice or demand may be served.
equired information that mus the converting entity is a dome idress of the statutory egent up Name of Statutory Agent	t accompany conversions stic or foreign entity that on whom any process, r	on certificate if box 2 is checked will not be licensed in Ohio, provide the name and notice or demand may be served.
equired information that mus the converting entity is a dome idress of the statutory agent up Name of Statutory Agent	t accompany conversi- stic or foreign entity that on whom any process, r	ion certificate if box 2 is checked
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equired information that must the converting entity is a doment idress of the statutory egent up Name of Statutory Agent Mailing Address City	t accompany conversions stic or foreign entity that on whom any process, r	en certificate if box 2 is checked will not be licensed in Ohlo, provide the name and notice or demand may be served. Ohlo Chlo State Zip Code
equired information that must the converting entity is a domen ddress of the statutory egent up Name of Statutory Agent Mailing Address City City es Instructions for additional (1) the conversion creat (2) the converted entity (3) If a domestic corport	t accompany conversions stic or foreign entity that on whom any process, r is a foreign entity that ation or foreign corpo	tity, t desires to transact business in Ohio; or ration licensed in Ohio is the converting entity.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the conversion is authorized on behalf of the converting entity and that each person signing the cartificate of conversion is authorized to do so.

Required Must be signed by an authorized representative.

Signatura

By (if applicable)

John E. Kanter, President

Print Name

Signature

By (If spplicable)

Print Name

Signature

By (if applicable)

Print Name

Form 700

Page 3 of 5

Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Received by the Florida Department of Environ Refer al Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

Complete the	Information	In this	section.
---------------------	-------------	---------	----------

AFFIDAVIT

	The Kr	inter Corporation	
	Nam	of Corporation	
The undersigned, being first duly agencies was advised IN WRIT: acknowledgement by the corpor	/ swom, declares that on ti NG of the scheduled date (ation of the applicability of	te dates indicated below, each of of filing of the Certificate and was the provisions of section 1701.95	the named state governments advised IN WRITING of the of the ORC.
Agency	Date Notified	Agency	Date Notified
Ohio Buneau of Workers' Compensation 30 W. Spring Street Columbus, Ohio 43215	4/20/15	Ohio Job & Family Services Status and Liability Section Date Correspondence Control Fax: 614-752-4811	4/20/15
*Only required for domestic for-p	rofit corporations	Phone: 614-466-2319 Overnight: P.O. Box 162413 Columbus, OH 43218-2413	Regular: P.O. Box 182413 Columbus, OH 43218-2413
Agency Ohio Department of Taxation Taxpayer Services Division/Tax PO Box 182382 Columbus, OH 43218-2382 Dissolution@tax.state.oh.us *Complete this date notified field on a domestic non-profit corporation or	Date Notified	The corporation is no department of taxatio personal property tax	t required to pay or the n has not assessed any

*Note: Domestic for-profit corporations must submit with this filling a Certificate of Tax Clearance issued by the Ohio Department of Texation.

Note: This affidavit must be signed by one or more persons executing the cartificate or by an officer of the corporation.

Signature	Ти ти	le President
John E. Kanter	5 C	
Neme		
2601 S. Bayshore Drive, Sulta 1450		
Malling Address		
Miami		FL 33133
City	5 8	State Zip Code
Acknowledged before managed subscribe	ad in my presence on 4 - 22 - Date	2 05
	Notary Public	Commission Expires [12]26[17] Date
En TAD	Peop 4 of 5	Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Received by the Florida Department of Environ hereital Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

State of MCniland	£1	
county of Balfimone		e. 8
John E. Kanter		
Name of Officar		
Presklent	of	The Kenter Corporation
little of Officer		Name of Corporation
i that this affidavit is made in compliance with Section	n 1701	.86(H)(1) of the Ohio Revised Code.
at above-named corporation: (Check one (1) of the f	allowing	;)
THas no personal property in any county	in Ohio	
Is the type required to pay personal pro	perty tax	kes to state authorities only
Has personal property in the following c	ounty (k	
AA		
Signature:		Title: President
nowledged before me and subscribed in my presen	108 011	Date 4-22-15
Ser V JUSBION CLER		
A ABLIC D		Notary Public
PH ANDER CT		······································
airation date of Notary Public's Commission	- -	
Dat	a 19	-246 [17]
		224
		2/2
		28

Form 700

Page 5 of 5

Lest Revised: 5/14/2014

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)hio

Department of Taxation

Taxpayer Services Division P.O. Box 182382 Columbus, Obio 42218-2382 Phone: 888-405-4039 TTY/TDD: 800-750-0750 http://tax.obio.gov

CERTIFICATE OF TAX CLEARANCE

This certificate certifies that the below stated entity has filed all tax returns and paid in full all taxes and fees administered by the tax commissioner through the certificate issue date indicated below. Additional tax liabilities may be billed and/or assessed at a later date as a result of an examination or audit for any periods ending prior to the date of dissolution.

THE KANTER CORPORATION

Charter: 222697

Certificate issue date: March 24, 2015

Joseph W. Testa Tax Commissioner

Note: This certificate must be filed along with all forms prescribed by the Ohio Secretary of State. For filing information, visit Ohio Secretary of State's web site at *OhioSecretaryofState.gov*.

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			3£	
ise be provk	ied. National and hadre and hadre and reacted and even through these afterways that refere after a harboard and the harboard and a har Arboard and a harboard			
mptions. Co	intact the Ohio Department of Taxation and the Internal Revenue Service to ensure that the comprofit			
ote for Non Secretary of	profit LLCs f State does not grant tax exempt status. Filing with our office is not sufficient to obtain state or federal ta	α		
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A			
L.				
		5	95	
		F		
		PH		
his limited lial Optional)	Bity company shall exist for Period of Existence	P 23		
iptional)	mm/dd/vvvv after films			
Kantikan Data	(The least suickages of the limited tightile secondary basics uses the file-	10	e di	
	Name must include one of the following words or abbreviations: "limited ifability company," "limited," "LLC," "L.LC," "Itd," or "Itd"			
ame of Limite	d Liability Company Kanter Real Estate LLC			
For-Pri (115-LC.	Vit Limited Liability Company Nonprofit Limited Liability Company (115-LCA)			
1) 🔀 Articles	of Organization for Domestic (2) Articles of Organization for Domestic			
HECK ONLY	ONE (1) BOX			
	Limited Liability Company		10	
	Articles of Organization for a Domestic		3	
	www.OhioSecretaryofState.gov Columbus, OH 43216 Busserv@OhioSecretaryofState.gov			
15	Central Ohio: (614) 466-3910 Toll Free: (877) SOS-FILE (767-3453)	ing		
Jon L	JON HUSTED P.O. Box 670 Ohio Secretary of State Columbus, 0H 43216			
	Regular Filing (non expedite)			

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Name of Limited Lis		1
	bility Company	22
hereby appoint the following to be Statutory Agent upon or permitted by statute to be served upon the limited liab address of the agent is	whom any process, notice tilty company may be serve	or demand required d. The name and
C T Corporation System		
Name of Agent		
1300 East Ninth Street		
Mailing Address	4-1 	
Cleveland	Ohio	44114
City	State	ZIP Code
indepined To T Originality Outlow	named	herein as the statutory agent
Indensigned, C T Corporation System	named	herein as the statutory agent
Indersigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name	named	herein as the statutory agent
Indersigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name for Kanter Real Estate LLC Name of Limited Liability Con	named	herein as the statutory agen
Indersigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name for Kanter Real Estate LLC Name of Limited Liability Con	named	herein as the statutory agen
Indensigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name for Kanter Real Estate LLC Name of Limited Liability Con	named	herein as the statutory ageni
Indersigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name for Kanter Real Estate LLC Name of Limited Liability Con by acknowledges and accepts the appointment of agent for tory Agent Signature	named	herein as the statutory ageni
Indersigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name for Kanter Real Estate LLC Name of Limited Liability Con by acknowledges and accepts the appointment of agent for tory Agent Signature	named npany said limited liability compar <u>Kristin Bolden</u> Assistant Secretar ture on Behalf of Business	herein as the statutory agen ly Serving as Agent
Indersigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name for Kanter Real Estate LLC Name of Limited Liability Con by acknowledges and accepts the appointment of agent for tory Agent Signature Individual Agent's Signature / Signa	named npany said limited liability compar <u>Kristin Bolden</u> Assistant Socrotar ture on Behalf of Business	herein as the statutory agen ly Serving as Agent
Indersigned, C T Corporation System Statutory Agent Name for Kanter Real Estate LLC Name of Limited Liability Con by acknowledges and accepts the appointment of agent for tory Agent Signature Individual Agent's Signature / Signa	named npany said limited liability compar <u>Kristin Bolden</u> Assistant Socrotar ture on Behalf of Businesa	herein as the statutory agen by Serving as Agent

Form 533A

Page 2 of 3

Last Revised: 5/14/2014

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.

By signing and submitting this form to the Ohio Secretary of State, the undersigned hereby certifies that he or she has the requisite authority to execute this document.

Required Articles and original appointment of agent must be signed by a member, manager or other representative.

If authorized representative is an individual, then they must sign in the "signature" box and print their name in the "Print Name" box.

If authorized representative is a business entity, not an individual, then please print the business name in the "signature" box, an authorized representative of the business entity must sign in the "By" box and print their name in the "Print Name" box.

10.11	14	
AL Multi	Autorical	Representative
Signatore	/_/	

By (if applicable)

John E. Kanter, Authorized Representative
Print Name

e Signature

By (if applicable)

Print Name

Signature

By (if applicable)

Print Name

Form 533A

Page 3 of 3

Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Received by the Florida Department of Environ released Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15



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OFE 3440 PAGE 545 is Indenture

Made this Thirty-first

day of

HAY , A. D. 1967,

and

President.

Between. ALLSTATE DEEDCE CO. a corporation existing under the laws of the State of Florida having its principal place of business in the County of D a d e State of Florida party of the first part, and

AIRO JET INDUSTRIAL CITY, INC., a Ploride corporation 1040 & W. 27 Class - Masser Fla.

Florida

Dade of the County of and State of part y of the second part,

gained, sold, aliened, remised, released, conveyed and confirmed, and by these presents doth grant, bargain, sell, alien, remise, release, convey and confirm unto the said party of the second part, and its successors being and assigns forever, all that certain parcel of land lying and being in the County of powers, and State of Florida, marking and being in the County of

BROWARD and State of Florida, more particularly described as follows: All West of Canal less FEC R/w Sec. 2, Twp. 50-S, Rge 37-E; All, less FEC R/w Sec. 3, Twp. 50-S, Rge 37-E; All Sec. 4, 5, 9 and 10, Twp. 50-S, Rge 37-E; All West of Canal less F.EC R/w Sec. 11, Twp. 50-S, Rge 37-E; All West of Canal, less FEC R/w Sec. 12, Twp. 50-S, Rge 37-E; All Mest of Canal less FEC R/w Sec. 13, Twp. 50-S, Rge 37-E; All of Sec. 14, 15, 23, 24, 25 and 36 Twp, 50-S, Rge 37-E; All West of Canal Sec. 19, Twp. 50-5, Rge 38-K; All Kest of Canal Sec. 19, Twp. 50-S, Rge 38-E; Horth 1/2 Sec. 28 and 29, Twp. 50-S, Rge 38-E; North 1/2 Sec. 30, Kest of Canal, less FEC R/w Twp. 50-S, Rge 38-E; North 1/2 Sec. 30 West of Canal less FEC R/w Twp. 50-C, Rge 38-E; South 1/2 Sec. 7 8, 9 and 10 Twp51-S, Rge 38-E; South 1/2 Sec. 11 Less FEC R/w Twp. 50-S, Rge 38-E;

South 1/2 Sec. 7, 8, 9 and 10, Twp51-S, Rge 38-E; Sauth 1/2 Sec.11, less FEC R/#Twp.51-S,Rge 38-E; All of Sec.14, less FEC R/# Twp.51-S,Rge 38-E; All of Sec. 15, 16, 17,: 18,: 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 Twp.51-S,Rge 38-E; North 1/2 Sec. 26, 27, 28 and 29, Two.51-S,Rge 38-E; and the North 1/2 Sec. 30, less FEC R/# Twp.51-S,Rge 38-E, comprising oof approximately 20,000 Acres, more or less.

This deal is given subject to a wortgage.

Subject to an easement granted Central & Southern static Flood Control Dis-trict, recorded in Book 711, page 282, ALSO subject to a lease recorded i Book 3001, p age 415 of the public records of BROWARD COUNTY, Florida.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD AND AGREED THAT THOMAS L. TATHAM RETAINS AN INTEREST IN THE ABOVE DESCRIBED PROPERTY AND THAT NO CONVEYANCE OR ENCOMBRANCE PLACED ON THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED HEREIN, SHALL HE EFFECTIVE WITHOUT THE JOINER OF THOMAS L. TATHAM, SECTY OF AIRO JET INDUSTRIAL CITY, INC., OR Q.C. DEED IS FORTHCOMING FROM THOMAS L. TATHAM UPON PAYMENT OF A SUM CER-TAID. TOGETHET with all the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances, with

every privilege, right, title, interest and estate, reversion, remainder and easement thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining:

To Have and to Hold the same in fee simple forever.

And the said party of the first part doth covenant with the said part of the second part that it is lawfully seized of the said premises; that they are free of all incumbrances, and that it has good right and lawful authority to sell the sames and the said party of the first part does hereby fully warrant the title to said Tand, and will defend the same against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever.

In Witness Whercof, the soid party of the first part has caused these presents to be signed in its name by its President, and its corporate seal to be affixed, attested by its (Corporate the day and year above written See. ALISTATE DREDOR CO

sd and Delivered in Our Presence :

Received by the Florida Departme

\$ 12

10/16/15 gram on



Received by the Flonda Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

DOCUMENT ID

201511801319



DATE 04/29/2015 DESCRIPTION Conversion Within SOS Records (CVS)

FILING EXPED 125.00 0.00 PENALTY

0.00

CERT

0.00

COPY 0.00

Receipt

This is not a bill. Please do not remit payment.

THOMPSON HINE LLP ATTN:CAROL R. RUSSELL 41 S. HIGH STREET; #1700 COLUMBUS, OH 43215





Form 700 Prescribed by: JON HUSTED Ohio Secretary of State

Central Ohio: (614) 466-3910 Toll Free: (877) SOS-FILE (767-3453) www.OhioSecretaryofState.gov Busserv@OhioSecretaryofState.gov

lakes	CNECKE	payabie		Secretary	OT STATA
M	all this f	orm to o	ne of the	a following	

Regular Filing (non expedite) P.O. Box 1329 Columbus, OH 43216

Expedite Filing (Two-business day processing time requires an additional \$100.00). P.O. Box 1390 Columbus, OH 43216

Certificate for Conversion for Entities Converting Within or Off the Records of the Ohio Secretary of State Filing Fee: \$125

(CHECK ONLY ONE (1) BOX)

(1) 😰 Converting <u>Within</u> Th Secretary of State	e Records of the Ohio	(2) Converting Off The Records of the Ohio Secretary of State (187-VXX)
Name of the converting entity	The Kanter Corporation	
Jurisdiction of Formation	Ohio	
Charter/Registration Number	222697	
The converting entity is a: (Check Only (1) One Box)		REC CLIENT SI
Domestic Corporation (For-F	rofit or Nonprofit)	Partnership
Foreign Corporation (For-Pro	ofit or Nonprofit)	Domestic Limited Partnership
Domestic Nonprofit Limited L	iability Company	Foreign Limited Partnership
Foreign Nonprofit Limited Lia	ability Company	Domestic Limited Liability Partnership
Domestic For-Profit Limited I	Liability Company	Foreign Limited Liability Partnership
Foreign For-Profit Limited Lia	ability Company	
The converting entity hereby state and that those laws permit the co	es that it has complied with a nversion.	all laws in the jurisdiction under which it exists

Form 700

Page 1 of 5

Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Name of the converted entity	Kanter Real Estate LL	C	a ta an
Jurisdiction of Formation	Ohio		
he converted entity is a: Check Oniy (1) One Box)			
Domestic Corporation (For-P	'rofit)	Partnership	
Foreign Corporation (For-Pro	ofit or Nonprofit)	Domestic Limited Partner	rship
Domestic Nonprofit Limited L	iability Company	Foreign Limited Partnersi	hip
Foreign Nonprofit Limited Lia	ibility Company	Domestic Limited Liability	/ Partnership
Domestic For-Profit Limited I	Liability Company	Foreign Limited Liability F	Partnership
Foreign For-Profit Limited Lia	ability Company		
iffective Date	(The conversion is a specified in the cert	effective upon the filing of this certificat tificate)	te or on a later date
equest.	or entity that will provide		
Richard E. Helm		and and a state of the state of t	
Name			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10050 Innovation Drive, Suite	e 400	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>
Mailing Address	and sendering since it is the statement of the sense		
Dayton		ОН	45342
City		State	
the converting entity is a domes ddress of the statutory agent up Name of Statutory Agent	tic or foreign entity that to whom any process, n	will not be licensed in Ohio, providuotice or demand may be served.	ie the name and
Mailing Address	yı, 18 milli yışının anı 18 milli yışışı yı 19 mi lli yışını		
	·····	Ohio	
		windowe with the second s	Zip Code
City		State	
City		State	
City		State	
City See instructions for additional (1) the conversion creat (2) the conversion creat (3) if a domestic corpor	filing requirements if tes a new domestic en is a foreign entity that ation or foreign corpor	State tity, desires to transact business in ration licensed in Ohio is the co	Ohio; or nverting entity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the conversion is authorized on behalf of the converting entity and that each person signing the certificate of conversion is authorized to do so.

Required

Must be signed by an authorized representative.

	1 11	
1	of the	
1 TA	W KALL	
Signature /		

By (if applicable)

John E. Kanter, President

Print Name

Signature

By (If applicable)

Print Name

Signature		
·····		
By (if applicable)		
	<u> </u>	 i
Print Name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Form 700

Page 3 of 5

Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Complete the information in this section.

AFFIDAVIT In lieu of dissolution releases from various governmental authorities.

The Kanter Corporation
Name of Corporation
The undersigned, being first duly sworn, declares that on the dates indicated below, each of the named state governmental
agencies was advised IN WRITING of the scheduled date of filing of the Certificate and was advised IN WRITING of the
acknowledgement by the comparation of the applicability of the provisions of section 1701.95 of the ORC.

Agency	Date Notified	Agency	Date Notified
Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation 30 W. Spring Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 *Only required for domestic for-pro	$\frac{1}{20}$	Ohio Job & Family ServicesStatus and Liability SectionData Correspondence ControlFax:614-752-4811Phone:614-466-2319Overnight:P.O. Box 182413Columbus, OH 43218-2413	<u>4</u> <u>20</u> <u>15</u> Regular: P.O. Box 182413 Columbus, OH 43218-2413
Agency Ohio Department of Taxation Taxpayer Services Division/Tax R PO Box 182382 Columbus, OH 43218-2382 Dissolution@tax.state.oh.us *Complete this date notified field only a domestic non-profit corporation or fr [see* note below]	Date Notified	The corporation is no include the corporation is no include to the corporation is no include to the corporation is no personal property tax	t required to pay or the In has not assessed any

*Note: Domestic for-profit corporations must submit with this filing a Certificate of Tax Clearance issued by the Ohio Department of Taxation.

Note: This affidavit must be signed by one or more persons executing the certificate or by an officer of the corporation.

Signature	Katu	Title President	L
John E. Kanter			
Name		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	40000000000000000000000000000000000000
2601 S. Bayshore Drive, Suite	1450	5	
Mailing Address			
Miami	an a	FL	33133
City	and and an	State 2	Zip Code
Acknowledged before me and su	bscribed in my presence on Date	- 72-905	
Seal	Notary Public	Commissi Expires	on 122617 Date
Form 700	Page 4 of 5		Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Page 5 Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15 AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

State of Manyland			
County of Baltimone			
John E. Kanter Name of Officer			
President Title of Officer	of	The Kanter Corporation Name of Corporation	
and that this affidavit is made in compliance	with Section 170	1.86(H)(1) of the Ohio	Revised Code.
That above-named corporation: (Check one	a (1) of the followin any county in Ohio	g)	
Is the type required to pay of	ersonal property ta	exes to state authorities only	
	following county ((les)	
Signature: All 2. Hulle		Title: President	
Acknowledged before me and subscribed in	n my presence on	Date 4.22.15	
		Notary Public]
Expiration date of Notary Public's Commissi	ion Date	2/24/17	
,			
Form 700	Pag	e 5 of 5	Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Page 6 Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15 **hio** Department of Taxation

 Taxpayer Services Division

 P.O. Box 182382

 Columbus, Ohio 43218-2382

 Phone: 888-405-4039

 TTY/TDD: 800-750-0750

 http://tax.ohio.gov

<u>CERTIFICATE OF TAX CLEARANCE</u>

This certificate certifies that the below stated entity has filed all tax returns and paid in full all taxes and fees administered by the tax commissioner through the certificate issue date indicated below. Additional tax liabilities may be billed and/or assessed at a later date as a result of an examination or audit for any periods ending prior to the date of dissolution.

THE KANTER CORPORATION

Charter: 222697

Certificate issue date: March 24, 2015

1_2

Joseph W. Testa Tax Commissioner

Note: This certificate must be filed along with all forms prescribed by the Ohio Secretary of State. For filing information, visit Ohio Secretary of State's web site at *OhioSecretaryofState.gov*.

Jon Hust	Form 533A Prescribed by: Ohio Secretary of State JON HUSTED Ohio Secretary of Stat Central Ohio: (614) 466-3910 Toll Free: (877) SOS-FILE (767- www.OhioSecretaryofState.gov Busserv@OhioSecretaryofState.gov	te Colum 3453) P.O. B Colum Exped time r Colum	form to one of the following: ar Filing (non expedite) 30x 670 Ibus, OH 43216 lite Filing (Two-business day process equires an additional \$100.00). 30x 1390 Ibus, OH 43216	sing
	Articles of Organiza Limited Liabi Filing F	ation for a Dome ility Company ^{Fee: \$125}	estic	
1) X Articles of Organ For-Profit Limitec (115-LCA)	ization for Domestic I Liability Company	(2) Articles of C Nonprofit L (115-LCA)	Organization for Domestic imited Liability Company	
Name of Limited Liability Name mus	Company Kanter Real Estate LLC t include one of the following words or abbrev	viations: "limited liability company,"	"limited," "LLC," "L.L.C.," "ltd., "or "ltd	r
Effective Date (Optional) mm/dd/y This limited liability comp (Optional) Purpose (Optional)	(The legal existence of the articles or on a after filing) wany shall exist for Period of Existe	of the limited liability compa a later date specified that is nce	any begins upon the filing not more than ninety days	APR 23 PM 4:00
Note for Nonprofit LLC he Secretary of State do xemptions. Contact the nited liability company s lause be provided.	Cs les not grant tax exempt status. Filin Ohio Department of Taxation and th ecures the proper state and federal t	g with our office is not suffic le Internal Revenue Service tax exemptions. These ager	ient to obtain state or federal ta to ensure that the nonprofit ncies may require that a purpos	ax se
				1

	ORIGINAL APP	OINTMENT C	F AGENT		
The undersigned auth	orized member(s), manager((s) or representative	e(s) of		
	Kanter	Real Estate LLC]
	Name of Limite	ed Liability Compar	iy -		
hereby appoint the foll or permitted by statute address of the agent is	lowing to be Statutory Agent to be served upon the limite s	upon whom any pr ed liability company	ocess, notice or may be served.	demand required The name and	
C T Corporation System	teen daar kanaan ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ah				
Name of Agent					
1300 East Ninth Street					
Mailing Address		······································			
Cleveland	ana ana kanang manang sana ang dapanakaka kana dapan sa galadapanakan na manakan sa sa		Ohio	44114	1
City	ACCEPTANC	E OF APPOI	State	ZIP Code	
City undersigned, CTCorpo	ACCEPTANC ration System	E OF APPOI	State	ZIP Code	ry agent
City undersigned, C T Corpor	ACCEPTANC ration System Statutory Agent Na		State	ZIP Code	ry agent
City undersigned, C T Corpor for Kanter Re	ACCEPTANC ration System Statutory Agent Na eal Estate LLC Name of Limited Liabilit	E OF APPOIN	State	ZIP Code	ry agent
City undersigned, C T Corpor for Kanter Re eby acknowledges and acc utory Agent Signature	ACCEPTANC ration System Statutory Agent Na eal Estate LLC Name of Limited Liabilit cepts the appointment of age	E OF APPOIN me ty Company ent for said limited li <u>Kristin</u> Assistant Signature on Beha	State State ITMENT named he ability company Bolden Secretary for Business Se	ZIP Code	ry agent
City undersigned, CTCorpor for Kanter Re eby acknowledges and acc utory Agent Signature	ACCEPTANC ration System Statutory Agent Na eal Estate LLC Name of Limited Liabilit cepts the appointment of age	E OF APPOIN ime ty Company ent for said limited li Kristin Assistant Signature on Beha	State State ITMENT named he ability company Bolden Secretary fof Business Se	ZIP Code	ry agent
City undersigned, CTCorpor for Kanter Re eby acknowledges and acc utory Agent Signature	ACCEPTANC ration System Statutory Agent Na eal Estate LLC Name of Limited Liabilit cepts the appointment of age KMT BLU ndividual Agent's Signature /	E OF APPOIN me ty Company ent for said limited li <u>Kristin</u> Assistant Signature on Beha	State State ITMENT named he ability company Bolden Secretary if of Business Se	ZIP Code	ny agent
City undersigned, C T Corpor for Kanter R eby acknowledges and acc utory Agent Signature	ACCEPTANC ration System Statutory Agent Na eal Estate LLC Name of Limited Liabilit cepts the appointment of age	E OF APPOIN me ty Company ent for said limited li <u>Kristin</u> Assistant Signature on Behal	State State ITMENT named he ability company Bolden Secretary f of Business Se	ZIP Code	ry agent

Form 533A

Page 2 of 3

Last Revised: 5/14/2014

Doc ID -->

201511801319

By signing and submitting this form to the Ohio Secretary of State, the undersigned hereby certifies that he or she has the requisite authority to execute this document.

Required

Articles and original appointment of agent must be signed by a member, manager or other representative.

If authorized representative is an individual, then they must sign in the "signature" box and print their name in the "Print Name" box.

If authorized representative is a business entity, not an individual, then please print the business name in the "signature" box, an authorized representative of the business entity must sign in the "By" box and print their name in the "Print Name" box.

At Kullo, Authorited hipsed	tetive
Signature	

By (if applicable)

John E. Kanter, Authorized Representative Р

Print Name			
	 	-	
Signature			
By (if applicable)	 		
Print Name			
Signature			

By (if applicable)

Print Name

Form 533A

Page 3 of 3

Last Revised: 5/14/2014



rogram on 10/16/15

IN V has caused xbfTXXZ by Directors, and Agl Signed Just	VITNESS V is corpora Fred II. itis Ist ity three (and acknowl wellow (Wellow	VHER le nam Adler Tren 1963). ledged i Marks	BOF, i to be nerer di in pres	the said e hereum ay of ence of s	Th to si heran	o Kanto abscribed , its ' anto duly March THE Ed Fyod H Fyod H R. R.	Corp Zavas Alco-F antha i Nicon Adl Hildes	orat MXXX ren1. mixed in the competition or, V	ton of by result year A wear too Tec-Pr	FJorida (Xeen Xeen and R. T shution o 1.D. nind (D. rind (D. rind (Set.) (C. rind (Set.) (C. rind (Set.) (C. rind) (Set.) (C. rind) (Set.) (C. rind) (Set.)(y granta (YXX) Awyyny 7. Wilderman 9 its Board o Sicen hundred WZOA	r, exx ch i
THE STATE	OF OILD	That on	this	COU	N J'Y	OF HAM	LTON					
of one Lord, an and for such Co and for such Co and for and on water name is succured, sold an ion of sold far and voluntary of Thile Inst.rn Frad H. Ad	no thousand nin muty and sister, subscribed to a behalf of eath i utriment, by au- triment is there i and deed of a coment preper lax (Jm) Meconomic F.	 hundres personally which which exportion which we have and add corporated state corporated by the second by a Ba the second by <l< td=""><td>a and a apparent opparent oppa</td><td>elghty-i ed Sancor (d the foreg eledged the eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with or the wet toom book reason reason so day too</td><td>thre Fr. R. Corpolat : signil tors, a deed, and p 1</td><td>c (196 ed H. Ac B. Wile oration and and acc dbox Junxa and an behal hhele free ac wrpoles in a N TESTIM Say year Nor Shu</td><td>13), b 11 cr, 10 rmn r 10 rmn r</td><td>store n b, Tri or tele thomsal sold se sold se corpor tel as s the se the set the se</td><td>the second secon</td><td>brenber, a r , r , r , r , r , r , r , r ,</td><td>Notary Public in Vice-President, Statistical the corporation, core respectively, independent of the statistical set of the statistical set of the set of t</td><td>AND CARL</td></l<>	a and a apparent opparent oppa	elghty-i ed Sancor (d the foreg eledged the eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with eknfored with or the wet toom book reason reason so day too	thre Fr. R. Corpolat : signil tors, a deed, and p 1	c (196 ed H. Ac B. Wile oration and and acc dbox Junxa and an behal hhele free ac wrpoles in a N TESTIM Say year Nor Shu	13), b 11 cr, 10 rmn r 10 rmn r	store n b, Tri or tele thomsal sold se sold se corpor tel as s the se the set the se	the second secon	brenber, a r , r , r , r , r , r , r , r ,	Notary Public in Vice-President, Statistical the corporation, core respectively, independent of the statistical set of the statistical set of the set of t	AND CARL
Darrenty Deed	Fram. Fram. IE KANTER COLFORATION OF	ŗ.	HE KANTER OURDRATION	red 19	County Aunlitor.	GF COUNTY, 15 d for record on the day	19 ° E	i k	Book No. Page	County Recorder.	D (Carporate Read	SEE 10747FG 25
() () () () () () () () () () () () () (and PLO		III.	Transferre		NTATE O Presented	4	Recented	in Dired Bo		R. Ton .20	

grogram on 10/16/15

ment of Environment

FROM COMPORATION TO COMPORATION	RANCO FORM 35%	
5- 75751 Marranty Deed		
This Indenture. Node, this 16 th day of April	. A. D. 1975 .	
HETWEEN AIRO-JET INDUSTRIAL CITY, INC.	 Astrony 	
n a state a state playida	. & corporation	13
stating under the laws of the State of F101104	, having its principal place of	1
business in the County of Dade and State	of Florida	13
and faufully authorized to transact business in the State of Florida, CANTER CORPORATION OF FLORIDA, whose address is: 4700 Biscayne Bouleyard, Mia a corporation existing under the laws of the State of Florida	mi, Florida, . having its	
principal place of business in the County of Dade and State	of Florida ,	V
and lawfully authorized to transact business in the State of Florida, party of	if the second part,	
WITNESSETH: That the mid party of the first part, for and in EN (\$10.00) and other good and valuable conside:	consideration of the sum of Bollars	
to it in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt wh	ereof is hereby schooledged,	
has granted, bargained and sold to the said party of the second part, its	nuccessors and assigns forever.	
he following described land situate, lying and being in the County of	Broward	
and State of Florida, to-suit:		
The East one-half (1/2) of Section 23, South 211 acres of the East 1/2 of Sec in Township 51 South, Range 38 East, B County, Florida.	and the tion 14, roward	
SUBJECT TO:		
 Taxes for the year 1975 and subseq years; and 	ruent	
Easements, restrictions, and dedic of record.	ation	
	TARY STAMP TAX	
and a second sec		
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a a channel and the second second	07	•
	10	
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	PAG	
And the said party of the first part does hereby fully warrant the title t	o mid land, and will defend the	
ame against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever.	30	
This Instrument prepared by:		1

3%

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

and, souled and delivered in the presence of us:	By L	O-JET Oli	INDUSTRI	President.	<u>NC</u> .
quanta operate					
tute of Partica, OHIO	}				
ounty of XXXEDER HAMILTON	1				
I Hereby Certify, that on this 16th	day	of 1	April		
D. 1975 , before me personally appeared R.	E. Wilder	muth			1.5
d John S. Durkin		Pres	achi and Section	n under the level	to v
IRO-JET INDUSTRIAL CITY, INC.	to me be	non in h	e the porene	he signed the f	0.00
e State of FLOFICA ong instrument as such officers and severally ackn we as such officers for the uses and purposes the al seal of said corporation, and that the said instr	nocledged th rein mentum ument is the	e executioned and act and	ion thereof to b that they affix deed of said co	e their free act ed thereto the poration.	and offic
Bitness my hand and official seal at Cinct	innati,			1.44	
the County of Hamilton	and State o	NR1	anddax Ohio	Sautz	1. S
e day and year last aforesaid.	m			I. I	9:
RECORDED IN THE DEFICIAL RECORDS BOOK DE BROWARD LOUNTY, FLUSIDA R. R. KAUTH COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR	NOT	ARY P	UBLIC / Sta EX OhioMARG Netary Pa	ARET J. KARN	IES
		H H	My Commis	Mion Dupines Mov. 20,	1978
		ate		ROH	
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DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX HUNTER T	
WARRANTY DECO	1
B.C. The survey of the second	
75-141159 Warranig 2000	
This Indenture, Mach. das 28th day of Jaly, . A.D. 1975 .	
Retween AIRO-JET INDUSTRIES, INC., . a corporation	
existing under the laws of the State of Florida . having its principal place of business in the County of Dade . and State of Florida . and	
ANTER CORPORATION OF FLORIDA 4700 Biscayne Boulevard Miami, Florida, 33137 of the County of Dade and State of Florida	
part y of the would pur Mitnessetly:	d (= 0)
That the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of	
to W m hand paid by the and pan gif the acoust pan, the recept whereof is hereby acknowledged has granted, bargamest and sold to the and pany of the acoust pan, its here and asygns forewer, the following described fand structe. Lying and being in the County of Broward and State of Florida, to-wite	
South one-half (1/2) of Section 11, less FEC R/W,	1.
Township 51 South, Range 38 East;	a)
East one-half (1/2) of Section 14, less FEC R/W Township 51 South, Range 38 East, and	AS .
The North 186.99 acres of the West one-half (W 1/2) of Section 14, less FEC R/W, Township 51 South, Range 38 East, all located in Broward County, Florida	6 PM
SUBJECT TO: (1) Taxes for the year 1975 and subsequent years; (2) Easements, restrictions and dedications of record.	ບ
And the sud-party of the fust pair does bereby fully warrant the tule to said land, and will defend the sum against the lawful climus of all presents whomever.	
In Illitness Illiperof, the said party of the fint	
Auch: Free H. Caller of by as sensary, the day and war above written.	
Surday AIRO-JET INDUSTRIES, INC.	
Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of us: Mellelento	
John Wegen R. E. WILDERMUTHTIME	
State of States, OHIO:	
County of HAMILTON	4 38
I Hereby Certify that on this 28th day of	25 Fi
A.D. 19 75. before an personally appeared R. E. WILDERMUTH and FRED H. ADLER AIRO-JET INDUSTRIES, INC a corporation under the laws of	5293 p
The State of FIOFICA to me known to be the persons who signed the foregoing instrument as such officers and secrally acknowledged the execution thereof to be their free act and deed as such officers for the uses and purpose therein mentioned and that they affixed there to the official seal of said corporate	AGE 9 2
non, and that the said instrument is the act and deal of and corporation.	. 00
All Hirrss my agnature and official soil al Cincinnati, Ohio	1.10
the day and year last aforcaid.	
My commission was present by IV arganet (1 Karnes)	
3501 Directoria 2001 event Miurni, Florida 20137, My Conmission Explicit, Nov. 20, 19787 Public, States of Montex, My Conmission Explicit Nov. 20, 19787 Public, States of Montex, Ollio	116
Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection	's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

WARRENTY DESD 11754 SUBPLIANION TO ROSPOR	141074	man at	рамсо гоям 23%		
a data data da	CORREC	TIVE			
6 108262	warranty	veed			
This Indenture	. Moder this 218t day of	May	. 4. 1. 1976 .		
BETWEEN AIRO-	IET INDUSTRIAL CITY, IN	NC.,			
			, a corpatotion		
existing under the laws of	of the Since of Florida	, her	ing its principal place of		
business in the Course o	l Dade	and Since of	Florida .	2	
and lanjudly authorize RANTER COM Plorida 31137	d to transact husiness in the Sta PORATION OF FLORIDA, 470 sider the laws of the State of	ue of Florido, peny 00 Biscayne Bly Florida	of the first part, and cl., MiamL, 		
principet place of busin	ess in the Conner of Darlo	and State of	Florida		
and las fully outhorized	to trans t business in the State of	Florida, party of the s	would part.	16	
WITNESSETH- TI	has the ware party of the first p	ext, for and in consid	cranon of the sum of	Ally .	
Ten Dollars & c	other good and valuable	o consideration	8 Doilars	10	
to it in hand prid by	the said party of the second par	t, the screipt schercol	s hereby acknowledged.	2	
has granted, bargained	and sold to the said party of the	ercond part, its succes	ers and assigns forever,	~	1
the following described	tund setuate. Wing and being in th	he County of Brow	ard	#	1
	and State of Florale, toseit:				1
South one-half South, Range 36	(1/3) of Section 11, 1 East;	leas FRC R/W; 1	ownship 51		
East one-half Rango 38 East,	(1/2) of Section 14, le and	CBB FEC R/W, To	wnship 51 South,		
The North 186.9 Icas FEC R/W, 1 Broward County,	09 acros of the West of Township 51 South, Pang Plorida.	ne-half (W 1/2) ge 38 East, all	of Section 14, located in		
SUBJECT TO: (1) Taxes for the year) Easemonts, restrict	1975 and subsc Lions and dodle	quent years: etions of record	1	
This Corrective Berivener's err 1975, in favor under Clock'r F page 928, of th	beed has been execute for in that certain War of the Kanter Corporat file No. 75-141159. At he Public Records of Ba	ed and delivered cranty Deed dat tion of Fiorida Official Recor roward County,	d to correct a od July 28, , recorded ds Book 6293, Flocida.		
				70	
				DTI 1	
STATE OF F	LICRIPA	i pinghang	1 Data and GAW 25-	66	*) *)
ELPI. DI PL'INA AL	2=00.301 3	S S FLORA	A SUR IIX	16	
- Inte Vind	·	KARAN IN	VI-UUSSE	PAG.	
		une en e	94 . A. 4	50	
And the mirt party o	of the first part dees hereby fully w	werant the sitle to said t	and, and will defend the	19	
same against the lawful a	taines of all persons whomeness.				6-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-
This Instanced prevares	hy: Richard Im Brickman	21 x 10		1	ž.
Addas 3501 Riscau	ne Blvd., Miami, Fla. 3313	2		14	

					1
In Wittens Wheten, the sold party of the	r first part has rau al to be affired, an	und three p resided by its	sceret,	to be signed ary. the day,	and .
your above willion PHORI	AIGO-JET	INDUSTRIA	<u>k cit</u>	- INC	-h
Allow: Pred H. Adler Servicery.	R. E. HIL	derenteh.		Predudent.	EAL
ngera, search and detterrent in the presence of the				1	5
A	1 ·				and and
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Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Dil & Cas Program on 10/16/15



Gas Program on 10/16/15

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RAMCO FORM 35% WARRANTY DEED Warranty Deed 78-292124 This Indenture, Made, this A. D. 10 78. day of October RETWEEN AIRO-JET INDUSTRIAL CITY, INC. a corporation at 1132 West Kemper Road, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45240 existing under the laws of the State of and State-of business in the County of und lawfully authorized to transact business in the State of Florida, party of the first part, and THE KANTER CORPORATION OF FLORIDA a corporation existing under the laws of the State of Florida at 1132 West Kemper Road, Cincinnati, Ohio, 15240 50 and State of principal place of business in the Guanty of and lawfully authorized to transact business in the State of Florida, party of the zecond part, co WITNESSETII: That the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of P 5 to it in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, N has granted, bargained and sold to the said party of the second part, its successors and assigns forever, the following described land situate, lying and being in the County of Broward and State of Florida, to wit: All of Section 15, Township 51 South, Range 38 East, Broward County, ÷ Florida, AND All of the acreage that has heretofore not been conveyed in Soction 14 Township 51 South, Range 38 East (approximately 129.10 acres) the in-tent being that all of said Section 14, Township 51 South, Range 38 East is hereby and heretofore being conveyed by the grantor herein to the named grantee. Subject to: Easements, conditions, restrictions, limitations, reservations, if any, of record. CIE . 1-173 And the said party of the first part does hereby fully warrant the title to said land, and will defend the same against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever. This Instrument Was Prepared By: This Instrument prepared by: MILLICENT PELLE, ESQ. LEVINE, RECKSON & REED, P.

3501 Biscayne Boulevard Miami, Florida 33137

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Address

573-5500 he Florida Department of Environmenta ogram on 10/16/15

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eceived by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

4.1 Location plat with mineral rights statement

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

THE CAROL GROUP



4.2(a) Plat using state plane coordinates

THE CAROL GROUP

NOTES:

[1] This is a new description.

[2] This boundary survey is to describe and stake out a 5.00 acre pad to support the location for a proposed well in the unsurveyed portion of the Everglades estimated to be within the northwest 1/4 of Section 23, Township 51 South, Range 38 East, Broward County, Florida. [3] No search of the public records has been made by this office as to the vested ownership of this property. A search of the Broward County Property Appraiser's web site does not cover this land as

indicating the taxable owner. [4] This section was never surveyed by neither the Government Land Office nor the State of Florida. Sections lines shown hereon were scaled from the SFWMD L-67A R/W map and are not to be considered

as correct without a sectional survey. [5] The bearings and distances referred to are grid U.S. Survey feet, Florida State Plane Coordinate System (FSPCS), East Zone, North American Datum of 1983 with the 2011 adjustment (NAD '83 2011). The bearing reference is a line from the found stainless steel rod identified as NGS point number FLGPS 68 to the found Corps of Engineers monument number FCE 1956 as being N34°38'52"E. The National

Geodetic Survey monument designated as FLGPS 68 PID number AC4655 has a coordinate value of 593,190.53 feet north and 805,639.25 feet east as published in their data sheet retrieved August 12, 2014. [6] All corners set are a 1" steel pipe with cap and brass disc stamped LB8003 unless otherwise indicated.

[7] The background image is the Mr. SID 2005 LABINS aerials.[8] SFWMD is the abbreviation for South Florida Water Management District

[9] R/W is the abbreviation for right of way.

DESCRIPTION OF 5 ACRE TRACT

A 5.0 acre parcel of land believed to be lying in the northwest 1/4 of the northwest 1/4 of un-surveyed Section 23, Township 51 South, Range 38 East, Broward County, Florida described as follows;

COMMENCING at a found NGS (National Geodetic Survey) 5/8" stainless steel rod accessed through a 5" aluminum logo cap stamped FLGPS 68 being further identified as PID AC4655 and having the NGS published data values of 593,190.53 feet north and 805,639.25 feet east, NAD '83 (North American Datum of 1983) 2011 adjustment and adjusted in June 2012; Thence run N34*38'52"E a distance of 12,727.51 feet to a found 6" steel pipe filled with concrete and having a COE (US Army Corps of Engineers) brass disk identified as FCE 1956 with state plane coordinate values of 603,660.96 feet north and 812,875.24 feet east; Thence S55°56'18"E a distance of 6.52 feet to the southeasterly L-67A right of way; Thence N34°03'42"E along said right of way a distance of 2,064.96 feet to a set 1" steel pipe with a brass disc stamped LB8003 for the POINT OF BEGINNING having a northing of

605,368.00 feet and an easting of 814,037.19 feet. From the POINT OF BEGINNING continue N34°03'42"E along said L-67A right of way a distance of 466.69 feet to a set 1" steel pipe with a brass disc stamped LB8003; Thence S55°56'18"E a distance of 466.69 feet to a set 1" steel pipe with a brass disc stamped LB8003;

Thence S34°03'42"W a distance of 466.69 feet to a set 1" steel pipe with a brass disc stamped LB8003;

Thence N55°56'18"W a distance of 466.69 feet to the POINT OF BEGINNING.

The bearings and distances referred to are grid U.S. Survey feet, Florida State Plane Coordinate System (FSPCS), East Zone, North American Datum of 1983 with the 2011 adjustment (NAD '83 2011). The bearing reference is a line from the found stainless steel rod identified as NGS point number FLGPS 68 to the found Corps of Engineers monument number FCE 1956 as being N34°38'52"E. The National Geodetic Survey monument designated as FLGPS 68 PID number AC4655 having a coordinate value of 593,190.53 feet north and 805,639.25 feet east as published in their data sheet retrieved August 12, 2014.

The majority of this Township has never been surveyed by neither the U.S. Government Land Office nor the State of Florida. The sectional information is based on the scaled locations of the section lines as drawn and shown on the Central and Southern Florida Flood Control District (now South Florida Water Management District) Levee L-67A Right-of-Way and TOPO Map, Drawing Number L-67A-1, Sheet 3 of 3, dated 10-5-60, with latest revision date 4-13-66. No determination can be made as to the accuracy of this sectional information without an original survey of the township and sections within.

SURVEY FOR AND CERTIFIED TO: Kanter Real Estate LLC 2601 Bayshore Drive Suite 1450 Miami, FL 33133

By: Howard For the firm: Orvell Howard, LS2867 THE CAROL GROUP INC., LB8003 208 Dal Hall Boulevard Lake Plactid, FL 33852

Unless it bears the signature and the original raised seal of a Florida licensed surveyor and mapper this drawing, sketch, plat or map is for informational purposes only and is not valid. Copyright © 2015 by THE CAROL GROUP, INC.

POINT OF COMMENCEMENT FLGPS 68-5/8" stainless steel rod

Northing: 593,190.53' Easting: 805,639.25'



4.2(b) Plat with topographic information

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

THE CAROL GROUP


4.2(c) Written notice and explanation of survey hardship

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

THE CAROL GROUP

October 16, 2015

Mr. Levi Sciara Florida Department of Environmental Protection Oil and Gas Program 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Via email

RE: Kanter Real Estate, LLC Application for Permit to Drill No. 1366—Letter Notifying Department of Hardship Producing Quarter Sections for Survey

Dear Mr. Sciara:

The purpose of this letter is to provide written notification to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("**Department**") that the proposed oil well site in the Kanter Real Estate, LLC ("**Kanter**") Application for Permit to Drill No. 1366 has not been previously surveyed. As a result, an inordinate amount of preliminary surveying would have to be done to establish section corners or other standard reference points for purposes of submitting a location plat with this permit application. As requested and approved in writing, Kanter will submit an alternative location plat that satisfies Department rules and state laws governing surveys.

Item 4.2 of the Department's Request for Additional Information in response to Kanter's application states:

4.2. Department rule requires that the location plat also show the exact well location with reference to drilling unit boundaries, quarter-section corners, rivers and other prominent features; show ground elevation (with tolerances) at the drill site; state whether the proposed drilling unit is routine or nonroutine; and meet the minimum technical standards established in rule by the Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers. Please revise the included Well Location Plat (Exhibit G) to address these requirements. [62C-26.003(7), F.A.C.]

Chapter 62C-26.003(7), F.A.C., regarding required elements of oil well drilling applications, states:

(7) Each application shall be accompanied by a location plat surveyed and prepared by a registered land surveyor licensed under Chapter 472, F.S. All such plats shall meet the minimum technical standards for land surveys as specified in Chapter 61G17-6, F.A.C., and must:

(a) Be drawn to a scale sufficient to show the required detail, preferably 1 inch = 1,000 feet.

(b) Show and provide a legal description of all mineral acreage within the drilling unit which is not under lease to the applicant.

(c) Show the exact well location (both surface and bottom if different) and unit acreage within the drilling unit and indicate distances to adjacent wells, drilling unit boundaries, quarter-section corners, rivers and other prominent features. With prior notice and explanation to the Department, other established lines, reference points, or methods may be used when section corners are unavailable and an inordinate amount of preliminary surveying would have to be done to establish section corners or other standard reference points. In any case, a standard

survey or equivalent with plat shall be made prior to obtaining an operating permit.

(d) Show ground elevation, with tolerances, at the drill site.

(e) State whether the proposed drilling unit is routine or nonroutine and specify the applicable subsection of Rule 62C-26.004, F.A.C., under which the well is located.

(emphasis added).

Kanter's representatives met with Department staff from the Oil and Gas program on September 1, 2015. At this meeting, Kanter's representatives explained that the proposed oil well site has not been previously surveyed. Department staff agreed that it would be acceptable, for purposes of the permit application, for Kanter to submit an alternative location plat that satisfies Florida law governing surveys and the Rules of the State Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers. This plat will provide location information and indication of prominent features required by the Department in order to evaluate the permit application.

Kanter has prepared a plat using state plane coordinates, as provided in Section 177.151, Florida Statute. This section explains the methodology for producing a survey using state plane coordinates as follows:

177.151 State plane coordinate.—

(1) Coordinates may be used to define or designate the position of points on the surface of the earth within the state for land descriptions and subdivision purposes, provided the initial point in the description shall be tied to the nearest government corner or other recorded and well established corner. The state plane coordinates of a point on the earth's surface, to be used in expressing the position or location of such point in the appropriate projection and zone system, shall consist of two distances, expressed in meters or feet and decimals of the same. One position, to be known as the "Northing," shall give the position in a north and south direction; the other, to be known as the "Easting," shall give the position in an east and west direction. These coordinates shall be made to depend upon and conform to the origins and projections on the Florida State Plane Coordinate System and the geodetic control stations of the National Ocean Service within the state, as those origins and projections have been determined by such service. When any tract of land to be defined by a single description extends from one into the other of the above projections or zones, the positions of all points on its boundary may be referred to either of the zones or projections, with the zone and projection being used specifically named in the description.

(2) The position of points on the Florida State Plane Coordinate System shall be as marked on the ground by geodetic control stations established in conformity with standards adopted by the National Ocean Service for first-order and second-order work, the geodetic positions of which have been rigidly adjusted on the North American Datum of 1983, as readjusted in 1990, and the coordinates of which have been computed on the Florida State Plane Coordinate System. Any such station may be used for establishing a survey connection with the Florida State Plane Coordinate System.

§ 177.151, Florida Statutes (2015). The rules of the State Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers apply to state plane coordinate surveys, as well.

Kanter understands that this survey is for purposes of the oil well permit only, and it will have to obtain a standard survey or equivalent plat should it decide to seek an operating permit in the future.

Please contact us if you have any questions about this notice or other aspects of Kanter's application.

Sincerely,

Carol Ann Howard President The Carol Group 4.3 Location plat showing correct bottom hole location

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

THE CAROL GROUP



6(a) Construction plan set

THE CAROL GROUP

KANTER 23-2

BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

SECTION 23, TOWNSHIP 51 S, RANGE 38 E,



LOCATION MAP

SHEET INDEX

COVER SHEET SITE INFORMATION & GENERAL NOTES AERIAL / FLUCCS MAP MASTER SITE / GRADING PLAN TYPICAL SECTIONS DETAILS SWPPP



208 DAL HALL BOULEVARD , LAKE PLACID, FLORIDA 33852 (863) 659-1198

FL CA NO. 30023

NUMBER

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REVISIONS:		
	PROJECT NO.	SET DATE
	KA2014.03	09/10/2015

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE ALL REQUIRED PERMITS IN-HAND PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION, AND SHALL PERFORM ALL WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PERMITS OBTAINED BY THE CLIENT AND THOSE PERMITS OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR
- 2. AT LEAST THREE CALENDAR DAYS PRIOR TO THE PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT TO THE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL A TENTATIVE BASE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN, PRECONSTRUCTION SURVEY, AND SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN. NO WORK SHALL BEGIN PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE. TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN, PRECONSTRUCTION SURVEY, AND SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.
- THE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE SHALL DESCRIBE IN DETAIL HOW THE CONSTRUCTION IS TO BE PHASED, ESTABLISH START AND FINISH DATES FOR ALL SIGNIFICANT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, AND IDENTIFY ALL CONTROLLING ITEMS OF WORK. THE SCHEDULE IS TO BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. AND SHALL BE UPDATED ON A MONTHLY BASIS TO REFLECT ACTUAL WORK PROGRESS. THE UPDATED SCHEDULE SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER NO LATER THAN THREE DAYS PRIOR TO EACH SCHEDULED MONTHLY PROGRESS MEETING. PAYMENT FOR PREPARING, UPDATING AND SUBMITTING THE SCHEDULE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE PAY ITEM FOR MOBILIZATION
- 4. THE PRECONSTRUCTION SURVEY SHALL VERIFY THE CONTROL POINTS AND BENCH MARK ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY THE ENGINEER AND SHALL ALSO ESTABLISH THE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF ALL ADDITIONAL REFERENCE POINTS AND THE LOCATIONS, DESCRIPTIONS, AND ELEVATIONS OF ALL ADDITIONAL BENCHMARKS TO BE USED IN CONSTRUCTING THE PROJECT. THE SURVEY SHALL BE SIGNED AND SEALED BY A PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR AND MAPPER REGISTERED IN THE STATE OF FLORIDA. SIGNIFICANT INCONSISTENCIES BETWEEN THE FIELD NOTES AND THE CONTROL POINTS AND BENCH MARK ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY THE ENGINEER SHALL IMMEDIATELY BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER FOR RESOLUTION PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE NOTICE TO PROCEED. PAYMENT SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE PAY ITEM FOR MOBILIZATION
- 5. THE GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS WAS OBTAINED FOR USE IN ESTABLISHING DESIGN CRITERIA FOR THE PROJECT. THIS INFORMATION MAY NOT ACCURATELY REFLECT ACTUAL SOIL CONDITIONS AS TO THE DEPTH. EXTENT OR CHARACTER OF THE MATERIAL TO BE ENCOUNTERED IN CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO MAKE SUCH EXAMINATION OF THE SITE OF THE WORK AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE WORK IS TO BE PERFORMED
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PRESERVING ALL PROPERTY CORNERS AND MONUMENTS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS OR FOUND DURING CONSTRUCTION IF A PROPERTY CORNER OR MONUMENT IS DESTROYED OR DISTURBED. THE CONTRACTOR WILL HAVE IT REPLACED AND CETIFIED BY A PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR AND MAPPER REGISTERED IN THE STATE OF FLORIDA. ALL COSTS FOR PRESERVING, REPLACING AND CERTIFYING PROPERTY CORNERS AND MONUMENTS WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE PAY ITEM FOR MOBILIZATION
- ANY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY MONUMENT WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE PROTECTED. IF IN DANGER OF DAMAGE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND:

FDEP, BUREAU OF SURVEY AND MAPPING, MS 100 3900 COMMONWEALTH BLVD. TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 32399 (850) 245-2555 (OFFICE)

(850) 245-2572 (FAX)

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL UTILITIES. THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS CONCERNING TYPE AND LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND AND OTHER UTILITIES IS BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE UTILITY OWNERS, AVAILABLE RECORDS, AND SURVEYED FIELD INFORMATION. THE INFORMATION MAY NOT REFLECT ACTUAL CONDITIONS, INCLUDE ALL UTILITIES IN TH AREA, EITHER IN SERVICE OR ABANDONED, OR SHOW THE UTILITIES IN THE CORRECT HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL LOCATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN DETERMINATION AS TO THE TYPE AND LOCATION OF UTILITIES AS NECESSARY TO ESTABLISH THEIR LOCATIONS AND AVOID DAMAGE. THE FOLLOWING UTILITIES SHOULD BE CONTACTED FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING TYPE AND LOCATION OF THEIR FACILITIES. THE LIST MAY NOT INCLUDE ALL UTILITIES IN THE AREA.

SUNSHINE STATE ONE-CALL OF ELORIDA 811 OR 800-432-4770 (5 DAYS NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION)

- 9. ALL UTILITIES IN CONFLICT WITH CONSTRUCTION ARE TO BE ADJUSTED OR RELOCATED BY OTHERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON THE DRAWINGS OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER
- 10. LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION ARE DEFINED IN THE PLANS AND CONSIST OF ROADWAY RIGHTS-OF-WAY, CLIENT PROPERTIES, DRAINAGE RIGHTS-OF-WAY, PERMANENT DRAINAGE AND/OR UTILITY EASEMENTS, AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENTS.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PUT FORTH EVERY REASONABLE EFFORT TO MINIMIZE DISRUPTION AND DISTURBANCE OF ADJACENT PROPERTIES.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL TREES AND LANDSCAPING ON ADJACENT PROPERTIES, AND WILL BE SOLELY LIABLE FOR DAMAGE TO VEGETATION ON PROPERTIES ADJACENT TO CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONES. ALL TREES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION THAT ARE NOT IDENTIFIED ON THE PLANS TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE PROTECTED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE. TREE PROTECTION BARRICADES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AROUND ALL TREES THAT ARE TO BE PROTECTED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DISTURB GRASSING OR LANDSCAPING OUTSIDE CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY LIABLE FOR DAMAGE TO VEGETATION OUTSIDE CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONES AND SHALL RESTORE AT NO COST TO THE CLIENT ANY AREAS THAT ARE DAMAGED INCLUDING AREAS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION OR ON ADJACENT PROPERTIES USING, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, THE SAME TYPES AND SIZES OF PLANT MATERIAL THAT EXISTED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 14. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COMPACTED (AT A MINIMUM) EQUAL TO ADJACENT UNDISTURBED GROUND EXCEPT WHEN OTHERWISE
- 15. ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONES ARE TO BE GRASSED EXCEPT FOR AREAS THAT ARE BELOW NORMAL WATER LEVEL. EXISTING GRASSED AREAS SHALL BE REPLANTED WITH SOD OF THE SAME GRASS TYPE AS EXISTING, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. SOD WILL BE USED FOR DISTURBED AREAS NOT CURRENTLY GRASSED. REINFORCEMENT MAT SHALL BE INSTALLED BENEATH SOD PLACED ON SLOPES OF 2H:1V OR STEEPER, AND THE SOD SHALL BE STAPLED. COSTS FOR REINFORCEMENT MAT, STAPLING, FERTILIZING, AND WATERING SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE OF THE PAY ITEM FOR PERFORMANCE TURF.
- 16 PRIOR TO REQUESTING A FINAL INSPECTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE AND SUBMIT TO THE ENGINEER FOUR COMPLETE SETS OF CERTIFIED AS-BUILT RECORD DRAWINGS AND TWO COPIES OF THE DIGITAL FILES ON CD-ROM DISKS
- 17. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE DEPOSITED IN LOCATIONS WHERE IT COULD BE WASHED AWAY BY HIGH WATER OR BY STORMWATER UNOFF, AND STOCKPILES SHALL BE COVERED OR ENCIRCLED WITH SEDIMENT CONTAINMENT DEVICES.
- 18. STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ON DISTURBED AREAS AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, BUT IN NO CASE MORE THAN 14 DAYS AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IN THOSE PORTIONS OF THE SITE HAS TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY
- 19. PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL DISTURBED LAND AREAS SHALL BE COMPLETED IMMEDIATELY AFTER FINAL GRADING. WHEN IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO PERMANENTLY PROTECT A DISTURBED AREA IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING OPERATIONS, TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT MEASURES ARE IN PLACE AND ESTABLISHED.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL NOTES

- ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88). TOPOLOGY WAS PREPARED BY THE ENGINEER AND IS NOT CONSIDERED PART OF THE SURVEY AND IS ONLY FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREVENTION, CONTROL, AND ABATEMENT OF EROSION, WATER POLLUTION, AND THE TRANSPORTATION OF ERODED MATERIALS OFF SITE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE A SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN TO ACCOMPANY THE STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN AND THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN INCLUDED IN THESE PLANS. THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "FLORIDA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MANUAL" AND SHALL BE SPECIFIC TO THE MEANS METHODS, AND SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION TO BE EMPLOYED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL IDENTIFY THE TYPES AND LOCATIONS OF CONTROLS THAT ARE TO BE IMPLEMENTED DURING EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION AS SHOWN ON THE APPROVED CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE TO MINIMIZE EROSION, PREVENT THE TRANSFER OF ERODED MATERIALS ONTO ANY OFF SITE PARCEL OR INTO ANY RECEIVING WATER, AND PREVENT VIOLATING STATE AND/OR FEDERAL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS. PAYMENT FOR PREPARING AND SUBMITTING THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND FOR ANY MODIFICATIONS TO THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN DURING CONSTRUCTION WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE PAY ITEM FOR MOBILIZATION. THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN SHALL DESCRIBE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING ITEMS FOR EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS OR ACTIVITIES:
- TYPES AND LOCATIONS OF ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES
- ESTIMATED TIME EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE IN OPERATION В. SCHEDULES FOR MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES
- METHODS OF MAINTAINING FROSION CONTROL DEVICES
- E.METHODS FOR CONTAINMENT OR REMOVAL OF POLLUTANTS OR HAZARDOUS WASTES

F.NAME AND PHONE NUMBERS OF PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR MONITORING AND MAINTAINING EROSION CONTROL DEVICES

- 4. NO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BEGIN UNTIL THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN HAS RECEIVED WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL UPDATE THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND/OR THE DEWATERING PLAN WHENEVER THERE IS A CHANGE IN CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE OR ACTIVITIES THAT HAS A SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON THE POTENTIAL FOR THE DISCHARGE O POLLUTANTS OFF SITE OR INTO ANY RECEIVING WATER AND SHALL SUBMIT THE UPDATED PLAN FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO OR AS THE FIRST STEP IN CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE IN PLACE BEFORE ISTURBING SOIL UPSTREAM OF THE CONTROL
- FIELD CONDITIONS MAY REQUIRE THE USE OF ADDITIONAL TYPES AND QUANTITIES OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES DURING CONSTRUCTION AS DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES PRIOR TO SLISPENSION OF WORK ACTIVITIES FACH DAY IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL, AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL TO ENSURE THAT THE DEVICES ARE PROPERLY LOCATED AND MAINTAINED FOR EFFECTIVENESS. ANY REQUIRED REMEDIAL ACTION SHALL BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY.
- SEDIMENT TRAPPED BY THE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES IS TO BE REMOVED BY THE CONTRACTOR AFTER EACH RAIN STORM
- THE AMOUNT OF AREA DISTURBED AT ONE TIME SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO ADEQUATELY IMPLEMENT THE WORK. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CONTROLLED TO MINIMIZE UNPROTECTED AREAS EXPOSED TO WEATHER, AND AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL NOT BE DISTURBED.
- 11. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE DEPOSITED IN LOCATIONS WHERE IT COULD BE WASHED AWAY BY HIGH WATER OR BY STORMWATER UNOFF, AND STOCKPILES SHALL BE COVERED OR ENCIRCLED WITH SEDIMENT CONTAINMENT DEVICES.
- 12. STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ON DISTURBED AREAS AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, BUT IN NO CASE MORE THAN 14 DAYS AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IN THOSE PORTIONS OF THE SITE HAS TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASED
- 13. PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL DISTURBED LAND AREAS SHALL BE COMPLETED IMMEDIATELY AFTER FINAL GRADING. WHEN IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO PERMANENTLY PROTECT A DISTURBED AREA IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING OPERATIONS, TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT MEASURES ARE IN PLACE AND ESTABLISHED

SITE DATA SUMMAR OWNER/APPLICANT: STREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE ZIP CODE SECTION: 23 TOWNSHIP: 515 RANGE: 38E PAD BOUNDARY AREA = 217 799 SE = 5 00 AC = 40.000 SF = 0.92 AC STORMWATER MGMT BASIN = 252,835 SF = 5.03 AC WETLAND IMPACTS = 297.247 SF = 6.82 AC 5 AC SITE DEVELOPMENT AREA DATA: BUILDING AREA = 0 SF = 0 AC =0 % = 0 AC PVMT. / CONC. = 0 SF =0 % IMPERVIOUS AREA = 10 400 SE = 0.24 AC = 5 % PERVIOUS AREA = 207,400 SF = 4.76 AC =95 % GROUP AROL HE Ξ GENERAL NOTES g KANTER KA2014.03 ECKED BY: WRH DESIGNED .IRF DATE: 09-10-2015 C-1.01 © COPYRIGHT THE CAROL GROUP, INC. 2014 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

SPOIL AREA



PROPOSED FLUCCS CODE: 1641 - OIL AND GAS FIELDS - CRUDE OIL

EXISTING FLUCCS CODE: 6411 - FRESHWATER MARSH - SAWGRASS

PROPOSED FLUCCS CODE: 743 - SPOIL AREAS

EXISTING LEVEE ACCESS ROAD

EXISTING FLUCCS CODE: 6411 - FRESHWATER MARSH - SAWGRASS





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100 0 50 100 			
	REVISIONS		
	THE CAROL GROUP, INC	Professional Engineers and Surveyors	208 Dal Hall Boulevard Lake Placid, FL 33852
	MASTER SITE/GRADING PLAN	KANTER 23-2	Broward County, Florida
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		THE CAROL	Professional Enginee	208 Dal Hall Boulevard
– PROPOSED PAD/FILL				
		YPICAL SECTIONS	KANTER 23-2	sroward County, Florida
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© COPYRIGHT THE CAROL GROUP, INC. 2014 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED	O a at the structure detail	CG P A20 H DA0 SH -2	0. Here 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	요명 Broward County, Florida





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BITIDY BARRIER		STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN	E131-23-2	
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09-10-2015 SHEET C-3.01 6(b) Spill prevention and clean-up plan

THE CAROL GROUP

Century Oil Co., Inc.

Kanter Real Estate, LLC Kanter 23-2 Broward County, FL, US

SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEAN-UP PLAN

Prepared By: Ed Pollister P.O. Box 765 Chokoloskee, FL 34138 239-695-2276

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

Spill Prevention & Clean-Up Plan for Kanter 23-2

Section A: General Information

1. Name and Location of Facility

Name	Kanter 23-2
Location	Latitude 25°57′53.615" North and Longitude
	80°32'42.193" West in Section 23, Township 51
	South, Range 38 East, Broward County, Florida

2. Facility Operator

Name	Century Oil Co., Inc.	
Address	305 Kumquat Street/PO Box 370	
	Everglades City, FL 34139	
Telephone	(231) 631-4721	
Telephone	(231) 631-4721	

3. Persons Accountable for Spill Prevention

Name	Ed Pollister
24-Hour Telephone	(231) 631-4721

4. Potential Spills – Prediction and Control

Source	Major Type of Failure	Total Quantity (bbls)	Rate (bbls/hr)	Direction of Flow	Secondary Containment
Storage Area	Tank rupture	400 (1)	400	Contained on- site	Internal
Process Area	Rupture or break	60 (2)	2.5	Contained on- site	Perimeter berm
Wellhead	Break	60(3)	2.5	Contained on- site	Perimeter berm
Truck Loading	Truck overflow or line disconnect	220 (4)	220	Contained on- site	Perimeter berm

Notes:

- 1. Storage Area based on catastrophic failure of largest storage tank at facility, if the tank was completely full.
- 2. Process Area based on the largest possible throughput during a maximum of 24 hours of unattended operations.
- 3. Wellhead based on current oil flow rate during a maximum of 24 hours of unattended operations.
- 4. Truck Loading based on truck transport capacity.
- 5. L 67-A Canal is the nearest potential receiving water body, located 237 feet from the well location.

5. Containment and Diversionary Structures

Containment or diversionary structures or equipment to prevent oil from reaching navigable waters are as follows:

- Storage tanks are equipment with firewall/berm (primary).
- The process area and wellhead are equipped with a perimeter containment berm that surrounds the location area.

6. Inspections and Reports

The required inspections follow written procedures. The written procedures and a record of inspections, signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector, are maintained with this plan for a minimum of 3 years.

7. Personnel Training and Spill Prevention Procedures

a) Personnel are properly instructed in the following:

- Operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent oil discharges
- Applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations

b) Methods and procedures employed to accomplish instruction:

- Qualified and experienced personnel will conduct on-the-job training of new or inexperienced employees.
- All employees are made aware of pollution prevention and applicable regulatory requirements.
- Appropriate personnel are furnished copies of rules and regulations, and a program is established to maintain field familiarity and compliance with regulatory requirements.
- Scheduled prevention briefings for the operating personnel are conducted periodically to assure adequate understanding of the Spill Prevention & Cleanup Plan. Records of these briefings are maintained with this plan for a minimum of 3 years.

Section B: Design and Operating Information

1. Facility Drainage

a) Drainage from the berm (primary) is controlled as follows: Drainage is controlled by manual valves, which are locked in the nondrain position.

b) The procedure for monitoring the drainage of rain water from the berm (primary) into the perimeter berm containment area is detailed in Section E. No drainage of the perimeter berm area is permitted under normal operating conditions.

c) All bermed areas are inspected at regularly scheduled intervals for accumulations of oil. All oil is to be removed prior to any drainage activity.

2. Bulk Storage Tanks

a) Tank design, materials of construction, and fail-safe engineering features:

Tank material and construction is compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure, temperature, etc. Tanks are engineered as far as practicable with consideration for the following failsafe devices:

- Adequate tank capacity to prevent overfill
- Overflow equalizing lines
- All tanks are bolted galvanized steel plate

b) Containment design, construction materials, and volume:

An earthen berm (primary) is constructed around all tanks to a height sufficient to contain two (2) times the capacity of the largest tank at each location.

c) Tank examination methods and procedures:

All filed personnel are instructed to observe of all bulk storage tanks within the field. During the periodic facility inspections, the field superintendent or other designated personnel will visually inspect tanks for leakage and signs of corrosion.

3. Facility Transfer Operations

a) Scheduled basis for examinations of above-ground valves and pipelines and saltwater disposal facilities:

All field personnel are instructed to observe all above-ground valves and pipelines. During the periodic inspections for discharged oil, the field superintendent or other designated personnel will visually inspect valves, fittings, and pipelines.

4. Oil Drilling and Workover Facilities

- A blowout preventer ("**BOP**") assembly and well control system is installed before drilling below any casing string and as required during workover operations.
- The BOP assembly is capable of controlling any expected wellhead pressure.
- Casing and BOP installations conform to state regulations.

5. Tank Truck Loading and Unloading

- The procedures for loading and unloading meet DOT requirements.
- The loading area is located within the perimeter berm containment area.
- The perimeter berm containment area has a significantly larger capacity than the largest single compartment of the tank truck.
- Before filling and departure of the tank truck, the lowermost drain and all outlets of the vehicle are examined for leakage and, if necessary, tightened, adjusted, or replaced to prevent liquid from leaking.

Section C: Spill Reporting Requirements

Note: The reporting requirements and telephone numbers in this section should be posted on-site within the clean-up material shed. Blank incident report forms should also be in the shed.

Type of Spill or	National	EPA Region IV	FDEP Oil & Gas	FDEP Office of
Release	Response Center		Program	Emergency
	(NRC)		5	Response
Any size oil or	Т	Т	Т	Т
hazardous			W^4	W ³
substance spill ²				
into waterway	-			
Any size	T ³	Т	Т	Т
saltwater spill			W^4	
into waterway			_	_
Oil,* hazardous			1	1
substance, ⁻ or			VV ⁻⁺	W
saitwater spill				
within a diked				
area ⁵				
Blowouts, fires.			т	Т
or line breaks				
involving				
chemicals or				
significant				
amounts of				
petroleum				
products				
T = prompt	telephone report (as	soon as possible, but	within 24 hours)	
W = written	report (as soon as p	ossible)		

1. Florida Spill and Release Reporting Requirements¹

Notes:

- The field superintendent must be notified verbally of all spills as soon as possible. An oil spill incident report should be completed and immediately sent to the field superintendent and to Ed Pollister. All telephone reports to agencies must be made immediately by the field superintendent. If the field superintendent cannot be contacted, the highest ranking personnel available should make the appropriate telephone reports.
- 2. A hazardous substance spill is reportable if in excess of the reportable quantity established by EPA.
- 3. Only required for reportable hazardous substance spills (see 2).
- 4. Only required for spills of 25 gallons or more (or potentially greater than 25 gallons), or for reportable hazardous substance spills (see 2).
- 5. Only required for spills of 100 barrels or more. However, this call only is not required when the spill is entirely contained within the facility berm (primary). Spills or leaks onto land which are less than the 100 barrel limit will be immediately cleaned up by operating personnel and all spill material disposed of properly to minimize or eliminate the risk of pollution.

2. Contact Numbers

Florida Agencies	
FDEP Oil & Gas Program	Levi Sciara: (850) 245-8406 (office)
	Dave Taylor: (850) 245-7536 (office)
FDEP Office of Emergency Response	West Palm Beach office: (561) 393-5877
	24-Hour: 1-800-320-0519
Federal Agencies	
NRC	1-800-424-8802
	(202) 426-2675
EPA Region 4	1-800-241-1754
	(404) 562-9900
	· · ·

3. Information to Provide When Providing Notice

When notifying a state or federal agency to provide notice of a spill or release, provide the following information:

- Your name, location, organization, and telephone number
- Name and address of the party responsible for the incident
- Date and time of the incident
- Location of the incident
- Source and cause of the release or spill
- Types of material(s) released or spilled
- Quantity of materials released or spilled
- Whether water, land, or air was affected by the release or spill
- Danger or threat posed by the release or spill
- Number and types of injuries or fatalities, if any
- Weather conditions at the incident location
- Name of the carrier, truck number, or other identifying information
- Whether an evacuation has occurred
- Other agencies notified or about to be notified
- Any other information that may help emergency personnel respond to the incident

Section D: Oil Spill Contingency Plan & Commitment of Manpower

1. Immediate Response by On-Site Personnel

- Shut off source of spill as soon as possible.
- Extinguish all sources of potential ignition.
- Assess volume of spill and potential for pollution in the immediate and surrounding areas.
- Call for manpower and equipment necessary to contain and remove the discharged oil (see paragraph 4 of this section).
- Call Century Oil to report the spill and to obtain any instructions or assistance which may be appropriate. The field superintendent will inform Ed Pollister of the spill details and will coordinate any actions at the scene of the oil spill.

- Call FDEP personnel in accordance with the table in Section C. Notification procedures must be strictly adhered to in the event of a spill into water, a spill in excess of 100 barrels, or a spill outside the perimeter berm.
- Assess the flammability and personnel exposure hazards associated with containment for cleanup.

2. Immediate response by Field Superintendent

- Arrange for additional manpower, containment, and cleanup as warranted by the spill or release. Advise Century Oil of any arrangements.
- Call required information of the spill to Century Oil. Also, request any assistance deemed necessary from Century Oil.
- If warranted, proceed to the spill or release location and supervise the containment and cleanup operations.

3. Strategy for Containment and Clean-up Equipment Deployment

- Local supervisor or senior Century Oil employee on scene will take charge of and direct containment and clean up operations.
- Upon receipt of manpower and equipment, the person in charge will direct the construction of appropriate dams, dikes, and other containment facilities to contain the discharged oil.
- Vacuum trucks or sorbents will generally be used to recover the oil once it is contained. The oil must be recovered as rapidly as possible to minimize contamination of the soil and to prevent contamination of the ground water.
- Where possible, all recovered fluids will be returned to the process or tank areas for handling. Absorbents will be considered for final clean up where appropriate.
- Any damaged land will be restored to original condition to the extent possible.
- Field superintendent will be notified of unusual conditions as they may arise and when clean up is completed.

4. Available Equipment

Equipment available to this facility are:

Amount	Location
2 Bales	On-site storage shed
	On-site storage shed
100 ft.	On-site storage shed
2 Sacks	On-site storage shed
1	On-site storage shed
	Amount 2 Bales 100 ft. 2 Sacks 1

Section E: Inspection Procedures

1. Inspection Procedure

Fluid containing any trace of oil, such as a sheen, rainbow, or oil discoloration, will *not* be released to the perimeter berm area from the berm area around the primary tanks.

Rainwater accumulation from the berm (primary) may be drained to the ground outside of this area to the area within the perimeter berm if the following procedures are followed:

- Visually observe the fluid for any trace of oil and test for the presence of salt water. Any oil must be absorbed using available clean-up materials prior to discharge. No saltwater may be discharged from the primary storage tank area.
- Unlock the valve and position for draining oil and salt water-free fluid. All drainage activities must be conducted while appropriate personnel are on-site. Under no circumstances is an open drain to be left unattended.
- Record the applicable information on the inspection/drainage report posted inside the storage shed and sign where indicated.
- Reposition valve in the non-drain position and lock.

2. Implementation Requirements

The designated person accountable for implementation of the following items will be the field superintendent or Ed Pollister:

- Upon approval of this spill prevention and clean-up plan, an initial spill prevention briefing will be conducted. If the well goes beyond the test phase, an annual briefing will be conducted thereafter. The need for good "housekeeping" and equipment maintenance practices in our daily operations will be emphasized at these meetings. A record of all spill prevention and cleanup plan meetings must be maintained.
- All plant and field employees should observe any potential holding areas that may contain oil accumulations. Further, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee will complete an inspection of the facility for the sole purpose of locating discharged oil. If the well goes beyond the test phase, this will be conducted annually and recorded in the record of drainage and inspections.
- Valves and locks must be maintained on all bermed area drains.
- The drainage procedure described in this Section E must be followed when discharging any fluid from a diked area. Each discharge must be recorded on the record of drainage and inspections.

6.2 Location plat that specifies the distance to rivers and other prominent features

THE CAROL GROUP



6.3 Plat identifying location of the oil well, drill pad and water wells

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

THE CAROL GROUP



	SCAI SCAI	JTE: OJECT NO. E NO. ALE	Anter 23-2 OnSite Water Well Location Broward County, FL	THE CAROL GROUP, INC Professional Engineers and Surveyors 208 Dal Hall Boulevard
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6.4(a) Plat identifying all freshwater resources within one mile of the proposed drilling location

THE CAROL GROUP



6.4(b) Construction pollution plan

THE CAROL GROUP

Construction Pollution Prevention Plan

Prepared by: The Carol Group, Inc. **THE CAROL GROUP** Professional Engineers and Surveyors

For: Kanter Real Estate, LLC

October 16, 2015

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

CONSTRUCTION POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN for Kanter 23-2

SITE DESCRIPTION						
Project Name and Location: (Latitude, Longitude, or Address)	Canter 23-2 K:81:31:07.24W Y:25:59:55.22N	Owner Name and Address:	Kanter Real Estate, LLC 2601 S Bayshore Dr Miami, FL 33133			
Description: (Purpose and Types of Soil Disturbing Activities)	Construction of Oil Well Pad. Dredge and Fill Activities.					
Construction in this project will generally consist of site clearing, and construction of subdivision infrastructure and master drainage system.						
Soil disturbing activities will inclusion storm sewer; lake excavation; co	ude: clearing and grubbing, instruction of roads; and prepa	, perimeter berming and other e aration for final planting, sodding,	Prosion and sediment controls; grading; , seeding and mulching.			
Runoff Coefficient:	0.45					
Site Area:	7.10 AC					
Site Map Includes:	 Drainage patterns. Approximate slopes a Areas of soil disturba Outline all areas that Location of all major The location of experient Wetlands and surfac Locations where stor 	after major grading activities. Ince. are not to be disturbed. structural and non-structural conf cted stabilization practices. e waters. rmwater may discharge to a surfa	trols. ace <u>water or MS4.</u>			
Soil Information:	See Soils Map					
Stormwater Information:	Total area of the site to be Existing data describing the See Soils Map Estimate the drainage are	 disturbed: 7.10 AC ne soil or quality of any stormwate a size for each discharge point: ! 	er discharge from the site: 5.03 AC			
Sequence of Major Activities:						
 Installation of stabilized construction entrance. Partial clearing and grubbing. Install perimeter berm(s) or silt fences with straw bale barrier(s). Continue clearing and grading. Stockpile excavated soil. Stabilize denuded areas and stockpiles within 21 days of last construction activity in that area. 		 Complete grading, subgra Complete grading and insi When all construction actir remove temporary earth b fences and re-seed any and 	Ide and base course construction. tall permanent seeding and plantings. ivity is complete and the site is stabilized, perms, straw bale barriers and filter reas disturbed by their removal.			

CONTROLS				
Erosion and Sediment Controls				
Stabilization Practices				
Temporary Stabilization: Top soil stock piles and disturbed portions of the site where construction activity temporarily cease for at least 21 days will be stabilized with temporary seed and mulch no later than 14 days from the last construction activity in that area. The seed shall be Bahia, millet, rye, or other fast-growing grasses. Prior to seeding, fertilizer or agricultural limestone shall be applied to each area to be temporarily stabilized. After seeding, each area shall be mulched with the mulch disked into place. Areas of the site which will be paved will be temporarily stabilized by applying limerock subgrade until bituminous pavement can be applied.				
Permanent Stabilization: Disturbed portions of the site, where construction activities permanently cease, shall be stabilized with sod, seed and mulch, landscaping, and/or other equivalent stabilization measures (e.g., rip-rap, geotextiles) no later than 14 days after the date of the last construction activity. The sod shall typically be Floratam or Bahia sod. Prior to seeding, fertilizer or agricultural limestone shall be applied to each area to be temporarily stabilized. After seeding, each area shall be mulched with the mulch disked				

into place.

CONTROLS (Continued)

Structural Practices

Silt Fence / Straw Bale Barrier - will be constructed along those areas of the project that border adjacent wetlands or lakes - if applicable.

Straw Bale Drop Inlet Sediment Filter - will be placed around all constructed storm drain inlets immediately upon completion of construction and shall remain in-place until the contributing drainage area is stabilized. Alternatively, grate inlets can be covered with filter fabric material until stabilization. Turbidity barriers for discharge locations into adjacent storm water lake.

Storm Water Management

The project will utilize a wet detention system to provide the required water quality treatment and attenuation. Discharges from the water management system will be regulated by a water control structure. The water control structures will also be used to restrict the discharges from the project as described above.

DISCHARGE RATES: 4.34 cfs

OTHER CONTROLS

Waste disposal:

Waste Materials:

All waste materials will be collected and stored in a trash dumpster which will meet all local and State solid waste management regulations. All trash and construction debris from the site will be deposited in this dumpster. The dumpster will be emptied as required due to use and/or State and local regulations, with the trash disposed of at the appropriate landfill operation. No construction waste materials will be buried onsite. All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for waste disposal. Notices stating these practices will be posted in the construction office trailer.

Hazardous Waste:

All hazardous waste materials will be disposed of in the manner specified by local or State regulation or by the manufacturer. Site personnel will be instructed in these practices.

Sanitary Waste:

All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units by a local, licensed, Lee County sanitary waste management contractor, as required by local regulation.

Offsite Vehicle Tracking:

A stabilized construction entrance has been provided to help reduce vehicle tracking of sediments. As they are completed, paved streets will be swept as needed to remove any excess muck, dirt, or rock tracked from the site. Dump trucks hauling material from the construction site will be covered with a tarpaulin.

TIMING OF CONTROLS/MEASURES

Installation of hay bail / silt fence barriers (around wetlands) and stabilized construction entrance will be constructed prior to extensive clearing or grading of any other portions of the site. Areas where construction activity temporarily ceases for more than 21 days will be stabilized with a temporary seed and mulch within 14 days of the last disturbance. Once construction activity ceases permanently in an area, that area will be stabilized with permanent sod, seed and mulch, landscaping, and/or other equivalent stabilization measures (e.g., rip-rap, geotextiles). After the entire site is stabilized, the silt fence / straw bale barriers can be removed.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS

The storm water pollution prevention plan reflects the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the South Florida Water Management District (SFWWD) requirements for storm water management and erosion and sediment control, as established in the Chapter 40E-4 FAC and Chapter 373 FS.
MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Erosion and Sediment Control Inspection and Maintenance Practices				
The	These are the inspection and maintenance practices that will be used to maintain erosion and sediment controls.			
٠	All control measures will be inspected at least once each week a	nd following any storm event of 0.5 inches or greater.		
٠	All measures will be maintained in good working order; if a repair is necessary, it shall be corrected as soon as possible, but in no case later than 7 days after the inspection.			
٠	Built up sediment will be removed from silt fence when it has reached one-half the height of the fence.			
•	Silt fence will be inspected for depth of sediment, tears, to see if the fabric is securely attached to the fence posts, and to see that the fence posts are firmly in the ground.			
٠	Temporary seeding and permanent sodding and planting will be inspected for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth.			
•	A maintenance inspection report will be made after each inspection. A copy of the report form to be completed by the inspector is attached.			
٠	The Owner will appoint one individual who will be responsible for inspections, maintenance and repair activities, and for completing the inspection and maintenance reports.			
٠	Personnel selected for inspection and maintenance responsibilities will receive training from the site superintendent. They will be trained in all the inspection and maintenance practices necessary for keeping the erosion and sediment controls used onsite in good working order.			
٠	On site detention basin will be used for sediment basin.			
	Non-Storm Wat	er Discharge		
It is	expected that the following non-storm water discharges will occur	r from the site during the construction period:		
٠	All non-storm water discharges will be directed to the storm water management facilities prior to discharge.			
The materials or substances listed below are expected to be present onsite during construction:				
•	Concrete	Fertilizers		
•	Detergents	Cleaning Solvents		
•	Paints (enamel and latex)	Wood		
* *	Metal Studs Asphalt	 Clay or concrete bricks Petroleum Based Products 		

Masonry Block

SPILL PREVENTION				
Material Management Practices				
The following are the materials management practices that will be used to reduce the risk of spills or other accidental exposure of materials and substances to storm water runoff.				
The following good housekeeping practices will be followed ensite during the construction project:				
 An effort will be made to store only enough product required to do the job. 				
 All materials stored onsite will be stored in a neat, orderly manner in their appropriate containers, and if possible, under a roof or other enclosure. 				
 Products will be kept in their original containers with the original manufacturer's label. 				
 Substances will not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer. 				
 Whenever possible, all of a product will be used up before disposing of the container. 				
 Manufacturers' recommendations for proper use and disposal will be followed. 				
The site superintendent will inspect to ensure proper use and disposal of materials onsite. Hazardous Products:				
 These practices are used to reduce the risks associated with hazardous materials: Products will be kept in original containers unless they are not resealable. 				
Original labels and material safety data will be retained; they contain important product information.				
 If surplus product must be disposed of, manufacturers' or local and State recommended methods for proper disposal will be followed. 				
Product Specific Practices				
The following produce specific practices will be followed onsite:				
Petroleum Products:				
All onsite vehicles will be monitored for leaks and receive regular preventive maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. Petroleum products will be stored in tightly sealed containers which will be clearly labeled. Any asphalt substances used onsite will be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and standard construction practices.				
Fertilizers:				
Fertilizers will be applied only in the minimum amounts recommended by the manufacturer. Once applied, fertilizer will be worked into the soil to limit exposure to storm water. Storage will be in a covered shed. The contents of any partially used bags of fertilizer will be transferred to a sealable plastic bin to avoid spills.				
Paints:				
All containers will be tightly sealed and stored when not required for use. Excess paint will not be discharged to the storm sewer system but will be properly disposed of according to manufacturers' instructions and/or state and local regulations.				

SPILL PREVENTION (Continued)

Spill Control Practices

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices discussed in the previous sections of this plan, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup.

- Manufacturers' recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted and site personnel will be made aware of the
 procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.
- Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in the material storage area onsite. Equipment and materials
 will include--but not be limited to--rags, gloves, goggles, kitty litter, sand, and plastic and metal trash containers specifically for
 this purpose.
- All spills will be cleaned up as soon as possible after discovery.
- The spill area will be kept well ventilated and personnel will wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent injury from contact with a hazardous substance.
- Spills of toxic or hazardous material will be reported to the appropriate state or local government agency, regardless of the size.
- The spill prevention plan will be adjusted to include measures to prevent this type of spill from reoccurring and how to clean up the spill if there is another one. A description of the spill, what caused it, and the cleanup measures will also be included.
- The Contractor's site superintendent will be responsible for the day-to-day site operations and will be the spill prevention and cleanup coordinator. He will designate at least two other site personnel who will receive spill prevention and cleanup training. These individuals will each become responsible for a particular phase of prevention and cleanup. The names of responsible spill personnel will be posted in the material storage area and in the office trailer onsite.

POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN CERTIFICATION				
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.				
Signed:				
Print Name:				
Title:				
Date:				
	CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION			
I certify under penalty of law that I understand the terms and conditions of the general National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit that authorizes the storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the construction site identified as part of this certification.				
Signature	For	Responsible for		
Date:				
Date.				

CONSTRUCTION POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN for South Lee Industrial Park

Inspection And Maintenance Report Form

(To be completed every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or more)

INSPECTOR: _____ DATE: _____

INSPECTOR'S QUALIFICATIONS:

Days since last rainfall: _____ Amount of last rainfall _____ inches

STABILIZATION MEASURES					
Area	Date Since Last Disturbed	Date of Next Disturbance	Stabilized? (yes / no)	Stabilized With	Condition

Stabilized required:

To be performed by: ______ on or before: _____

3/19/2004- 31971 Ver: 01!- JEVANS Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

CONSTRUCTION POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

for

South Lee Industrial Park

Inspection And Maintenance Report Form

Structural Controls

DATE: _____

SILT FENCE / STRAW BALE BARRIER

From	То	Is Silt Fence / Straw Bale Barrier in place?	Is there evidence of washout or over-topping?

Maintenance required for silt fence / straw bale barrier:

To be performed by: ______ on or before: _____

3/19/2004- 31971 Ver: 01!- JEVANS ³³Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

CONSTRUCTION POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

for

South Lee Industrial Park

Inspection And Maintenance Report Form

Structural Controls

DATE: _____

EARTHEN PERIMETER BERM

From	То	Is berm stabilized ?	Is there evidence of washout or over-topping?

Maintenance required for perimeter berm:

To be performed by: ______ on or before: _____

CONSTRUCTION POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN for South Lee Industrial Park

Inspection And Maintenance Report Form

CHANGES REQUIRED TO THE POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN:

REASONS FOR CHANGES:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature

Date

6.4(c) Safety plan

THE CAROL GROUP

Century Oil Co., Inc.

Kanter Real Estate, LLC Kanter 23-2 Broward County, FL, US

SAFETY PLAN

Prepared By: Ed Pollister P.O. Box 765 Chokoloskee, FL 34138 239-695-2276

Received by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/15

SAFETY MANUAL POLICY STATEMENT

The management of Pollister Drilling Corp. recognizes the importance of safety and health and is committed to providing a workplace for our employees that is free of recognized hazards. All hazards will be controlled or eliminated. The philosophies and objectives behind this commitment are as follows:

A. The safety and health of all Pollister Drilling Corp. employees is a priority.

B. All employees will be required to make safety and the safety of their coworkers a priority.

C. As a condition of employment, each individual within the organization will be expected to conduct their daily tasks in a manner consistent with the philosophy and objectives of this policy as well as any safety rules or procedures that the Company practices.

With these goals in mind the Pollister Drilling, Corp. Safety and Health Program will include:

- □ Providing adequate safeguards to the maximum extent that is possible.
- Conducting health and safety inspections to identify and eliminate unsafe working conditions or practices, to control health hazards, and to comply with all state and federal standards.
- **□** Training all employees in health and safety practices.
- Providing necessary personal protective equipment and instructions for it's use and care.
- Developing, updating and enforcing health and safety rules and requiring that all Employees cooperate with these regulations.
- □ Investigate, promptly and thoroughly, every accident and incident to determine cause and to take action to prevent any reoccurrence.

In closing, it is imperative that every employee, no matter what level in the organization, do his or her part in supporting safety. No job or task is so important that we cannot take the time to perform it safely. Adherence to this policy and our safety program will provide safer working conditions for everyone.

DATE

SIGNATURE

Orientation for New Employees

The purpose of an orientation is to introduce new workers to our company and to what is expected of them while they are working for us. This orientation includes:

- An interview that covers our industry at work and our company's Safety Program. New employees are told what is expected of them on the job, including what we may do if they fail to follow safety rules. They also will be told about employee benefits, how they will receive their pay, and what we are willing to do to help them with either on the job or personal problems.
- Tour of rig and work areas.
- Discussion of proper lifting procedures.
- Provide and train in PPE usage.
- Provide specific safety rules and procedures for areas where you will work.
- Information on how to report accidents and near miss incidents.
- Information on where to keep personal belongings.
- Information on pay procedures.
- Explanation on Lockout procedures.
- Information on the Emergency Action Plan.
- Explanation of the Confined Space Procedures.
- Explanation on the HAZCOM program.
- Explain where to find MSDS.
- Explain work place violence.
- Explain work place sexual harassment.

Pollister Drilling Corp. is very serious about safety. We want you to also think seriously about safety, both your own safety and the safety of others.

Safety is the responsibility of every employee. Most injuries occurring in our industry are preventable. One does not need to suffer an injury trying to get a job done. When you see an unsafe act or an unsafe condition, correct it yourself immediately or ask your supervisor for helping getting it corrected. If you have any problems, such as dizziness, trouble breathing, bad back, have fainting spells, personal problems, ECT, which could affect your work, let your supervisor know about it. Supervisors need to know so you won't be placed in a situation where you could hurt yourself or others.

Safety is accomplished through effective communication, sincere desire, honest effort, common sense, and support by every one. Merely talking about safety does not prevent accidents.

Your supervisor will hold periodic safety meetings for the entire crew. You are required to attend. Contribute your know-how for less experienced and ask questions if you don't understand. Please feel free to express any of your safety concerns or suggestions during these meetings individually to your supervisor, or in writing on a safety suggestion form. (This will allow you to remain anonymous if you so desire; however, this will make it difficult to provide you special recognition if your suggestion is put into action.) Be assured that all safety suggestions and concerns will receive response.

Learn the materials in this booklet that pertain to your work. Refer to this material and to your supervisor before starting any task that may be unfamiliar to you. Be aware of other activities nearby that may create hazards to you or which may affect your work.

Responsibilities

Management will:

- □ Provide for all employees a work environment free from unacceptable hazards.
- □ Provide guidance to ensure that all injuries, vehicle collisions, near misses, fires, and any other unsafe conditions are promptly reported and investigated.
- □ Ensure that employees have proper tools and training to complete each job safely.
- □ Ensure that all employees and contractors are qualified to perform assigned tasks.
- Communicate to all employees and contractors the safety policies and procedures of the company.
- Demonstrate the level of safety that we expect. Lead by example.
- Communicate and support the use of required Personal Protective Equipment.
- Observe, resolve and discuss safe or unsafe behaviors as soon as they are observed.
- Ensure that safety and health issues are considered before awarding contracts.
- Conduct routine inspections and observations to insure unsafe conditions and behaviors are addressed.
- Conduct/assign periodic safety meetings and assure every safety meeting is properly documented.

Employees will:

- Demonstrate responsibility for their own safety and the safety of their fellow employees.
- □ Immediately report all injuries, vehicle collisions, near misses, fires, and any other unsafe conditions to their supervisor and if possible correct the situation immediately.
- □ Participate in area safety/tailgate meetings.
- □ Assist in incident investigations as needed.
- □ Observe and discuss any unsafe condition, behavior and/or practice with fellow employees and your supervisors.
- Understand and comply with all safety rules and policies that are applicable to the location.
- □ Know safe procedures for carrying out their job responsibilities.
- **D** Become familiar with Emergency Action Plans.

SAFETY RULES AND REGULATIONS

Pollister Drilling Corp. will enforce compliance of its safety policies and procedures.

- 1. Report all injuries, near misses, vehicle collisions, fires, and any unsafe conditions or practices no matter how slight to your supervisor.
- 2. When lifting or moving loads, access the weight, bulkiness of the item and the route of travel. Use proper lifting techniques. When the load is too heavy for one person to lift, the worker should ask for assistance or use a mechanical lifting device.
- 3. Use handrails when ascending or descending stairways.
- 4. The use, possession and distribution of illegal drugs, weapons or unauthorized explosives while on company premises, in company vehicles, or rental/personal vehicles while on company business is prohibited.
- 5. Operation of equipment having a "DANGER DO NOT USE" tag is prohibited.
- 6. Do not use equipment that has required guards missing.
- 7. Finger rings, loose clothing, unsecured long hair, watches, and loose clothing should not be worn within arms length of operating machinery.
- 8. Always use proper tools and equipment for the assigned job. Do not use a damaged or incorrect tool to perform a task. Damaged tools are to be replaced or discarded.
- 9. Erect barricades, flags or barricade tape around areas of hazardous work, holes, floor openings, overhead work zones, and exposed energized circuits. Excavations should be flagged or fenced when in populated areas.
- 10. Fire extinguishers, eyewash stations and self-breathing apparatuses should be inspected monthly. Alarm boxes, fire doors, first aid kits and all other emergency equipment must be well maintained and readily accessible.
- 11. Smoking on company premises is restricted to designated areas only.
- 12. Whenever a safety device is removed from service and/or defeated, the appropriate supervisor and affected parties shall be notified, the device tagged, the proper remedial action taken, and the action properly documented.
- 13. Acts of violence or harassment towards management or another employee may be grounds for immediate discharge.
- 14. Horseplay and fighting are strictly prohibited.

TRAINING

Pollister Drilling Corp. employees share a responsibility for their own safety as well as safety on the job as a whole. This means that all workers should be trained in the safety practices that apply to their specific jobs. Every worker should not only know how to prevent accidents but also what to do in case an accident happens. Initial training and periodic retraining are essential if the safety program is to be effective.

All workers should be trained in safety rules and in safe use of all equipment they will operate. No worker should operate equipment for which he or she has not been trained. Periodic training sessions will be held to update and review previous training. Workers should be able to demonstrate that training has been effective. Records of training will be kept on file including training topics, time of training and who conducted the training.

If employees are required to wear P.P.E. they will be trained in the proper use and maintence of such equipment.

The following training may be given to those employees who have specific job responsibilities.

FIRE PREVENTION FIRE EXTIGUENISHER USE ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT LOCKOUT/TAGOUT FALL HAZARD HAZCOM EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN H2S

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROCEDURES

All emergency phone numbers shall be posted in offices, shops and at job sites.

FIRE DEPARTMENT **911** POLICE DEPARTMENT **911**

AMBULANCE **911** POSION CENTER **1-800-222-1222**

Evacuation and emergency procedures will be determined at each job site.

First aid kits will be in company vehicles, and in the shop.

Fire fighting policy will be determined by level of employee training.

Serious weather policy will be dictated by local policy (I.E. Tornado take cover, inclimate weather alerts).

For Fires

In the event of a fire the following will take place:

- □ The person spotting the fire will notify the other persons in the office, shop or job site to evacuate the building/site.
- □ The office manager will sweep the office; the shop supervisor will sweep the shop assuring that everyone exited the building.
- □ The persons exiting the buildings will assemble in the southeast part of the parking lot and the office manager/shop supervisor will take a head count to determine that persons evacuated and are accounted for.
- □ Using a cell phone call 911 to report the fire.
- Employees who have received fire extinguishers training may use a fire extinguisher to extinguish an incipient stage fires.
- In advent of a fire at a job site the tool pusher will be the person responsible for evacuation, head count, and determining an assembly area for the employees. These plans will be reviewed prior to the start of every job.

For Tornados

Upon hearing the local tornado alarm or a take cover warning on the radio the following will take place:

- Employees will go to the tornado shelter in the basement or restrooms of the office/shop.
- □ Office manager/shop supervisor will sweep the office/shop areas to assure all employees have gone to the shelter areas to take cover.
- Office manager/shop supervisor will take a head count to account for all of the persons in the office at the time of the alarm.
- □ Persons will remain in the shelter area until an all clear has been announced.
- □ In the advent of this happening in the field the shelter will be determined at the site prior to the job starting.

Fire Response Procedures

In case of a fire the following procedures should be used:

- 1. The first two minutes of a fire are the most critical. Assess the situation and SUMMON FOR HELP; activate the alarm systems (alarm box, PA system, sirens, or word of mouth) as appropriate, and evacuate the area. Notification must be made to the next level of supervision after a fire is contained.
- 2. Only trained personnel should operate fire extinguishers and fire equipment. Never fight a fire if you do not know the cause or source or if it is beyond the initial stage.
- 3. Give direction to third party fire-fighting agencies.

Fire Extinguishment Procedures

- 1. Locate the fire fighting equipment. Note: WHEN DISCHARGING A CARTRIDGE-TYPE EXTUIGNISHER, POINT THE FILL CAP AWAY FROM YOURSELF OR OTHERS.
- 2. With any wind at your back, approach the fire and discharge the extinguisher at the base of the fire, sweeping back and fourth and advance as the fire is extinguished.

a) The proper use of a fire extinguisher can be abbreviated to these letters

PASS: Pull pin Aim at base of fire Squeeze the trigger Sweep from side-to-side

b) Be sure the fire extinguishers are charged. Turn in the extinguishers for charging after every use.

3. After the fire is extinguished or if you are unable to extinguish, back away facing the fire. Never turn your back on a fire. Stand-by to ensure that an extinguished fire remains extinguished.

Fire Extinguisher Safety

In order to understand how a fire extinguishers work, you first need to know a little about fire.

Four things must be present at the same time in order to produce fire:

- Enough **oxygen** to sustain combustion,
- Enough **heat** to raise the material to its ignition temperature,

- Some sort of **fuel** or combustible material, and
- The **chemical**, **exothermic reaction** that is fire.

Oxygen, heat, and fuel are frequently referred to as the "Fire Triangle". Add in the fourth element, the chemical reaction, and you actually have a fire "Tetrahedron". The important thing to remember is: **Take any of these four things away, and you will not have a fire** or **the fire will be extinguished.**

Essentially, fire extinguishers put out fire by taking away one or more elements of the fire triangle/tetrahedron.

Fire safety, at its most basic, is based upon the principle of keeping fuel sources and ignition sources separate.

There are basically four different types (classes) of fire extinguishers. Each is designed for use on specific types of fires.

Fire Extinguisher Ratings

Class A extinguishers should be used on fires of ordinary combustible materials (such as wood, cloth, paper, rubber, and many plastics) requiring the heat-absorbing (cooling) effects of water.

Class B extinguishers should be used on firers of combustible liquids, flammable gases, greases and similar materials where extinguishment is best done by excluding air (oxygen), inhibiting the release of combustible vapors, or interrupting the combustion chain reaction.

Class C extinguishers are suitable for use on electrically energized fires.

Class D extinguishers are designed for use on flammable metals, such as magnesium, titanium, sodium, potassium, etc..

Types of Fire Extinguishers

Dry Chemical extinguishers are usually rated for multi-purpose use. They contain an extinguishing agent and use compressed, non-flammable gas as a propellant.

Halon extinguishers contain a gas that interrupts the chemical reaction that takes place when fuels burn. These types of extinguishers are often used to protect valuable electrical equipment since they leave no residue to clean up. Halon extinguishers have a limited range, usually 4 to 6 feet, and are very expensive to refill.

Halotron extinguishers are a non-ozone depleting alternative to halon.

Water extinguishers contain water and compressed gas and should be only used on Class A (ordinary combustibles) fires.

Carbon Dioxide (CO2) extinguishers are most effective on Class B and C (liquids and electrical) fires. Because the gas disperses quickly, these extinguishers are only effective fro

How to use a Fire Extinguisher

Even though extinguishers come in a number of shapes and sizes, they all operate in a similar manner. Here's an easy way to remember how to use one: **P A S S Pull, Aim, Squeeze, and Sweep.**

Pull the pin at the top of the extinguisher that keeps the handle from being accidentally pressed. **Aim** the nozzle at the base of the fire. And start about 8 feet from the fire.

Squeeze the handle to discharge the extinguisher (if you release the handle the discharge stops). **Sweep** the nozzle back and forth at the base of the fire. Even after the fire appears to be out, watch it carefully, as it may re-ignite and always back away never turn your back on an extinguished fire.

REPORTING AN ACCIDENT

All Employees of Pollister Drilling Corp. should report all accidents, near misses, injuries and property damage to a supervisor immediately.

The supervisor upon report of an injury will immediately ensure employee receives necessary medical attention.

To the extent possible the supervisor should assure that the area or equipment involved is properly secured until an investigation into the incident takes place.

The supervisor will do the incident investigation and find the root cause than make sure corrective action takes place.

Any employee having a safety issue or concern should take it up with their immediate supervisor as soon as the issue arises.

Accident/Incident Investigation

Thousands of accidents/incidents occur every day. Most are caused by failure of equipment, people or the environment. Accident/incident investigations are made to determine how and why these failures occurred. By using information found during an investigation, a similar or perhaps more serious accident/incident may be prevented. Accident/incident investigations are targeted towards accident prevention and they are not conducted to place blame.

It is the duty of all employees of Pollister Drilling Corp. to aid in accident/incident investigation. Due to the nature of the business additional training may be required for this purpose.

□ Accident/incident investigation has one goal and that is to prevent future accidents/incidents.

- □ All accidents resulting in injury or property damage and any incident with the potential to have caused injury or property damage should be investigated.
- **□** The primary objective is to find the root cause.
- □ The secondary objective is to determine corrective action and to prevent an occurrence.

The investigation should:

- □ Be conducted as soon as possible after the accident/incident and be done at the site.
- **u** Take samples of any chemicals if the incident involved spills, vapor release, etc.
- □ Photograph or make a sketch of the scene.
- □ Identify persons involved.
- □ Interview witnesses separately and as soon as possible after the incident.
- □ When conducting an interview look for facts not blame.
- Get complete information about the scene (machine number, equipment identification, etc.).
- Describe where incident took place including environmental conditions at the time of the incident.
- □ Determine corrective action to be taken and make sure it is documented and conveyed to all persons at the site.

The office manager will maintain all accident/incident reports and property loss data.

Facility/Job Site Inspections

Pollister Drilling, Corp. realizes the importance of a safe workplace environment. Therefore supervisors including those in maintence facilities, field operations, and office buildings, are required to conduct monthly (or at the start of each job on sites) inspections to determine potential hazards within the workplace. These hazards include, but are not limited to, the following examples:

- Broken steps.
- Inadequate/inoperative lighting.
- Blocked emergency exits.
- Fire extinguishers (recharged and inspected as required, accessible).
- Conditions of floors and walkways.
- Handrails.
- Electrical dangers.
- Housekeeping.
- Ensuring that first aid supplies are adequate, available and marked properly.
- Emergency Action plan posted.

- Employees instructed as to Emergency Action plan.
- Fire hazards.
- Guarding in place.
- Slip, Trip and Fall hazards.
- Employees wearing Proper Protective Equipment.
- Lockout in place (when needed).

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Pollister Drilling Corp. has established a written Hazard Communication (HAZCOM) program. All current and newly hired employees potentially exposed to chemicals must attend a HAZCOM training program. The program was developed to inform and train employees concerning the use and dangers associated to hazardous chemicals, controlling hazards, proper labeling of containers and understanding how to use Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS). The written program also outlines how to handle hazard communications as it applies to other persons working on job sites.

Hazard Determination

Pollister Drilling Corp. will rely on material safety data sheets obtained from product suppliers to meet hazard determination requirements.

Labeling

- 1. The tool pusher will be responsible for seeing that all containers entering the work place are properly labeled.
- 2. All labels shall be checked for:

- 1. Identity of material.
- □ Appropriate hazard warning for the material.
- □ Name and address of the responsible party. (Only if the container is received from the manufacturer, distributor, or importer.)
- 3. Each employee shall be responsible for ensuring that all portable containers used in the work place are labeled with the appropriate identity and hazard warning.

Chemical Material Lists

1. A listing of all chemicals used by this company will be kept in a log located in the dog house and in the main office.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

- 1. All MSDS will be kept in the dog house and in the supervisory vehicle.
- 2. Employees desiring a copy of a MSDS may obtain one by requesting for them in writing and giving the request to their supervisor.

Employee Information and Training

The Safety Director shall coordinate and maintain records of employee hazard communication training, including attendance rosters. Before their initial work assignment, each new employee will attend a hazard communication training class; this class will provide the following information and training.

Information

- **D** The requirements of the MIOSHA Hazard Communication Standard
- □ All operations in their work area where hazardous chemicals are present
- Location and availability of the written hazard communication program, the list of hazardous chemicals, and the MSDS

Training

- Methods and observations that can be used to detect the presence or release of hazardous chemicals in the work place.
- Physical and health hazards of the hazardous chemicals.
- □ Measures the employee should take to protect themselves from these hazards.
- □ Details of the hazard communication program-including explanation of the labeling system and MSDS s and how employees can obtain and use hazard information.
- 2. The employee shall be informed that:
 - □ The employer is prohibited from discharging, or discriminating against, an employee who exercises his or her rights to obtain information regarding hazardous chemicals used in the work place.

3. Before any new physical or health hazard is introduced into the work place, each employee who may be exposed to the substance will be given information in the same manner as during the hazard communication class.

Basic Rules and Procedures for Working with Chemicals

- 1. MSDS sheets must be assessable and readily available at all times. This includes a MSDS for each chemical in the facility.
- 2. Before a contractor begins work the site supervisor will inform them of any potential chemical hazard and make MSDS available.
- 3. In case of eye or skin contact with chemicals, promptly flush the area with water for an extended period (15 minutes), remove contaminated clothing and seek medical attention. Emergency eyewash and shower must be within 25 feet of corrosive material.
- 4. If trained promptly clean up spills using PPE, and dispose of all materials properly.
- 5. Do not smell or taste chemicals.
- 6. Do not eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or apply cosmetics in rooms where laboratory chemicals are present. Wash hands before conducting these activities.
- 7. Do not use glassware or utensils used in laboratory operations to handle food or beverages.
- 8. Do not store food or beverages in chemical storage areas.
- 9. All chemicals should be properly labeled and stored.

Chemical Handling and Storage

- 1. No container should be received, accepted or transported which has been damaged or does not have appropriate labeling.
- 2. Stored chemicals should be examined periodically (monthly) for replacement, deterioration and container integrity.
- 3. When containers are hand carried containers should be sealed
- 4. Incompatible chemicals must not be stored near each other.

Understanding a MSDS

A MSDS is a written information sheet about a specific hazardous chemical in order to facilitate the employees understanding of the MSDS, a component explanation has been included.

Section 1 Manufacture and Address – self-explanatory

Section 2 Hazardous Ingredients/Identity – Here the chemical and common names of all constituents should be listed. If the products hazard determination was made as a mixture or compound then the common name of the product or chemical name of the compound will suffice.

Section 3 Physical/Chemical Characteristics – This section will tell you what to expect from the chemical. This is important to guarantee proper handling, fire and spill response procedures.

Boiling Point – The temperature at which the material will boil. If the material is mixed a range will be given.

Vapor Pressure – Tells how much vapor the material may produce. A high vapor pressure indicates that the material will readily evaporate.

Vapor Density – Tells how heavy a vapor is relative to an equal amount of air. A high vapor density will tell that a material will tend to accumulate at the bottom of tanks.

Solubility In Water – Indicates the solubility of the substance in water.

Specific Gravity – Indicates how heavy the material is relative to water.

Evaporation Rate – You must be careful when interpreting evaporation rate data. There are two commonly used bases to derive a figure. Ethyl Ether is used as bases for determining evaporation rates of highly volatile solvents. In this case, values higher than 1 indicate less rapid evaporation than ether. Butyl acetate is the standard used for less volatile solvents and values greater than 1 indicate evaporation rates greater than butyl acetate.

Melting Point – Temperature at which a solid material melts.

Appearance And Color – self-explanatory

Section 4 Fire and Explosion Hazard Data – This information is intended to help you in case of an emergency. Special attention should be taken to understand how to interpret the data quickly and correctly.

Flash Point – This figure indicates the temperature at which a material will ignite. There are two methods to determine this closed cup and open cup so the method must be spelled out.

Flammable Limits – This gives the range of concentrations of gas or vapor which will burn or explode if an ignition source is available.

Extinguishing Media – Cites the appropriate extinguishing media for the material.

Special Fire Fighting Precautions – A list of special provisions including personal protective equipment and procedures.

Unusual Fire and Expulsion Hazards - Lists any peculiarities the material may demonstrate during fire fighting procedures, For example, this section could contain the following: "Extremely flammable, water reactive, vapors heaver than air could flow along floor to alternate ignition sources."

Section 5 Reactivity Data – This information helps the user determine safe storage procedures. This section should provide information on material stability and reactivity and should state what other chemicals or substances to avoid when chandelling the material.

Stability – Tells how easily a material becomes self-reactive and under what conditions it is likely to do so.

Incompatibility – Tells what chemicals that the material come in contact with that should be avoided.

Hazardous Decomposition Or By Products – Lists hazards chemicals that are produced if the material is burned, oxidized or heated.

Hazardous Polymerization – Usually a yes, or no, response indicative of whether or not hazardous polymerization is likely to occur. If yes, then conditions by which the reaction could take place should be listed.

Section 6 Health Hazard Data – This section gives pertinent data and effects of exposure.

Routs of Entry – This information tells you how the chemical is most likely to enter the body. Also indicated should be any potential routs of entry in a foreseeable emergency situation.

Health Hazards – Indicates what potential health effects of exposure to the material are and whether the effects are acute or chronic. Acute effects are those that occur from a concentrated dose of the material over a short time. A chronic condition is usually associated with conditions associated with continuous, low level exposures.

Carcinogenicity – Tells if the material is carcinogenic or not.

Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure – The most common symptoms of exposure are described in this section.

Medical Conditions Most Generally Aggravated By Exposure – Those medical conditions generally recognized as aggravated by exposure to the material.

Section 7 Precautions For Safe Handling – This section provides specific guidelines for handling this chemical and chemical spills and hazardous disposal.

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Spilled Or Released – May specifically recommend materials to lean up a spill and actions to be taken to protect people.

Waste Disposal Methods – Recommendations for waste disposal meeting local, state and federal regulations.

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storage – This section recommends storage methods and hazards to avoid.

Other Precautions – Other hazards, which should be noted, will be specifically addressed.

Section 8 Control Measures – This section lists protective equipment to be used, types of ventilation and general precautions to consider.

Respiratory Protection – Type of respirator to use Ventilation – Type of ventilation suggested for working with the material. Protective Gloves – Recommends types of gloves to be used Eye Protection – Indicates type of eye protection.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal Protective Equipment provides a barrier between the hazard and the person. For visitors PPE will be made available on a loaned basis.

General Guidelines

- Pollister Drilling Corp. management is responsible for conducting personal protective equipment hazard assessments for work exposures in their areas of responsibility. This assessment will be used, as the foundation for determining personal protective equipment needs.
- Personal protective equipment must meet standards established by recognized governmental and/or industry groups.
- Personal handling chemicals or other agents must wear proper eye or face protection, respiratory protection as called for in the chemicals MSDS, gloves and aprons.
- □ Employees are responsible for proper cleaning and storage of their assigned PPE.
- □ Additional eye/face protection such as goggles and/or face shields must be worn during grinding, welding, drilling, scraping or any operation where foreign objects may enter the eye.

Head Protection

- □ Approved hard hats are to be worn in field operations and other designated areas.
- □ All hard hats shall meet the minimum requirements set forth by ANSI Z89.1.1997 (type 1 or class E hardhats).

Eye Protection

- □ Approved safety eyewear with side shields are to be worn in the field operations and other designated areas. ANZI approved eyewear is to be worn over non- ANZI approved eyewear or any not having eye shields.
- □ Safety glasses must be equipped with rigid side shields and meet or exceed ANZI Z87.i.
- □ Filter lenses are required for arc welding or cutting.

Hearing Protection

□ Hearing protection must be worn in designated high noise areas. (85 dba or higher).

Hand Protection

- Personal must wear hand protection appropriate for the assigned task when performing work that may cause injury to the hands.
- Electrical lineman's gloves are to be provided when working in voltages greater than 50 VAC and replaced or tested every six months by an approved independent laboratory. Wearers of the lineman's gloves are to test for holes or leaks before each use. Defective or damaged gloves must not be used. Any glove found defective or damaged should be destroyed and replaced immediately.

Foot Protection

- □ Safety shoes are required when managements PPE hazard assessment dictate the need.
- □ Safety shoes must meet or exceed ANZI Z41.1 (Compression and impact ratings).

Flame Resistant Clothing

- □ Flame resistant clothing is required when management's hazard assessment dictates the use.
- □ Flame resistant clothing must meet or exceed Federal Test Standard CS-191A (<2.0 second after flame and no more than 6.0 inches char length).

Fall Hazard

- □ Fall protection equipment shall be worn when working 6 feet or more above an established working surface.
- □ Fall protection equipment will be used when working conditions dictate.
- □ Fall protection equipment is required at all times regardless of heights when immediate danger exists below the working surface and when no guardrails are present.
- A Fall Arrest System shall consist of a full body harness, shock-absorbing lanyard, and double locking snap hook attached to a stationary approved anchor point. Other fall protection systems may include a self retracting lanyard a cable grabbing device and cable restraint system.
- Employees shall inspect the fall protection system prior to each use.
- □ Remove from service and item/component that has experienced a fall.

Respiratory Protection

- Respiratory protection is required when working in areas where respiratory hazards are present. Some hazards may be H2S, galvanized pipe welding, spray-painting, sandblasting and asbestos.
- Only properly trained and medically approved persons are allowed to use respirators.
- □ Respirators will be chosen that are proper for the associated hazard.

Confined Space

Some job sites that Pollister Drilling Corp. employees work at have confined spaces. It is the policy of Pollister Drilling Corp. that no employees will enter a confined space. If a confined space needs to be entered the employee will contact his/her immediate supervisor immediately and not proceed with that aspect of their job. The supervisor will make arrangements for properly trained persons to do any entry.

A confined space is defined as:

- □ Is large enough and so configured that an employee can bodily enter and perform assigned task.
- Has limited or restricted means of entry or exit (for example, tanks, vessels, silos, storage bins, hoppers, vaults, and pits are spaces that may have limited means of entry and egress).
- □ Is not designed for continuous employee occupancy.
- Contains or has the potential of containing a hazardous atmosphere.
- Contains a material that has the potential for engulfment or entrapment.
- □ Has a eternal configuration such that a entrant could be trapped or asphyxiated by inward converging walls or buy floor which slopes downward and tapers to a smaller cross section.
- Contains any other recognized safety or health concern.

All confined spaces at Pollister Drilling Corp. job sites will be properly identified as such. Employees who may work around confined spaces will attend a confined space awareness class.

Bloodborne Pathogens

Pollister Drilling Corp. employees who are properly trained may administer First Aid/CPR when necessary. Administering first aid is the only anticipated exposure for Pollister Drilling Corp. employees.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will ensure that all employees with occupational exposure participate in a training awareness program.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will develop and implement a written Exposure Control Plan for all employees that it can "reasonably anticipate exposure" to infectious material. The exposure control plan will be made accessible to all employees.

Exposure Determinations

- 1. Contaminated Sharps any contaminated object can penetrate the skin (broken glass share steel).
- 2. Human Body Fluids Blood and body fluid that is visibly contaminated with blood, seaman, vaginal secretions, cerebrospinal fluid, synovial fluid, pleural fluid, pericardial fluid, peritoneal fluid, amniotic fluid, saliva.
- 3. Parenteral Human bites, cuts, abrasions.

Employees administering first aid will be required to acquire certification in first aid/CPR training and remain updated. Employees will take every precaution when administering first aid as to eliminate exposures to infectious material.

Exposure determinations will be made without regards to the use of PPE.

Under situations in which differential between body fluids is difficult or impossible, all body fluids will be considered infectious.

Employees will immediately notify their immediate supervisor in the event of a possible exposure to bodily fluids (materials). The employee will perform any first aid required and take steps necessary to assure the safety of all around.

Employees are required to wear the specified PPE when working in potentially hazardous environments.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will take every precaution to eliminate the possibility of exposure of infectious materials to employees.

If hand washing facilities are not available at job sites Pollister Drilling Corp. will provide either an antiseptic hand cleaner and paper towels or antiseptic toilettes to its employees. All specimens of blood or potentially infectious materials will be put into a labeled, leak proof bag for handling if a bio bag is not available.

All equipment or environmental surfaces will be cleaned and decontaminated after contact with blood or other infectious materials.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will make available the Hepatitis "B" vaccine to all employees that have occupational exposures.

The Tool Pusher will maintain an accurate record for each employee with occupational exposures.

Records will contain the following:

- 1. Dates and contents of training.
- 2. Names and job titles of attendees.

Records will be maintained for a minimum of three years.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will make available all records to employees upon written request.

LOCKOUT

The purpose of lockout is to prevent personal injury and property damage due to start-up of electrically driven machinery, electrical systems, hydraulic systems and other equipment which may under repair or maintence is being preformed.

State and federal law requires a written procedure for establishing lockout. As an employee of Pollister Drilling Corp. you will be trained and expected to follow the lockout procedure spelled out below:

- □ Alert all affected persons that power is being disconnected.
- Before starting repair, service or set up work on machinery or equipment the person (s) performing work shall make sure all power is disconnected (and any hazardous residual pressure removed or relieved) prior to doing such work. A padlock provided by the company shall be placed at the point of power disconnect where lockout is required by each person (s) performing work. Individual locks shall be used or an authorized employee of each crew shall be responsible for placing the lock and determining that each crewmember is clear before removing the lock (s), or a supervisor may place the lock (s) for which he/she has the only key, and assuring that all crew members are clear before removing the lock(s) at the time of lockout. Before work is started on equipment or machinery a test to verify that power is disconnected will be preformed.
- No one other than the person(s) placing the lock(s) for lockout shall remove the lock(s) or restore power. (Exception: A Supervisor may remove a lock and restore power after a thorough check to verify that no person(s) will be exposed to danger by energizing machinery or equipment).
- □ If it is necessary for maintence or repair of machinery or equipment to be continued into the next day or shift. The lock of the original employee(s) shall be removed by those persons in the presence of the oncoming shift who will than place their lock(s) on the disconnect. All affected employees shall be notified of this.
- A machine disconnect to an electrical source by a plug in cord shall be considered in compliance if the plug is disconnected and tagged, provided that the plug is a legal disconnecting means. (Plugs are acceptable as disconnecting means only for portable motors and 110V fixed equipment).

Fall Hazard

It is the policy of Pollister Drilling Corp. that all fall hazards can be eliminated or controlled.

Fall protection equipment shall be worn when working 6 feet or more above an established working surface (i.e. ramps, runways, and other walkways, excavations, hoist areas, holes, formwork and reinforcing steel, leading edge work, unprotected sides and edges, overhead work, roofing work, precast concrete erection, wall openings, residential construction, and other walking/working surfaces). Fall protection shall also be worn when working conditions dictate such as hazardous warnings, dangers below working surfaces, unprotected edges, and no guard rails present.

The minimum requirements for fall protection shall be a full body harness, shock absorber, double locking snap hooks, and lanyard attached to a stationary support. Other fall protection systems (i.e. inertia reel, a cable grabbing device, guardrail systems, safety net systems, positioning devise systems, and warning line systems) are available and may be used with appropriate approval. All components of a fall protection system shall meet the latest revision of ANSI A10.14.

For situations where it is necessary to unhook to change locations, secondary safety line equipment shall be provided to individuals climbing or working above the working surface to insure they are properly protected from falls at all times.

Supervisors will assess the work area to determine if the walking or working surfaces on which employees are to work have strength and structural integrity to safely support workers. Employees are not permitted to work on those surfaces until it has been determined that the surfaces have the requisite strength and structure integrity to support the employees. Once management determines that the surface is safe to work on the site supervisor will determine the type of fall protection needed.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will train employees on how to identify fall hazards, how to properly wear required fall protection, and how to inspect equipment to be worn or used if there job requires.

Electrical Safety

Electrical Safe Work Practices:

All electrical work will be done in accordance with the latest codes, standards, and regulations including, but not limited to NEC, OSHA, subpart S, and the National Electrical Safety Code (NESC, latest edition) and any State/Local standards.

Hazardous electrical maintence will only be done by qualified (according to OSHA regulations) electricians using Proper Protective Equipment. All personal protective equipment shall meet OSHA standard 1910.137 (electrical protective equipment).

All power lines shall be considered energized unless proper measures have been taken to deenergized. When work is performed near energized overhead power lines, equipment shall not be permitted within 10 feet of power lines rated 50 KV or below. For energized lines rated above 50 KV, the minimum distance between power lines and equipment or its load should be 10 feet plus .4 inch for every 1 KV over 50 KV or twice the length of the line insulator- BUT NEVER LESS THAN 10 FEET unless the power line is de-energized.

All stored energy shall be discharged by a qualified person prior to beginning work. The qualified person must verify the equipment is de-energized and proper lockout procedures are in place prior to working on the equipment.

- 1. All electrical equipment shall be properly grounded and/or bonded.
- 2. Treat all electrical equipment as if it were energized.
- 3. Check the insulation and electrical cords of portable electrical tools before placing them into service. Use GFI.
- 4. De-Energize electrical circuits before work begins.
- 5. Do not contribute overloading circuits.
- 6. Use proper tools. Hard hats and ladders must be nonconductive.
- 7. Do not wear rings and loose jewelry.
- 8. Avoid working on electrical circuits or equipment while clothing or shoes are wet, or while hands or feet are in water.
- 9. When operating a disconnect standoff to one side.

Housekeeping

Good housekeeping is the most visible evidence of Pollister Drilling Corp. management and employee concern and commitment to health and safety of its employees and community. Orderliness in the work place contributes to a safe working environment by minimizing obstacles and potential safety hazards threats such as spills, trip hazards etc.

- □ All job sites/areas shall be kept clean and orderly, free of clutter and trash, so work may proceed in a safe and orderly manner.
- □ Combustible materials, such as used rags, waste, and shavings shall be kept in approved containers.
- Floors and platforms should be kept free of oil, grease, and water. Where the type of operation produces slippery conditions, approved methods shall be used to reduce the hazards.
- □ Stairways, aisles, permeate roadways, walkways, and material storage areas in yards shall be kept clear and free of obstructions and tripping hazards. If the material cannot be cleared, the hazard shall be clearly identified.
- □ Materials and supplies shall be stored in a orderly manner to prevent injuries.
- □ Washing and toilet facilities shall be maintained in a sanitary condition using approved disinfectants and cleaners.
- □ Smokeless tobacco, cigarettes, cigars, pipe ashes, and residue shall be disposed of in appropriate containers.
- □ Tools should be safely placed during use and promptly put away.
- □ Clearly identify fire-fighting and life-saving equipment and do not block the path to this equipment.
- Keep all escape routs clear and free of any obstructions.
- Cleanliness of machinery, tools, and other equipment are important housekeeping requirements.

Hot Work
The following procedures should be adhered to at a minimum when hot work is to be done. (Cutting, Welding)

- 1. Make sure all appropriate personnel are aware of the hot work plans.
- 2. PPE needs to be worn such as proper type of eyewear(helmet, hand shield, goggles, spectacles, the proper tinted devices need to be determined by what type of cutting or welding is done) protective clothing (welding gloves, spats if needed, flame retardant coveralls).
- 3. The supervisor or a person appointed by the supervisor shall inspect the work area for flammable materials.
- 4. Isolate all possible fuel sources.
- 5. Check the atmosphere for explosive vapors.
- 6. Utilize a fire watch while the hot work is being done. Maintain a fire watch for at least ten minutes after the work is done.
- 7. The fire watch shall have a fire extinguisher readily available and shall have been trained in its use. This person is also responsible to see that it is in good working order before and after the watch. (Inspect the Extinguisher).
- 8. Double check the area before it is left to make sure no sources remain.

If a break or lunch is taken during the hot work, the above procedure must be repeated and ensured before hot work resumes.

Contractor Safety

Contractors are used by Pollister Drilling Corp. to do jobs as contracted. When on job sites or under contract to Pollister Drilling Corp. all contractors will be required to abide by the following;

- Provide upon request a copy of the companies written safety policies and procedures that are applicable for the type of work to be preformed.
- Provide upon request documentation of employee safety training pertaining to applicable duties of work to be preformed.
- Co Pollister Drilling Corp.
- Contractors are required to do tailgate safety meetings.
- Contractors are required to develop Emergency Action Plans applicable to job sites that they are working on and make sure their employees are aware of these plans.
- Contractors are responsible for developing and training their employees in procedures adequate to ensure safe operations.
- Contractors are fully responsible for providing their employees with all necessary protective and safety equipment and training in its proper use.
- Contractors must have a plan to document and correct all near-miss incidents. This plan is to include reporting of these incidents by their employees.
- Contractors must abide by all applicable laws and regulations including federal and state MIOSHA, OSHA standards.

Contractors must assure that all machinery and equipment they furnish is in safe running order, inspected regularly, and maintained properly.

DISCIPLINARY POLICY

Pollister Drilling Corp. believes that all of its employees should take pride in their jobs and desire to perform them in a safe, efficient, and effective manner. The company's policy of disciplinary action sets forth the rules of conduct as currently established by the company. All employees are responsible for knowing, understanding, and abiding by these rules:

- As a condition of employment, all Pollister Drilling Corp. employees are required to participate actively in company safety programs and to follow safety regulations in the interest of on the job accident prevention.
- Willful disregard of safety practices, company rules, instructions, or the welfare of fellow employees has no place at this company. This kind of behavior may lead to injuries, damage to products or equipment and damaged relations with customers.
- Pollister Drilling Corp. considers safety to be an important aspect of job performance issues, an employee's failure to adhere to the company's safety policies or engaging in conduct, which is contrary to workplace, employee, public, or customer safety may subject an employee to disciplinary action up to and including immediate termination. Additionally, at the company's discretion, an employee may be directed to obtain safety training or retraining, as the company deems necessary.

Substance Abuse Policy

Pollister Drilling Corp. recognizes that substance abuse such as alcohol and drugs are used by individuals, sometimes too the extent that their abilities and senses are impaired. Our policy

regarding substance abuse is the same if it were alcohol, illegal drugs, unreported prescription drugs, or a controlled substance.

This policy is implemented because Pollister Drilling Corp. believes that the impairment of any Pollister Drilling Corp. employee, due to his or her substance uses, is likely to result in the risk of injury to his or her and other employees or to a third party such as costumers or company guests.

"Impairment" or "being inpaired" means that an employee's normal physical or mental abilities, of faculties, while at work have been detrimentally affected by use of substances Pollister Drilling Corp. will do testing for substances defined above as follows:

- 1. Pre-employment.
- 2. Post accident per DOT if applicable.
- 3. Random basis per DOT if applicable.
- 4. Reasonable cause which is defined as:

Company belief that substance abuse exhists (such as evidence of substances, accidents, injuries on the job, fights or other behavioral symptoms, negative performances, excessive absenteeism or tardiness).

Employees who test positive may be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will adhere to Federal Confidentiality Laws and Regulations as noted in 42 CFR, Part II.

The employee who begins work while impaired or who becomes impaired while at work has violated a Company rule and is subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge. Likewise the use, possession, transfer, or sale of any substance on company premises including company vehicles or in any Pollister Drilling Corp. parking lot, storage area, or job site is prohibited. Further, premises of customers shall be deemed as if they were company premises with the same rule violation and disciplinary action.

Employees who are taking a prescription drugs are required to report this to their supervisor. This is for the protection of the employee and for safety purposes in case of an adverse reaction to the drug while at work, so the employee is not falsely accused of taking illegal substances. Pollister Drilling Corp. will check employee lockers on company property and company vehicles if there is a suspicion of drug or alcohol being present.

When an employee is involved in the use, possession, transfer, or sale of a substance in violation of this policy, Pollister Drilling Corp. may notify appropriate authorities. Such notice will be given only after such an incident has been investigated and reviewed by the employee's supervisor and management.

Pollister Drilling Corp. will assist an employee who requests help with substance abuse, if the employee asks for help. The company will not require it. Should disciplinary action be pending against an employee who asks for help, Pollister Drilling Corp. will assist, assuming that the

employee remains employed; nonetheless, regular disciplinary action will proceed. If the employee is terminated, Pollister Drilling Corp. will not continue any program. Voluntary, successful participation in a recovery or rehabilitative program by an employee may be a mitigating factor in any disciplinary action depending on the facts and circumstances of each individual case. In some cases disciplinary action may be suspended, or the employee placed on probation, pending successful completion of recovery program.

Company FLEET POLICY

Pollister Drilling Corp. recognizes that employees are our most valuable asset and a key to our success. We recognize that almost half of all occupational fatalities involve traffic accidents. Thus, it is important to lie out guidelines and expectations for our employees who drive company vehicles. This is done to support employee safety, public safety and our continued success as a business.

Following are the guidelines you are to follow when using Pollister Drilling Corp. vehicles:

- Use of a company vehicle is limited to the employee. If driven home, a spouse may drive for short, occasional trips to the store, etc. Use by any other person must be approved by Management and will require a motor vehicle records check provided to Management by the primary driver.
- In order to assure adequate driving experience no one under the age of 22 will be given permission to drive company vehicles.
- Your driving record will be checked at time of hire, and following any "chargeable accident". Any serious driving offense (e.g. reckless driving, DUIL, etc.) even in your personal vehicle may lead to eliminating your driving privileges. Pollister Drilling Corp. will take action on any driver who has more than 5 points assessed in the most recent 3 year period.
- Any driver who receives a ticket involving moving violations (even in their personal vehicle) must inform Management within 48 hours.
- Driving a company vehicle is a privilege. The vehicle, as with any company property, is not to be abused. The vehicle should not be overloaded or operated in an unsafe manner. Trash should not be left in the vehicle.
- All accidents involving the company vehicle are to be reported to Management within 24 hours.
- Needless to say, State traffic laws are to be followed when operating your company vehicle. Seat belts are to be worn by every person in the vehicle. There is to be no driving if you are under the influence of alcohol or drugs. In this regard, State Laws are Company policy and any violation will lead to discipline up to and including termination.
- Driving requires your undivided attention. Drivers should plan accordingly. Cell phones may be used, but numbers should be stored in memory, or dialed prior to driving. Maps and instructions should be reviewed while parked.
- Drivers must conduct a 360-degree walk-around before getting into their vehicle.
- Drivers must do a tire maintence check, which includes ensuring tires have proper tread depth and properly inflated.

Safety and emergency equipment

The following safety and emergency devices are required as minimum equipment to be carried in Company vehicles and maintained in an operable condition at all times. Supervisors may increase equipment such equipment in accordance with driver and equipment exposure, such as tire chains, hydraulic jacks, and flashlights.

- □ Autos 1-First Aid Kit and 1-2 ¾ LB ABC Fire Extinguisher.
- □ P/U Trucks 1-First Aid Kit. And 1-6LB BC Fire Extinguisher.
- Personal Use: Pollister Drilling Corp. allows you to operate your assigned company vehicle for personal use provided:
 - 1. Only you or your spouse drives the car and you are both licensed in the state where you live.

- 2. If your spouse chooses to operate the company vehicle, a current MVR must be provided.
- 3. You don't use the vehicle to tow trailers of any kind or to carry loads with rooftop or other luggage racks.
- 4. You park the vehicle at home at no cost to

Temporary Alternative Duty Return to Work Program

When there is a work related injury or illness and the employee is released to perform limited duty work, the employee must report to the company and present the attending physicians statements indicating the extent of restrictions and the duration of time the restrictions cover. Pollister Drilling Corp. may call the attending physician and request information to determine if they can call the employee back into the work force to do limited duties

The company will review the employee's former position and any temporary work alternative work, which might be available to determine whether the employee can be returned to work on a temporary basis.

If temporary alternative duty work is available the employee must come in to do the tasks.

If temporary alternative duty work is not available, the employee must continue to inform the company of his/her condition and the company will review what the physician's statements are. At any time during the leave the company may come up with alternate duty assignment and clear it through the attending physician and return the employee back to work.

Material Handling Equipment

All material handling equipment must have roll over protection. Although forklifts are indispensable tools for moving heavy objects, their operation and proper maintence require special precautions and training. The use of forklifts is restricted to trained personnel that have been authorized by their supervisor to operate the forklift.

- 1. All operators of forklifts must be trained and re-trained every 3 years.
- 2. All operators of forklifts must have permit to operate a forklift.
- 3. Inspect forklifts before and after use, checking warning and safety devices (i.e. brakes, lights, steering, seat brake, backup alarms and hydraulic operation).
- 4. Seat belts must be worn when operating forklifts.
- 5. Make sure brakes are set and the wheels are blocked on a trailer or railcar that is being loaded or unloaded to prevent movement.
- 6. When the forklift is not in use the forks must be resting on the ground.

- 7. Handle loads that the forklift is capable of lifting safely.
- 8. Carry loads low with the forks tilted back.
- 9. Do not allow any person to stand or walk under lifted loads.
- 10. Do not use the forklift to raise people for overhead work without an approved, load rated platform equipped with a mast protector and having the platform properly secured to the forklift.
- 11. Move 55 gallon barrels on pallets, a barrel rack, in a basket, or with a barrel handling extension. Barrels must not be sandwiched together between the forks.
- 12. Forklift must be shut off prior to exiting the equipment.

Refresher training is required whenever one of the following occurs:

- □ The operator is involved in a accident or near miss.
- **u** The operator has been observed operating the equipment is an unsafe manner.
- □ The operator has been determined in their evaluation to need more training.
- □ There are changes in the work place that could affect safe operation (i.e. different types of paving, reconfigured storage racks, new layout or restricted sight).

Hazard Assessment Form

Instructions: This hazard assessment form was developed to assist our organization with the hazard assessment requirements of the Personal Protective Equipment Standard.

Job Classification:	
Completed By	 _Date

Head Hazards: Tasks that can cause head hazards include: Working below other workers who are using tools or materials that could fall, working on energized electrical equipment, working with chemicals, and working under machinery or processes which might cause materials or objects to fall.

Protection needed yes _____ no ____ Description of hazard _____

EYE Hazards: Tasks that can cause eye hazards include: Working with chemicals, chipping, grinding, sanding, welding, flying objects, woodworking.

	Protection needed	yes	no	Description	of hazard
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Hand Hazards: Tasks that can cause hand hazards include: cutting material, working with chemicals, working with hot items, working with cold items, working with sharp objects. Protection needed yes_____ no____ Description of hazard ______

Foot Hazards: Tasks that can cause foot hazards include: Carrying or handling of material that could be dropped, performing manual material handling, and working with chemicals. Protection needed yes_____ no____ Description of hazard ______

Noise Hazards: Tasks that can create noise hazards include: Grinding, running motors, running equipment, working in loud areas, metal shops, and hammering. Protection required yes_____ no_____ Description of hazard______

Dust/Fume/Mist Hazards: Tasks that can create a dust/fume hazard include: Working in dusty areas, grinding, welding, blowdowns, spray painting, working with chemicals. **Protection required yes_____ no_____ Description of hazard _____**

Drug and Alcohol Policy Acknowledgement

I, the undersigned employee, have received and reviewed Pollister Drilling Corp. Drug and Alcohol Policy.

Signature

Date

Company Safety Manual Acknowledgement

I, the undersigned employee acknowledge receipt of the Pollister Drilling Corp. Safety Manual and agree to read and study it. I also agree to abide by these guidelines to the best of my ability during my employment with Pollister Drilling Corp.

Signature

Date

Crown Block, Traveling Block, Hook, Kelly and Hose

Crown Block

Crown Block assemblies should be securely bolted in place. This applies particularly to the gudgeon caps to prevent the sheaves from jumping out of the bearings and falling to the derrick floor. Crown protection devices must be properly adjusted and maintained. The drawworks should be shut down when the crown block is to be greased.

Traveling Block

The sheaves of every traveling block must be guarded with suitable heavy metal nip-point guards. These guards should be designed so that they will enclose the sheaves and prevent an employee's hand from being drawn into the nip-point where the hoisting line begins contact with the sheaves. Traveling Block sheave guards must be securely fastened to the block. The drill line should be threaded through the crown block and the traveling block while the traveling block is on the derrick floor or secured to the derrick. The traveling block should be inspected and lubricated during each daylight tour.

Hook

Every drilling hook should be equipped with a well-constructed and securely fastened rotary latch, which will prevent the load from becoming disengaged from the hook. Unless positive latches are used on hooks, a wire line string should be used to prevent the elevator bails from falling should they be dislodged from the hook. Safety latches on hooks must be maintained rigid so that a jar from the lavatory will not unhook them. The hook should be kept closed whenever the block is in the derrick.

Kelly

The pressure rating of the Kelly cock must exceed maximum pressure expected to be encountered at any time during drilling or completion operations. The Kelly cock wrench must be readily accessible on the rig floor. It should be tested when the BOP equipment is tested. If the Kelly is racked in the derrick or mast, a platform should be provided for the employee to stand on when he racks the Kelly. The Kelly should remain in the rathole until the employee hook has been locked in the swivel to prevent the Kelly from disengaging during lifting or drilling.

Hose

The pump end of the drilling hose must be securely fastened to the derrick b a cable of not less than 5/8" diameter or by a chain not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick clamped to the hose and the derrick leg. The swivel end of the hose must be secured by a similar chain or cable clamped to the body, and the other end should be fastened to the body of the swivel. Do not fasten the cable or chain to the swivel gooseneck.

A continuous steel cable should be clamped to each section of all steel drilling hose sections to prevent any section from whipping. This cable must be anchored to the derrick leg and swivel.

Fittings and safety lines on the rotary hose must be inspected frequently to determine whether repairs or replacement might be required.

If high pumping pressure is required to start circulation, crew members should stay away from the rotary hose and the fluid end of the mud pumps as a safety measure against a rupture or gasket blowout.

Derrick, Derrick Platforms, And Accessories

Reasonable provisions should be made to prevent standard derrick and telescoping masts from overturning because of wind velocity. The guying system should be constructed in accordance with generally recognized safe practices, manufactures specifications and Safety Standards.

Portable telescoping masts should be equipped with a safety device designed to engage automatically, and thus prevent the upper section of the mast from falling at an unsafe rate of speed should the lifting mechanism fail when the upper section is being raised or lowered.

Mud system stand pipes should be securely fastened to the derrick or mast leg, or the derrick mast girts, immediately adjacent to the structure leg, unless other equivalent support is provided.

A well constructed pipe racking support, designed primarily to prevent pipe from falling, should be provided near the top of the stand pipe. This support should be so constructed that it will, with the mast, completely enclose the pipe. Pipe racking fingers should have safety lines attached to the fingers and secured to the rack to prevent any finger from falling should it be broken.

Whenever corrugated iron or other metal, or wood is attached to the derrick for the protection of employees against adverse weather, it should be secured so that it cannot be blown or shaken off the derrick.

An auxiliary means of escape must be provided from the principal inside derrick platform of a standard-type derrick and from the pipe racking platform on a mast. Standards require that the escape lines should be free of knots, splices or other obstructions. Tension of the escape must be periodically checked and adjusted to assure safe landing of the user. Tension must be such that a person descending on the escape line may stop 20 to 25 feet from the anchor point. The ground anchor point of the escape line must be located a minimum lateral distance from the derrick or mast equal to the height above the ground where the connecting point of the escape line is secured to the derrick or mast. To facilitate escape, the ground level area of not less than 10 feet from the derrick floor shall be maintained clear of equipment and supplies not in use or not part of the drilling or servicing operations.

Derrick Platforms

All derricks and portable masts must be equipped with approved fixed ladders to provide access to all work areas from the floor to the crown platform. The derrickman must be able to ascend and descend onto solid flooring on the platform before detaching the climber's safety belt and putting on the derrick working safety belt.

Platforms must be provided on masts for employees to stand on while they handle pipe or other equipment racked in or on the mast. These platforms must completely cover the space between the working edges and the main structure member to which they are secured. A platform must be provided completely across each outer side of the mas5t adjacent to, and level with the ends of the pipe racking support. The outer edges of these platforms must be equipped with railings and toe boards. A platform must be provided inside the derrick at each elevation where an employee is normally required to handle pipe or other equipment which is racked in the derrick. The

working edge of the inside derrick platforms must be placed with sufficient clearance for reasonably safe passageway of the traveling block, in such a manner that it will permit the employee working on the platform to reach the elevator safely.

The stabbing board must be at least two inches thick and ten inches wide and strong enough to support a much heavier load than the weight of the stabber. Temporary working platforms, such as stabbing boards or swabbing boards must be fastened securely to the derrick at both ends and removed immediately following use. Inside derrick platforms (stabbing board excepted) must completely cover the space from the working edge back to the derrick with bolts or equivalent fastening to resist being shifted or accidentally dislodged while operating. The outer edges of the derrick crown platforms must be equipped with standard railings and toe boards.

Derrick Safety Rules

- An employee qualified in procedures for raising and lowering the mast must be in charge of raising and lowering operations and must do both of the following: visually inspect the raising or lowering mechanism, and assure that all tools and materials not secured are removed from the mast.
- Before imposing any load on a derrick or mast, all required load guys must be properly tightened.
- Mast crown sheaves must be guarded to prevent the hoisting line from being displaced from the grooves during all operations.
- Employees on the floor should avoid being under others working in the derrick.
- Derrick safety belts must be adjusted to the wearer and fit snugly and comfortably.
- The lifeline must be securely fastened to some part of the derrick in a way that will allow the worker to move as required, but have no excess slack. Lifelines should not be fastened to the same girt as the monkey board snubbing line.
- The lifeline worn by the stabber must be attached to the first girt above the stabbing board. As an alternate method, a soft rope equipped with metal rings to which the safety line is attached may be strung across the derrick with each end secured to the sides of the derrick.
- Derrick belts and lifelines must be maintained in good condition. They must be carefully inspected at regular intervals. <u>Damaged belts or belts subjected to in-service shock must be replaced immediately.</u>
- Working platforms above the derrick floor must be inspected to see that there are no loose tools, boards, or other equipment on them before any work is done from the platforms. They should be inspected after each stay on the platform.
- To avoid possible injury to the hand by grabbing the fast line, the derrickman should be careful to grasp only the deadline if he has to push the traveling block away from the working platform.
- If a pipe hook is used, it should be secured to some part of the derrick with 1/4inch wire line or a material of equal strength.
- If the derrickman sees a situation developing that might result in an accident, he should immediately give alarm to persons below.

- To eliminate slipping hazards, drilling rig floors must be kept free of mud and oil as is practical. Better footing is provided if the floor is washed while the next stand of pipe is being picked up. Nonskid materials are provided in some areas to prevent slipping.
- All counterweights above drilling rig floor, when not fully encased or running in permanent guides, shall have a safety chain or wire rope safety line anchored to the derrick or mast to secure them. The chain or wire rope shall be capable of sustaining the drop load and shall limit the drop of the counterweight to not less than seven feet from the floor.
- An unguarded opening big enough to permit a person to fall through shall not exist between the beams or main supports of the crown block.
- Chain hoists and snatch blocks must not be fastened to girts because any bending of girts weakens the derrick.
- All bolts and derrick members in bolted and substructures must be inspected and bolts tightened after each move.
- Do not weld on the derrick legs without approval of the derrick manufacturer.
- Loose boards and materials not in use should be removed from the derrick floor. Nails should be pulled out as the boards are taken up. Broken floor boards should be removed and replaced immediately. All new boards should be flush with the floor floorboards already in place.
- Steps and guardrails on the derrick floor should be maintained in good condition. If it is necessary to remove them temporarily during the installation of machinery, they should be replaced with out delay.
- Pipe left standing in the derrick must be made secure so that it will not shift and cause an unnecessary strain on the derrick.

Weight Indicator

A weight indicator must be provided and used on every rig. It must be so constructed, installed and maintained that it will accurately indicate the weight of the load suspended from the hoisting lines.

Jacks

Make sure the footings for the jacks are substantial. If necessary, boards or blocks underneath should be used. Jacks should be placed so that nothing will be in the way when operating their handles. A jack should never be left standing under a load with its handle in the socket. Never rely on jacks alone to support a load which employees must work under, substantial blocking should be used as well. Leveling jacks must have a safety l

6.5 Plat identifying the nearest drinking water wells to the proposed well site

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6.7 Materials Safety Data Sheets for all potentially toxic or hazardous materials to be stored on site

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

AMSOIL Propylene Glycol Antifreeze/Coolant

Section 1. Identification Date : 0 Version : 5				
GHS product identifier	: AMSOIL Propylene Glycol Antifreeze/Coolant			
Code	: ANT			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Identified uses				
Antifreeze.				
Supplier's details	: AMSOIL INC. One AMSOIL Center Superior, WI 54880 715-392-7101			
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls a (24/7)	accepted)		

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	:	While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	Not classified.
GHS label elements		
Signal word	:	No signal word.
Hazard statements	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Not applicable.
Response	:	Not applicable.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
Product code	;	ANT

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. **Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

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Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders : No specific treatment.

: No special protection is required.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: No special protection is required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	iv	e equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			
Spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with used product. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure lim	its	
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid. [Transparent.]
Color	:	Yellow.
Odor	:	Sweet.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	8 to 8.6
Melting point / Pour point	:	-32.222°C (-26°F)
Boiling point	:	107.78°C (226°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 99°C (210.2°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.02 to 1.06
Solubility	:	Miscible in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

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Hazardous	decomposition
products	

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological	<u>effects</u>
Acute toxicity	
There is no data available.	
Irritation/Corrosion	
There is no data available.	
Sensitization	
There is no data available.	
Carcinogenicity	
There is no data available.	
Specific target organ toxici	t <u>y (single exposure)</u>
There is no data available.	
Specific target organ toxici	t <u>y (repeated exposure)</u>
There is no data available.	
Aspiration hazard	
There is no data available.	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	2
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eve contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate offer	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	the and also entonic enects non-short and long term exposure
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure Potential immediate	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
effects	

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Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>	
There is no data available.	
Persistence and degradabilit	<u>ν</u>
Bioaccumulative potential	
There is no data available.	
<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: There is no data available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

AERG : Not applicable.

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Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) <u>SARA 302/304</u>	: Not listed

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No products were found. SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.		
SARA 311/312 Classification	: Not applicable.		
State regulations			
Massachusetts	: None of the compo	nents are listed.	
New York	: None of the compo	nents are listed.	
New Jersey	: The following comp	onents are listed: Propane-1,2-diol	
Pennsylvania	: The following comp	onents are listed: Propane-1,2-diol	
<u>California Prop. 65</u>			
No products were found.			
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Conve	<u>ntion List Schedules I, II</u>	& III Chemicals	
Ingredient name		List name	Status
Not listed.			
Montreal Protocol (Annex	<u>es A, B, C, E)</u>		·
Ingredient name		List name	Status
Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention or	n Persistent Organic Pol	lutants	
Ingredient name		List name	Status
Not listed.			
Rotterdam Convention or	<u>ı Prior Inform Consent (</u>	PIC)	
Ingredient name		List name	Status
Not listed.			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol	on POPs and Heavy Met	als	
Ingredient name		List name	Status
Not listed.			
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Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 02/15/2015
Date of previous issue	: 09/15/2013
Version	: 5
Prepared by	: AMSOIL INC.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET COTTON SEED HULLS

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME:	COTTON SEED HULLS	
CHEMICAL CLASS:	Cellulose material	
APPLICATIONS:	Oil well drilling fluid additive. Lost circulation material.	
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	281-561-1600	
SUPPLIER:	Supplied by a Business Unit of M-I L.L.C. P.O. Box 42842, Houston, Texas 77242-2842	
TELEPHONE: FAX:	See cover sheet for local supplier. 281-561-1509 281-561-7240	
CONTACT PERSON:	Sam Hoskin - Manager, Occupational Health	

2. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT NAME:	CAS No .:	CONTENTS :	EPA RQ:	TPQ:
Cotton dust (raw)		0-1 %		
Particulates Not Otherwise Classifi- ed (PNOC)		99-100 %		

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

CAUTION! MAY CAUSE EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing airborne product. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

This product is a/an This product is a powder. May form explosive dust-air mixtures. Slippery when wet. A nuisance dust.

ACUTE EFFECTS:

HEALTH HAZARDS, GENERAL:

Particulates may cause mechanical irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Particulate inhalation may lead to pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma. Dermatitis and asthma may result from short contact periods.

- INHALATION: May be irritating to the respiratory tract if inhaled.
- **INGESTION:** May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.
- SKIN: May be irritating to the skin.
- **EYES:** May be irritating to the eyes.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: SENSITIZATION:

Chronic exposure may cause an allergic response due to allergens or fungi on the dust.

CARCINOGENICITY:

IARC: Not listed. OSHA: Not regulated. NTP: Not listed.

ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

TARGET ORGANS:

Respiratory system, lungs. Skin. Eyes.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL:	Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.
INHALATION:	Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Perform artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Get medical attention.
INGESTION:	Drink a couple of glasses water or milk. Do not give victim anything to drink of he is unconscious. Get medical attention.
SKIN:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
EYES:	Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medica attention if any discomfort continues.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

AUTO IGNITION TEMP. (°F):	N/D
FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - LOWER(%):	N/D
FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - UPPER(%):	N/D

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Foam. Water spray, fog or mist.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: No specific fire fighting procedure given.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Dust in high concentrations may form explosive mixtures with air.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Irritating gases/vapors/fumes. Oxides of: Carbon.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Wear proper personal protective equipment (see MSDS Section 8).

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

Avoid generating and spreading of dust. Shovel into dry containers. Cover and move the containers. Flush the area with water. Do not contaminate drainage or waterways. Repackage or recycle if possible.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid handling causing generation of dust. Wear full protective clothing for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations. Eye wash and emergency shower must be available at the work place. Wash hands often and change clothing when needed. Provide good ventilation. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

Store at moderate temperatures in dry, well ventilated area. Keep in original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENT NA Cotton dust (raw)	ME:	CAS No.:	OSHA PEL: TWA: STEL: 1	ACGIH TLV: TWA: STEL: 0.2	OTHER: TWA: STEL: UNITS: mg/m3	
PROTECTIVE EC	UIPMENT:			Y		
ENGINEERING C	ONTROLS: Use appropriate engine and keep worker expo	eering controls such as sure below the applica	s, exhaust ventilatio ble limits.	n and process enclo	sure, to reduce air contamination	
VENTILATION: Supply natural or mechanical ventilation adequate to exhaust airborne product and keep exposures below the applicable limits.						
RESPIRATORS: Use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or reuseable particulate respirator. In work environm containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or reuseable particulate respirator.						
PROTECTIVE GI	-OVES: Use suitable protective	e gloves if risk of skin	contact.			
EYE PROTECTIO	DN: Wear dust resistant sat	fety goggles where the	re is danger of eye of	contact.		
PROTECTIVE CL	.OTHING: Wear appropriate cloth	hing to prevent repeate	ed or prolonged skir	n contact.		
HYGIENIC WOR	K PRACTICES: Wash promptly with s possibility of contamin	oap and water if skin b nation.	pecomes contaminat	ed. Change work cl	othing daily if there is any	
9. PHYSICAI		L PROPERTIES				
APPEARANCE/F	HYSICAL STATE:	Powder, dust.				

COLOR: ODOR: SOLUBILITY DESCRIPTION: DENSITY/SPECIFIC GRAVITY (g/ml): BULK DENSITY: VAPOR DENSITY (air=1): VAPOR PRESSURE: Powder, dust. Brown. Odorless or no characteristic odor. Insoluble in water. 0.24 TEMPERATURE (°F): 68 15 lb/ft3; 237 kg/m3 N/A N/A TEMPERATURE (°F):

3/6

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Normally stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid heat.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not polymerize.

POLYMERIZATION DESCRIPTION: Not relevant.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: No specific hazardous decomposition products noted.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

No toxicological data is available for this product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Contact M-I Environmental Affairs for ecological information.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT:

This product does not meet the criteria of a hazardous waste if discarded in its purchased form. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc, may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.

DISPOSAL METHODS:

Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that containers are empty by RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

PRODUCT RQ:

N/A

U.S. DOT: U.S. DOT CLASS:

Not regulated.

Not regulated.

CANADIAN TRANSPORT: TDGR CLASS:

0154 - COTTON SEED HULLS							
EA TRANSPORT: MDG CLASS:	Not regulated.						
AIR TRANSPORT: CAO CLASS:	Not regulated.						
15. REGULATORY INFORMAT	NON						
REGULATORY STATUS OF INGREDI NAME: Cotton dust (raw) Particulates Not Otherwise Classifi- ed (PNOC)	ENTS: CAS No:	TSCA: N/A N/A	CERCLA: No N/A	SARA 302: No N/A	SARA 313: No N/A	DSL(CAN): N/A N/A	
US FEDERAL REGULATIONS: WASTE CLASSIFICATION:	Not a hazardous waste by U.S. RCRA criteria. See Section 13.						
REGULATORY STATUS:	This Product or its components, if a mixture, is subject to following regulations (Not meant to be all inclusive - selected regulations represented):						
	SECTION 313: This product does not contain toxic chemical subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372. SARA 311 Categories:						
	 Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects. The components of this product are listed on or are exempt from the following international chemical registries: 						
	TSCA (U.S.) DSL (Canada)					
STATE REGULATIONS: STATE REGULATORY STATUS:	This product or its components, if a mixture, is subject to following regulations (Not meant to be all inclusive - selected regulations represented):. Illinois Right-to-Know. Pennsylvania Right-to-Know.						
	PROPOSITION 65: This product does not contain chemicals considered by the State of California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 as causing cancer or reproductive toxicity, and for which warnings are now required.						
CANADIAN REGULATIONS: REGULATORY STATUS:	This Material Product Regu	Safety Dat lations.	a Sheet has b	been prepared i	n compilance w	vith the Controled	
	Canadian WHMIS Classification: Not a Controlled Product.						

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NPCA HMIS HAZARD INDEX: FLAMMABILITY: REACTIVITY: * 1 Slight Hazard 1 Slight Hazard 0 Minimal Hazard

10154 - COTTON SEED HULLS	
NPCA HMIS PERS. PROTECT. INDEX:	E - Safety Glasses, Gloves, Dust Respirator
USER NOTES:	N/A = Not applicable N/D = Not determined
INFORMATION SOURCES:	OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits, 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z, Section 1910.1000, Air Contaminants.
	ACGIH Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents (latest edition).
	Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 9th ed., Lewis, R.J. Sr., (ed.), VNR, New York, New York, (1997).
PREPARED BY:	Sam Hoskin/bb
REVISION No./Repl. MSDS of:	1 / March 1993
MSDS STATUS:	Approved.
DATE: January 4, 1999	

DISCLAIMER:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We cannot make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guarantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder. product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.

10114 - DRILLING PAPER

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET DRILLING PAPER

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME;	DRILLING PAPER	
OTHER NAME:	Ground / shredded paper	
APPLICATIONS:	Oil well drilling fluid additive. Lost circulation material	
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	281-561-1600	
SUPPLIER:	Supplied by a Business Unit of M-I L.L.C. P.O. Box 42842, Houston, Texas 77242-2842	
TELEPHONE: FAX:	See cover sheet for local supplier. 281-561-1509 281-561-7240	
CONTACT PERSON:	Sam Hoskin - Manager, Occupational Health	÷

2. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS No.:	CONTENTS: 100 %	EPA RQ:	TPQ:	
	CAS No.:	CAS No.: CONTENTS : 100 %	CAS No.: CONTENTS : EPA RQ: 100 %	CAS No.: CONTENTS : EPA RQ: TPQ: 100 %

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

CAUTION! MAY CAUSE EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing airborne product. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

This product is a/an Off-white fibrous material. May form explosive dust-air mixtures. Slippery when wet.

ACUTE EFFECTS: HEALTH HAZARDS, GENERAL:

Particulates may cause mechanical irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Particulate inhalation may lead to pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma. Dermatitis and asthma may result from short contact periods.

INHALATION: May be irritating to the respiratory tract if inhaled.

INGESTION: May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.

SKIN: May be irritating to the skin.

EVES: May be irritating to the eyes.

CHRONIC EFFECTS:
CARCINOGENICITY:

IARC: Not listed. OSHA: Not regulated. NTP: Not listed.

ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

TARGET ORGANS:

Respiratory system, lungs. Skin. Eyes.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL: Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

- INHALATION: Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Perform artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Get medical attention.
- INGESTION: Drink a couple of glasses water or milk. Do not give victim anything to drink of he is unconscious. Get medical attention.
- SKIN: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
- EYES: Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - LOWER(%): N/D FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - UPPER(%): N/D

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemicals. Foam. Water spray, fog or mist.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: No specific fire fighting procedure given.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Dust in high concentrations may form explosive mixtures with air.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Irritating gases/vapors/fumes. Oxides of: Carbon.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Wear proper personal protective equipment (see MSDS Section 8).

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

Avoid generating and spreading of dust. Shovel into dry containers. Cover and move the containers. Flush the area with water. Do not contaminate drainage or waterways. Repackage or recycle if possible.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

4. 12

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid handling causing generation of dust. Wear full protective clothing for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations. Eye wash and emergency shower must be available at the work place. Wash hands often and change clothing when needed. Provide good ventilation. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

Store at moderate temperatures in dry, well ventilated area. Keep in original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENT NA Particulates Not Ot ed (PNOC)	AME: therwise Classifi-	CAS No.:	OSHA P TWA: 5	EL: STEL:	ACGIH TWA: 3	TLV; STEL:	OTHEF TWA:	R: STEL:	UNITS: mg/m3 resp.dus
PROTECTIVE EC	QUIPMENT:								
			Chi S		3				
ENGINEERING C	CONTROLS: Use appropriate engin and keep worker expo	eering controls such as sure below the applicat	exhaust ver	ntilation	and proce	ess enclos	ure, to red	uce air co	ntamination
VENTILATION:	Supply natural or mec applicable limits.	hanical ventilation ade	quate to exhi	aust airbe	orne prod	uct and ke	ep expos	ures below	the
RESPIRATORS:	RESPIRATORS: Use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or reuseable particulate respirator. In work environment containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or reuseable particulate respirator.					vironments late			
PROTECTIVE GL	OVES: Use suitable protective	gloves if risk of skin c	onlact.						
EYE PROTECTIO	N: Wear dust resistant saf	ery goggles where there	is danger o	f eye cor	itact.				
PROTECTIVE CL	OTHING: Wear appropriate cloth	ing to prevent repeated	or prolonge	d skin co	ontaci,				
HYGIENIC WORK	PRACTICES: Wash promptly with so possibility of contamin	ap and water if skin be ation.	comes conta	minated.	Change	work cloth	ing daily	if there is	any
9. PHYSICAL	AND CHEMICAL	PROPERTIES						-	
APPEARANCE/PH COLOR: ODOR: SOLUBILITY DESC VAPOR DENSITY (VAPOR PRESSUR	IYSICAL STATE: CRIPTION: (air=1): E:	Powder, dust. Off-white, Odorless or no chai Insoluble in water. N/D N/D TEi	acteristic of MPERATUI	ior. RE (°F):					
40 07404									

STABILITY:

Normally stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid heat.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not polymerize.

POLYMERIZATION DESCRIPTION: Not relevant.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: No specific hazardous decomposition products noted.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No toxicological data is available for this product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Contact M-I Environmental Affairs for ecological information.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT:

This product does not meet the criteria of a hazardous waste if discarded in its purchased form. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc, may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.

DISPOSAL METHODS:

Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that containers are empty by RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

N/A
Not regulated.
Not regulated.
Not regulated.
Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Dariellerer black	CAS No:	TSCA.	CERCIA.	CADA DOD		a set a sure	
raniculates Not Otherwise Classifi- ed (PNOC)		N/A	N/A	N/A	SARA 313: N/A	DSL(CAN): N/A	
US FEDERAL REGULATIONS: WASTE CLASSIFICATION:	Not a hazardous	warte by	LC DCD .				
REGULATORY STATUS:	This Product or meant to be all in	its compon nelusive - s	ents, if a mix	nteria. See Se nure, is subject ations represen	ction 13. t to following re nted):	gulations (Not	
	SECTION 313; requirements of Reauthorization	This produ Section 31 Act of 198	ct does not co 3 of Title III 6 and 40 CFI	ontain toxic ch of the Superfu R Part 372.	emical subject nd Amendment	to the reporting and	
	SARA 311 Categories: 1: Immediate (Acute) Health Effects.						
	The components of this product are listed on or are exempt from the following international chemical registrics: TSCA (U.S.) DSL (Canada)						
STATE REGULATIONS: STATE REGULATORY STATUS:	This product or its meant to be all inc	componer lusive - sel	its, if a mixtu	re, is subject to	o following reg	lations (Not	
	None.						
	PROPOSITION 65 California's Safe D reproductive toxicit	This proc rinking Wa ry, and for	duct does not ater and Toxi which warnin	contain chemi c Enforcement ngs are now rec	cals considered Act of 1986 as quired.	by the State of causing cancer o	
CANADIAN REGULATIONS:							
NEGOLATORY STATUS:	This Material Safery Data Sheet has been prepared in compilance with the Controled Product Regulations.						
	Canadian WHMIS (lassificati	ant Mara C				

NPCA HMIS HAZARD INDEX: FLAMMABILITY: REACTIVITY: NPCA HMIS PERS. PROTECT. INDEX:

0 Minimal Hazard 1 Slight Hazard 0 Minimal Hazard E - Safety Glasses, Gloves, Dust Respirator

USER NOTES:

N/A = Not applicable N/D = Not determined

10114 - DRILLING PAPER	
INFORMATION SOURCES:	OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits, 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z, Section 1910.1000, Air Contaminants. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents (latest edition). Sax's Dangerous Properties of Led
PREPARED BY	New York, New York, (1997). Product information provided by the commercial vendor(s).
REVISION No./Repl. MSDS of:	Sam Hoskin/bb 1 / July 27, 1995
MSDS STATUS:	
DATE: January 4, 1999	Approved.
DATE: January 4, 1999	Approved.

DISCLAIMER:

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MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We cannot make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness: therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risks. MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We cannot make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.



MSDS No. 10034	Trade Name:	DUO-VIS*	Revision Date: 10/27/2010
1.	CHEMICAL PRO	DUCT AND	COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name:	DUO-VIS*	DUO-VIS*					
Chemical Family: Product Use:	Polysacchari Drilling fluid a	Polysaccharide Drilling fluid additive.					
Supplied by: Telephone Number: Emergency Telephone (2 Prepared by:	M-I L.L.C. P.O. Box 428 Houston, TX www.miswac 281-561-151 281-561-160 Product Safe	842 77242 o.slb.com 1 0 ty Group					
Revision No.	7						
HMIS Rating Health: 2	Flammability: 1	Physical Hazard: 0	PPE:	Е			

4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. *Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:		Warning! May cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, on repeated exposure. Long term inhalation of particulates may cause lung damage.				
Canadian Classi UN PIN No:	ification: Not regulated.		WHMIS Class:	D2B		
Physical State:	Powder	Color:	White to Tan	Odor:	Slight	
Potential Health Acute Effects Eye Conta Skin Conta Inhalation: Ingestion:	Effects: ct: act:	May irritate eyes. May be irritating to the skin. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic repeated exposure. May be irritating to the respiratory tract. Long term inhalation of partic cause lung damage. May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.				
Carcinoge Effects: Routes of Target Org Conditions Overexpos	nicity & Chronic Exposure: jans/Medical s Aggravated by sure:	See Section 11 Eyes. Dermal (Eyes. Skin. Res	- Toxicological Informationskin) contact. Inhalation. spiratory System.	on.		

Trade Name: DUO-VIS*

MSDS No. 10034

Revision Date: 10/27/2010

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COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	99 - 99.9	No comments.
Glyoxal	107-22-2	0.1 - 1	No comments.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:	Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Look for and remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical attention.
General notes:	Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

Flash Point: F (C):	NA
Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (%): ND
Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (9	%): ND
Autoignition Temperature: F (C):	ND
Flammability Class:	ND
Other Flammable Properties:	Particulate may accumulate static electricity. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air.
Extinguishing Media:	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Protection Of Fire-Fighters:

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of: Carbon.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.

Spill Procedures:

Evacuate the spill area with the exception of the spill response team. Contain spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewers, storm drains or surface waters. Avoid the generation of dust. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable container for disposal.

Trade Name: DUO-VIS*

MSDS No. 10034

Revision Date: 10/27/2010

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Environmental Precautions:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only with
adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage:

Store at room temperature in dry, well ventilated area. Keep in original container. Keep container closed. Store away from incompatibles.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	99 - 99.9	NA	NA	NA	(1)
Glyoxal	107-22-2	0.1 - 1	0.1 mg/m ³	NA	NA	(sen)

Notes

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable). (Sen) - Sensitizer.

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

Personal Protection Equipment

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

Eye/Face Protection:	Dust resistant safety goggles.					
Skin Protection:	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for prolonged or repeated contact. Use protective gloves made of: Neoprene. Nitrile.					
Respiratory Protection:	All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134 (U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.					
	If exposed to airborne particles of this product use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator.					
General Hygiene Considerations:	Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Change work clothing daily if there is any possibility of contamination.					

Trade Name: DUO-VIS*

MSDS No. 10034

Revision Date: 10/27/2010

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:	White to Tan
Odor:	Slight
Physical State:	Powder
pH:	5.4 - 8.6
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	1.5 g/cc
Bulk Density:	50 lb/ft3 (800 kg/m ³)
Solubility (Water):	Soluble
Melting/Freezing Point:	ND
Boiling Point:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	NA
Vapor Density (Air=1):	NA
Evaporation Rate:	ND
Odor Threshold(s):	ND

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	
Conditions to Avoid:	
Materials to Avoid:	
Hazardous Decomposition	
Products:	
Hazardous Polymerization	

Stable Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Strong oxidizing agents. For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5. Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Acute Data
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	Oral LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (rat)
Glyoxal	107-22-2	Oral LD50: 200 mg/kg (rat); Dermal LD50: 10 ml/kg (rabbit)

Product Toxicological Information:

No toxicological data is available for this product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Ecotoxicity Data:

Component ecotoxicity data are listed below. If no data are listed, none were found in the component review.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Data
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	LC50 96H: 490 mg/l (rainbow trout); LC50 48H: 980 mg/l
_		(Daphnia magna)
Glyoxal	107-22-2	LC50 96H static: 215,000 ug/l (Pimephales promelas
		(fathead minnow)); EC50 96H static: 66,480 - 148,960 ug/l
		(Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae))

Product Ecotoxicity Data: Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data.

Trade Name: DUO-VIS* Revision Date: 10/27/2010

MSDS No. 10034

Biodegration:NDBioaccumulation:NDOctanol/Water PartitionNDCoefficient:ND

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Classification:	This product does not meet the criteria of a hazardous waste if discarded in its purchased form.
Waste Management:	Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.
Disposal Method:	Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Shipping Description:

Canada TDG Shipping Description: UN PIN No: IMDG Shipping Description: ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA. Not regulated. Not regulated. Not regulated. Not regulated. Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal and State Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Immediate (acute) health hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced California Proposition 65: SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use conditions.

International Chemical Inventories

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Trade Name: DUO-VIS*

Revision Date: 10/27/2010

MSDS No. 10034

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing. European Union EINECS/ELINCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. New Zealand - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Canadian Classification:

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: D2B

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: Company logo. 1, 16.

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

*A mark of M-I L.L.C.

Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.

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MSDS NO.	12175	Trade Name: FED SEAL		Revision Date: 10/07/2003
	1. CHEN	IICAL PRODUCT A	ND COMPANY IDEN	TIFICATION
Trade Name: Chemical Far Product Use: Emergency T	mily: Felephone (24	FED SEAL Mixture Oil well drilling fluid hr.): 281-561-1600	additive.	
Supplied by:		FEDERAL Wholesale Drilling N P.O. Box 42842 Houston, TX 77242	ſud	
Telephone N Contact Pers	umber: on:	281-561-1511 Catherine Miller, Pro	oduct Safety	
Revision Nur	nber:	2		
HMIS Rating Health: 1		Flammability: 1	Physical Hazard: 0	PPE: E

HMIS Key: 4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. *Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS NO:	Wt. %	Ingredient Comments:
Natural fibers		35 - 50	No comments.
Hulls		40 - 60	No comments.
Recycled newsprint		4 - 10	No comments.
Propene polymer		4 - 10	No comments.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Caution! May cause mechanical irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Long term inhalation of particulates may cause lung damage.

Canadian WHMIS: UN PIN No: Not regulated		WHMIS Class:	Not a controll	ed product.
Physical Fibers. Flakes. State:	Odor:	Cedar	Color:	Brownish red
Potential Health Effects:				

Acute Effects

Eye Contact:	May cause mechanical irritation
Skin Contact:	May cause mechanical irritation.
Inhalation:	May cause mechanical irritation.
Ingestion:	May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.

MSDS NO. 12175

Trade Name: FED SEAL Revision Date: 10/07/2003

Carcinogenicity & Chronic	See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.
Effects:	
Routes of Exposure:	Eyes. Dermal (skin) contact. Inhalation.
Target Organs:	Eyes. Skin. Respiratory System.
Medical Conditions Aggravated	Skin. Respiratory.
By Over Exposure:	

	4. FIRST AID MEASURES
Eye Contact:	Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical attention.
General Notes:	Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

Flash Point: F (C):	350F (177C)
Flammable Limits in Air - Lower	(%): ND
Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%): ND
Autoignition Temperature: F(C)	ND
Flammability Class:	IIIB
Other Flammable Properties:	Particulate may accumulate static electricity. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air.
Extinguishing Media:	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Protection Of Fire-Fighters:

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of: Carbon.

6.	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
Personal Precautions:	Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.		
Spill Procedures:	Evacuate surrounding area, if necessary. Wet product may create a slipping hazard. Contain spilled material. Avoid the generation of dust. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable container for disposal.		
Environmental Precautions:	Do not allow to enter sewer or surface and subsurface waters. Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws.		
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Handling:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.		

MSDS NO. 12175

Trade Name: FED SEAL

Revision Date: 10/07/2003

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Storage:

Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Store away from incompatibles. Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding, shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):

8.

Ingredient	CAS NO:	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Natural fibers		35 - 50	NA	NA	NA	(1)
Hulls		40 - 60	NA	NA	NA	(1)
Recycled newsprint		4 - 10	NA	NA	NA	None
Propene polymer		4 - 10	NA	NA	NA	(1)

Notes

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable).

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

Personal Protection Equipment

Eye/Face Protection:	Dust resistant safety goggles.				
Skin Protection:	Not normally necessary. If needed to minimize irritation: Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear chemical resistant gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene.				
Respiratory Protection:	If exposed to particulates/aerosols: Use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or reuseable particulate respirator. If exposed to organic vapors: Use a NIOSH/MSHA-approved organic vapor respirator. CCROV: CCR with organic vapor cartridge.				
	Refer to Exposure Limits table (Section 8) for component specific respiratory protection recommendations.				
General Hygiene Considerations:	Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable clothing should be discarded, if contaminated with product.				

9.	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Color:	Brownish red
Odor:	Cedar
Physical State:	Fibers. Flakes.
pH:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	NA
Vapor Density (Air=1):	NA
Flash Point: F (C):	350F (177C)
Boiling Point:	ND
Melting/Freezing Point:	ND
Solubility (Water):	Insoluble
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	0.58
Evaporation Rate:	NA
Odor Threshold(s):	ND

MSDS NO. 12175

Trade Name: FED SEAL Revision Date: 10/07/2003

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:
Conditions to Avoid:
Materials to Avoid:
Hazardous Decomposition
Products:
Hazardous Polymerization:

Stable ND Oxidizers. For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5.

Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicological Data

Ingredient	CAS NO:	Acute Data
Propene polymer		Oral LD50: >5000 mg/kg (rat); Dermal LD50: >2000
		mg/kg (rabbit)

Product Toxicological Information:

Long term inhalation of particulate can cause irritation, inflammation and/or permanent injury to the lungs. Illnesses such as pneumoconiosis ("dusty lung"), pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma may develop.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecotoxicity Data:	Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data.
Biodegration: Bioaccumulation: Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:	ND ND ND

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS				
Waste Classification:	ND			
Waste Management:	Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.			
Disposal Method:	Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.			

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT

Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.
Not regulated

Trade Name: FED SEAL Revision Date: 10/07/2003

MSDS NO. 12175

IMDG:

Shipping Description: Not regulated

ICAO/IATA:

Shipping Description:

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal and State Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories:	Not a SARA 311/312 hazard.
SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, California Proposition 65:	Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use conditions.

International Chemical Inventories

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. European EINECS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Not regulated

Canadian WHMIS:

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class:

Not a controlled product.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: 8, 15,

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.

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MSDS NO. 10030 T	rade Name: FLOXIT*		Revision Date: 09/26/2006		
1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION					
- · ·					
Trade Name:	FLOXI1*				
Chemical Family:	Anionic polyacrylamid	e			
Product Use:	Oil well drilling fluid ac	dditive.			
Emergency Telephone (24 hr.)	: 281-561-1600				
Supplied by:	M-I L.L.C.				
	P.O. Box 42842				
	Houston. TX 77242				
	www.miswaco.com				
Telephone Number:	281-561-1512				
Contact Person:	Joanne Galvan, Sr. P	roduct Safety Specialist			
Revision Number:	3				
HMIS Rating					
		D husiaal Useendu O			
Health: 1		Physical Hazard: 0			

HMIS Key: 4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. *Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION 2.

Emergency Overview:	Caution! May cause mechanical irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Long term inhalation of particulates may cause lung damage.			
Canadian Classification: UN PIN No: Not regulated.		WHMIS Class:	Not a controlle	ed product.
Physical Granular State:	Odor:	Odorless	Color:	Off-white
Potential Health Effects:				
Acute Effects				
Eye Contact: Skin Contact: Inhalation: Ingestion:	May cause mec May cause mec May cause mec May cause gast	hanical irritation hanical irritation. hanical irritation. ric distress, nausea and v	omiting if inges	sted.
Acute Effects Note: This product is severe eye, skin and respiratory irri Many amines are also eye, skin and	may release amn itant. Ammonia h I respiratory irrita	nonia or amines when hea nas a very strong odor and nts.	ited or exposed I can be detect	d to high pH. Ammonia is a ed at levels as low as 5 ppm.

Carcinogenicity & Chronic Effects:	See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.
Routes of Exposure: Target Organs/Medical	Eyes. Dermal (skin) contact. Inhalation. Eyes. Skin. Respiratory System.
Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure:	

Trade Name: FLOXIT*

MSDS NO. 10030

Revision Date: 09/26/2006

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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:	
Anionic polyacrylamide		60 - 100	No comments.	
	4. FI	RST AID MEASURES		
Eye Contact:	Promptly was least 15 minu	sh eyes with lots of water while utes. Get medical attention if a	lifting eye lids. Continue to rinse for at any discomfort continues.	
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.			
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.			
Ingestion:	Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical attention.			
General Notes:	Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.			
	5. FIRE	FIGHTING MEASUR	ES	

Flammable Properties

Flash Point: F (C):	NA
Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (9	%): ND
Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%	(): ND
Autoignition Temperature: F (C):	ND
Flammability Class:	NA
Other Flammable Properties:	Particulate may accumulate static electricity. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air.
Extinguishing Media:	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Protection Of Fire-Fighters:

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of: Carbon. Nitrogen. Ammonia.

6.	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal Precautions:	Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.
Spill Procedures:	Evacuate surrounding area, if necessary. Wet product may create a slipping hazard. Contain spilled material. Avoid the generation of dust. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable container for disposal.
Environmental Precautions:	Do not allow to enter sewer or surface and subsurface waters. Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws.
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

MSDS NO. 10030

Trade Name: FLOXIT*

Revision Date: 09/26/2006

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Storage:

Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Store away from incompatibles. Store at temperature between 40F (4C) and 90F (32C) (integrity). Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding, shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Anionic polyacrylamide		60 - 100	NA	NA	NA	(1) (6)

Notes

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable).

(6) Ammonia or amines may be released when this component is heated or exposed to high pH. The recommended exposure limits for ammonia are ACGIH TLV 25 ppm and OSHA PEL 50 ppm. No general recommended exposure limit is available for amines. A NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator with ammonia/methylamine cartridges should be used to protect against ammonia or amine inhalation exposure.

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

Personal Protection Equipment

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

Eye/Face Protection:	Dust resistant safety goggles.			
Skin Protection:	Not normally necessary. If needed to minimize irritation: Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear chemical resistant gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene.			
Respiratory Protection:	All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134 (U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.			
	If exposed to airborne particles of this product use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator.			
General Hygiene Considerations:	Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable			

General Hygiene Considerations: Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable clothing should be discarded, if contaminated with product.

9.	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Color:	Off-white
Odor:	Odorless
Physical State:	Granular
pH:	5 - 7 (aqueous solution)
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	1.4 at 68F (20C)
Solubility (Water):	Soluble
Melting/Freezing Point:	ND
Boiling Point:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	NA

Trade Name: FLOXIT* Revision Date: 09/26/2006

MSDS NO. 10030

Vapor Density (Air=1): Evaporation Rate: Odor Threshold(s): NA NA ND

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITYChemical Stability:
Conditions to Avoid:Stable
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with water and moist air -
product is hygroscopic.Materials to Avoid:
Hazardous Decomposition
Products:
Hazardous Polymerization:Oxidizers. Iron. Copper. Aluminum.
For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5.Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Acute Data
Anionic polyacrylamide		Oral LD50: Estimated >2000 mg/kg (rat)

Product Toxicological Information:

Product Oral LD50: >2.5 g/kg (rat); Dermal LD50: >10 g/kg (rabbit); Inhalation LC50: estimated to be >20 mg/l/4H (rat) (vendor MSDS)

Long term inhalation of particulate can cause irritation, inflammation and/or permanent injury to the lungs. Illnesses such as pneumoconiosis ("dusty lung"), pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma may develop.

This product may contain trace amounts of acrylamide (< 0.1%). Acrylamide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 2A carcinogen (probably carcinogenic to humans) and a suspect carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program (NTP). (LOLI)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecotoxicity Data:	Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data.				
Biodegration: Bioaccumulation: Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:	ND ND ND				
	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS				
Waste Classification:	ND				
Waste Management:	Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.				
Disposal Method:	Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.				

Trade Name: FLOXIT*

MSDS NO. 10030

Revision Date: 09/26/2006

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Shipping Description:

Canada TDG Shipping Description: UN PIN No:

IMDG Shipping Description:

ICAO/IATA Shipping Description:

Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

Not regulated. Not regulated.

Not regulated.

Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal and State Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Not a SARA 311/312 hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced California Proposition 65: SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use conditions.

International Chemical Inventories

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing. European EINECS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Canadian Classification:

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class:

Not a controlled product.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

*A mark of M-I L.L.C.

Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.



MSDS No. 10618	Trade Name:	MAX GEL*	Revision Date: 12/15/2010
1.	CHEMICAL PRO	DUCT AND	COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name:	MAX GEL*				
Chemical Family: Product Use:	Mixture Drilling fluid add	litive.			
Supplied by: Telephone Number: Emergency Telephone (2 Prepared by:	M-I L.L.C. P.O. Box 42842 Houston, TX 77 www.miswaco.s 281-561-1511 281-561-1600 Product Safety	242 slb.com Group			
Revision No.	7				
HMIS Rating Health: 1*	Flammability: 0	Physical Hazard: 0	PPE:	E	

4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. *Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:		Caution! May cause mechanical irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Long term inhalation of particulates may cause lung damage. Cancer hazard. Contains crystalline silica which may cause cancer.			
Canadian Classif UN PIN No:	ication: Not regulated.		WHMIS Class:	D2A	
Physical State:	Powder	Color:	Tan to Gray	Odor:	Odorless
Potential Health I Acute Effects Eye Contac Skin Contac Inhalation: Ingestion:	Effects: :t: ct:	May cause mea May cause mea May cause mea May cause gas	chanical irritation chanical irritation. Long te chanical irritation. stric distress, nausea and v	rm contact ca /omiting if inge	n cause skin dryness. ested.
Carcinogenicity & Chronic Effects:See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.Effects:Eyes. Dermal (skin) contact. Inhalation.Target Organs/Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure:Eyes. Skin. Respiratory System.		n.			

Trade Name: MAX GEL*

MSDS No. 10618

Revision Date: 12/15/2010

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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:
Bentonite	1302-78-9	>90	No comments.
Silica, crystalline, quartz	14808-60-7	2 - 15	No comments.
Silica, crystalline, Tridymite	15468-32-3	0 - 1	No comments.
Gypsum (Calcium sulfate)	13397-24-5	0 - 1	CAS 7778-18-9 also applies.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:	Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Look for and remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical attention.
General notes:	Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

 Flash Point: F (C):
 NA

 Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (%): NA

 Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%): NA

 Autoignition Temperature: F (C): NA

 Flammability Class:
 NA

 Other Flammable Properties:
 ND

 Extinguishing Media:
 This material is not combustible.
 Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Protection Of Fire-Fighters:

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Not determined.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.

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Spill Procedures:	Contain spilled material. If released into the environment, tal measures to repair, remedy and confine the effects of the sul manage, remove or otherwise dispose of the substance in ac applicable laws and regulations. Wet product may create a sl the generation of dust. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place for disposal.	ke all reasonable bstance. Remediate, ccordance with lipping hazard. Avoid into closable container
Environmental Precautions:	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state	and local laws.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only in a well ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage:Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Store away from
incompatibles. Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding,
shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Bentonite	1302-78-9	>90	NA	NA	NA	(1)
Silica, crystalline, quartz	14808-60-7	2 - 15	0.025 mg/m ³	see Table Z-3	50 mg/m³	(R)
					IDLH	
					(NIOSH)	
Silica, crystalline, Tridymite	15468-32-3	0 - 1	0.05 mg/m ³	see Table Z-3	NA	(R)
Gypsum (Calcium sulfate)	13397-24-5	0 - 1	10 mg/m ³	15 mg/m ³	NA	None
			-	(total); 5		
				mg/m ³		
				(respirable)		

Notes

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable). (R) Respirable fraction.

Table Z-3: PEL for Mineral Dusts containing crystalline silica are 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) for quartz and 1/2 the calculated quartz value for cristobalite and tridymite. 29 CFR 1910.1000.

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

Personal Protection Equipment

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

Eye/Face Protection:

Dust resistant safety goggles.

Trade Name:	MAX	GEL*
Revision Dat	e: 12/1	5/2010

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Skin Protection:	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for prolonged or repeated contact. Use protective gloves made of: Nitrile. Neoprene.
Pagniratory Protoction	All recontratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive

 Respiratory Protection:
 All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134 (U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.

If exposed to airborne particles of this product use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator.

General Hygiene Considerations: Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable clothing should be discarded, if contaminated with product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:	Tan to Gray
Odor:	Odorless
Physical State:	Powder
pH:	ND
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	2.3 - 2.6
Solubility (Water):	Insoluble.
Melting/Freezing Point:	ND
Boiling Point:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	NA
Vapor Density (Air=1):	NA
Evaporation Rate:	NA
Odor Threshold(s):	ND

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	Stable
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
Materials to Avoid:	ND.
Hazardous Decomposition	For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5.
Products:	
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

Trade Name: MAX GEL* Revision Date: 12/15/2010

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Ingredient Component Toxicological Summary Silica, crystalline, Crystalline silica is the most widely occurring of all minerals. The most common form of silica is sand. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has designated crystalline silica quartz in the form of quartz or cristobalite a Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans). This designation was based on an increased risk of lung cancer among crystalline silica exposed workers. IARC did note that carcinogenicity of crystalline silica in humans was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Further, carcinogenicity of crystalline silica may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of polymorphs. (IARC Vol. 68, 1997, p. 41). The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies crystalline silica as "reasonably anticipated to cause cancer in humans" (6th Annual Report on Carcinogens, 1991). Long term inhalation of crystalline silica can also result in the lung disease, silicosis. Symptoms of this disease include coughing and shortness of breath. (NJ HSFS, January 1996)

Product Toxicological Information:

Long term inhalation of particulate can cause irritation, inflammation and/or permanent injury to the lungs. Illnesses such as pneumoconiosis ("dusty lung"), pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma may develop.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Ecotoxicity Data:Component ecotoxicity data are listed below. If no data are listed, none were found
in the component review.Product Ecotoxicity Data:Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data.
ND
Bioaccumulation:Biodegration:ND
ND
ND
Coefficient:

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Classification:	ND
Waste Management:	Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.
Disposal Method:	Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Shipping Description:

Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA. Not regulated. Not regulated.

Canada TDG Shipping Description: UN PIN No:

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Trade Name: MAX GEL*

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IMDG Shipping Description: ICAO/IATA Shipping Description:

Not regulated. Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal and State Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced California Proposition 65: SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use conditions.

Ingredient	SARA 302	SARA 313	CERCLA	CA 65	CA 65	CA 65	CA 65
	/ TPQs		RQ	Cancer	Dev. Tox.	Repro. F	Repro. M
Silica, crystalline, quartz				Х			
Silica, crystalline, Tridymite				Х			

International Chemical Inventories

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing. European Union EINECS/ELINCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. New Zealand - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Canadian Classification:

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: D2A

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: 1, 6, 8, 12, 16.

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

*A mark of M-I L.L.C.

Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.



MSDS No. 12412 Trade Name: M-I GEL* Revision Date: 06/09/2010 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name:	IV	I-I GEL"					
Chemical Family: Product Use:	N D	/lixture Drilling flui	id addi	tive.			
Supplied by:	N P H w	/I-I L.L.C. P.O. Box 4 louston, ⁻ /ww.misw	42842 TX 772 /aco.co	942 om			
Telephone Number:	2	81-561-1	512				
Emergency Telephone	(24 hr.) : 2	81-561-1	600				
Prepared by:	P	Product Sa	afety G	Group			
Revision No.	5						
HMIS Rating Health: 1*	Flammabil	l ity: 0		Physical Haz	ard: 0	PPE:	E

4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. *Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Ove	rview:	Caution! May cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Long term inhalation of particulates may cause lung damage. Cancer hazard. Contains crystalline silica which may cause cancer.				
Canadian Classi UN PIN No:	ification: Not regulated.		WHMIS CI	ass: D2A		
Physical State:	Powder	Color:	Tan to grey	Odor	: Odorless	
Potential Health Acute Effects Eye Conta Skin Conta Inhalation: Ingestion:	Effects: ct: act:	May cause me May cause me May cause me May cause gas	echanical irritation echanical irritation. Lo echanical irritation. stric distress, nausea	ong term contac and vomiting if	et can cause skin dryn ingested.	ess.
Carcinoge Effects: Routes of Target Org Conditions Overexpos	nicity & Chronic Exposure: jans/Medical s Aggravated by sure:	See Section 1 ⁴ Eyes. Dermal (Eyes. Skin. Re	1 - Toxicological Infoi (skin) contact. Inhala spiratory System.	mation. ion.		

Trade Name: M-I GEL*

MSDS No. 12412

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COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.

CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:
1302-78-9	80 - 95	No comments.
14808-60-7	2 - 15	No comments.
15468-32-3	0 - 1	No comments.
13397-24-5	0 - 1	No comments.
	CAS No. 1302-78-9 14808-60-7 15468-32-3 13397-24-5	CAS No. Wt. % 1302-78-9 80 - 95 14808-60-7 2 - 15 15468-32-3 0 - 1 13397-24-5 0 - 1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:	Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Look for and remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.					
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.					
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.					
Ingestion:	Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical attention.					
General notes:	Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.					

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES 5.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point: F (C): NA Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (%): NA Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%): NA Autoignition Temperature: F (C): NA Flammability Class: NA **Other Flammable Properties:** ND **Extinguishing Media:** This material is not combustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Protection Of Fire-Fighters:

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Not determined.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 6.

Personal Precautions:

Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.

Trade Name: M-I GEL*

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Spill Procedures:Evacuate the spill area with the exception of the spill response team. Wet product
may create a slipping hazard. Contain spilled material. Do not allow spilled material
to enter sewers, storm drains or surface waters. Avoid the generation of dust.
Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable container for disposal.

Environmental Precautions: Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only in a well ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage:

Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Store away from incompatibles. Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding, shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):

MSDS No. 12412

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Bentonite	1302-78-9	80 - 95	NA	NA	NA	(1)
Silica, crystalline, quartz	14808-60-7	2 - 15	0.025 mg/m ³	see Table Z-3	50 mg/m ³	(R)
					IDLH	
					(NIOSH)	
Silica, crystalline, Tridymite	15468-32-3	0 - 1	0.05 mg/m ³	see Table Z-3	NA	(R)
Gypsum (Calcium sulfate)	13397-24-5	0 - 1	10 mg/m ³	15 mg/m ³	NA	None
(CAS 7778-18-9 also				(total); 5		
applies.)				mg/m ³		
				(respirable)		

Notes

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable). (R) Respirable fraction.

Table Z-3: PEL for Mineral Dusts containing crystalline silica are 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) for quartz and 1/2 the calculated quartz value for cristobalite and tridymite. 29 CFR 1910.1000.

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

Personal Protection Equipment

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

Eye/Face Protection: Dust resistant safety goggles.

Skin Protection:Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Chemical
resistant gloves recommended for prolonged or repeated contact. Use protective
gloves made of: Nitrile. Neoprene.

Trade Name: M-I GEL* Revision Date: 06/09/2010

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Respiratory Protection: All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134 (U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.

If exposed to airborne particles of this product use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator.

General Hygiene Considerations: Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable clothing should be discarded, if contaminated with product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:	Tan to grey
Odor:	Odorless
Physical State:	Powder
pH:	ND
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	2.3 - 2.6
Solubility (Water):	Insoluble
Melting/Freezing Point:	ND
Boiling Point:	ND
Vapor Pressure:	NA
Vapor Density (Air=1):	NA
Vapor Density (Air=1):	NA
Evaporation Rate:	NA
Odor Threshold(s):	ND

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:
Conditions to Avoid:
Materials to Avoid:
Hazardous Decomposition
Products:
Hazardous Polymerization

Stable Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. ND. For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5. Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

Trade Name: M-I GEL* Revision Date: 06/09/2010

Ingredient Component Toxicological Summary Silica, crystalline, Crystalline silica is the most widely occurring of all minerals. The most common form of silica is sand. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has designated crystalline silica quartz in the form of quartz or cristobalite a Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans). This designation was based on an increased risk of lung cancer among crystalline silica exposed workers. IARC did note that carcinogenicity of crystalline silica in humans was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Further, carcinogenicity of crystalline silica may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of polymorphs. (IARC Vol. 68, 1997, p. 41). The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies crystalline silica as "reasonably anticipated to cause cancer in humans" (6th Annual Report on Carcinogens, 1991). Long term inhalation of crystalline silica can also result in the lung disease, silicosis. Symptoms of this disease include coughing and shortness of breath. (NJ HSFS, January 1996)

Product Toxicological Information:

Long term inhalation of particulate can cause irritation, inflammation and/or permanent injury to the lungs. Illnesses such as pneumoconiosis ("dusty lung"), pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma may develop.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.

Component ecotoxicity data are listed below. If no data are listed, none were found **Component Ecotoxicity Data:** in the component review. **Product Ecotoxicity Data:** Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data. **Biodegration:** ND **Bioaccumulation:** ND **Octanol/Water Partition** ND **Coefficient:**

13. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Classification:	ND
Waste Management:	Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.
Disposal Method:	Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

U.S. DOT **Shipping Description:**

Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA. Not regulated. Not regulated.

Canada TDG Shipping Description: UN PIN No:

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Trade Name: M-I GEL*

MSDS No. 12412

Revision Date: 06/09/2010

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IMDG Shipping Description: ICAO/IATA Shipping Description:

Not regulated. Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal and State Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced California Proposition 65: SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use conditions.

Ingredient	SARA 302	SARA 313	CERCLA	CA 65	CA 65	CA 65	CA 65 Bopro M
	11545		RQ	Cancer	Dev. Tox.	керго. г	керго. М
Silica, crystalline, quartz				Х			
Silica, crystalline, Tridymite				Х			

International Chemical Inventories

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing. European Union EINECS/ELINCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. New Zealand - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Canadian Classification:

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: D2A

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: 1, 4, 6, 15, 16

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

*A mark of M-I L.L.C.

Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET POLYSAL

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME:	POLYSAL
CHEMICAL CLASS:	Pregelatinized starch, biocide treated.
APPLICATIONS:	Fluid loss reducer.
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	281-561-1600
SUPPLIER:	Supplied by a Business Unit of M-I L.L.C. P.O. Box 42842, Houston, Texas 77242-2842 See cover sheet for local supplier. 281-561-1509
FAX:	281-301-7240
CONTACT PERSON:	Sam Hoskin - Manager, Occupational Health

2. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT NAME:	CAS No.:	CONTENTS :	EPA RQ:	TPQ:
Starch	9005-25-8	99 %		
5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	26172-55-4	0-1 %		
2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	2682-20-4	0-1 %		

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

CAUTION! MAY CAUSE EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing airborne product. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

This product is a/an white powder. May form explosive dust-air mixtures. Slippery when wet. A nuisance dust. No significant immediate hazards for emergency response personnel are known.

ACUTE EFFECTS:

HEALTH HAZARDS, GENERAL:

Particulates may cause mechanical irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Particulate inhalation may lead to pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma. Dermatitis and asthma may result from short contact periods.

- **INHALATION:** May be irritating to the respiratory tract if inhaled.
- **INGESTION:** May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.

SKIN: May be irritating to the skin.

EYES: May be irritating to the eyes.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: CARCINOGENICITY:

IARC: Not listed. OSHA: Not regulated. NTP: Not listed.

ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

TARGET ORGANS:

Respiratory system, lungs. Skin. Eyes.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL: Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

- **INHALATION:** Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Perform artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Get medical attention.
- **INGESTION:** Drink a couple of glasses water or milk. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.
- **SKIN:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
- **EYES:** Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

AUTO IGNITION TEMP. (°F):	N/D
FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - LOWER(%):	N/D
FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - UPPER(%):	N/D

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemicals. Foam. Water spray, fog or mist.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

No specific fire fighting procedure given.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Dust in high concentrations may form explosive mixtures with air.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Irritating gases/vapors/fumes. Oxides of: Carbon.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Wear proper personal protective equipment (see MSDS Section 8).

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

Avoid generating and spreading of dust. Shovel into dry containers. Cover and move the containers. Flush the area with water. Do not contaminate drainage or waterways. Repackage or recycle if possible.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid handling causing generation of dust. Wear full protective clothing for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations. Eye wash and emergency shower must be available at the work place. Wash hands often and change clothing when needed. Provide good ventilation. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

Store at moderate temperatures in dry, well ventilated area. Keep in original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENT NAME: Starch	CAS No.: 9005-25-8	OSHA TWA: 15	PEL: STEL:	ACGIH TWA: 10	TLV: STEL:	OTHER TWA:	STEL:	UNITS: mg/m3 total dust
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:	Θ	and J Unit	Ś	3				

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to reduce air contamination and keep worker exposure below the applicable limits.

- **VENTILATION:** Supply natural or mechanical ventilation adequate to exhaust airborne product and keep exposures below the applicable limits.
- **RESPIRATORS:** Use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or reuseable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or reuseable particulate respirator.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear dust resistant safety goggles where there is danger of eye contact.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING:

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

HYGIENIC WORK PRACTICES:

Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Change work clothing daily if there is any possibility of contamination.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE/PHYSICAL STATE: COLOR: ODOR: SOLUBILITY DESCRIPTION: DENSITY/SPECIFIC GRAVITY (g/ml): BULK DENSITY: VAPOR DENSITY (air=1): VAPOR PRESSURE: Powder, dust. White. Odorless or no characteristic odor. Soluble in water. N/D TEMPERATURE (°F): 25-35 lb/ft3 N/A TEMPERATURE (°F):
pH-VALUE, DILUTED SOLUTION: 5.0-7.0

CONCENTRATION (%,M): 4%

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Normally stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Avoid heat.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not polymerize.

POLYMERIZATION DESCRIPTION:

Not relevant.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

No specific hazardous decomposition products noted.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

No toxicological data is available for this product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Contact M-I Environmental Affairs for ecological information.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE MANAGEMENT:

This product does not meet the criteria of a hazardous waste if discarded in its purchased form. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc, may render the resulting materials hazardous.

Empty containers retain residues. All labeled precautions must be observed.

DISPOSAL METHODS:

Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that containers are empty by RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

PRODUCT RQ:

N/A

U.S. DOT: U.S. DOT CLASS:

Not regulated.

CANADIAN TRANSPORT: TDGR CLASS:	Not regulated.
SEA TRANSPORT: IMDG CLASS:	Not regulated.
AIR TRANSPORT: ICAO CLASS:	Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

REGULATORY STATUS OF INGREDIEN	rs:					
NAME:	CAS No:	TSCA:	CERCLA:	SARA 302:	SARA 313:	DSL(CAN):
Starch	9005-25-8	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	26172-55-4	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
2-Methyl-4-1sothiazolin-3-one	2682-20-4	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
US FEDERAL REGULATIONS: WASTE CLASSIFICATION:	Not a hazardous	waste by U	J.S. RCRA cr	iteria. See Sect	ion 13.	
REGULATORY STATUS:	This Product or i be all inclusive -	ts compone selected re	ents, if a mixt gulations repr	ture, is subject t resented):	o following reg	ulations (Not meant to
	SECTION 313: 7 requirements of S Act of 1986 and	This produce Section 313 40 CFR Pa	ct does not co 3 of Title III o art 372.	ontain toxic che of the Superfund	mical subject to d Amendment a	the reporting nd Reauthorization
	SARA 311 Categ 1: Immediate (Ad	gories: cute) Healt	h Effects.			
	The components chemical registric TSCA (U.S.) DSL (Canada)	of this pro es:	duct are listed	d on or are exer	npt from the fol	lowing international
STATE REGULATIONS: STATE REGULATORY STATUS:	This product or it be all inclusive - None.	ts compone selected re	ents, if a mixt gulations rep	ure, is subject t resented):.	o following regu	ulations (Not meant to
	PROPOSITION California's Safe reproductive toxi	65: This pr Drinking V city, and fo	roduct does n Water and To or which war	ot contain chen xic Enforcemer nings are now r	nicals considered at Act of 1986 a equired.	d by the State of s causing cancer or
CANADIAN REGULATIONS: REGULATORY STATUS:	This Material Sat Regulations.	fety Data S	heet has beer	n prepared in co	mpilance with t	he Controled Product
	Canadian WHMI	IS Classific	cation: Not a	Controlled Proc	luct.	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NPCA HMIS HAZARD INDEX: FLAMMABILITY: REACTIVITY: NPCA HMIS PERS. PROTECT. INDEX:

1 Slight Hazard 1 Slight Hazard 0 Minimal Hazard E - Safety Glasses, Gloves, Dust Respirator

USER NOTES:	N/A = Not applicable N/D = Not determined
INFORMATION SOURCES:	OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits, 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z, Section 1910.1000, Air Contaminants. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents (latest edition). Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 9th ed., Lewis, R.J. Sr., (ed.), VNR, New York, New York, (1997). Product information provided by the commercial vendor(s).
PREPARED BY:	Sam Hoskin/bb
REVISION No.:	0
MSDS STATUS:	Approved.
DATE:	November 8, 1999

DISCLAIMER:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We cannot make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guarantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.



MSDS NO. 10335 T	rade Name: SALT GEL	*	Revision Date: 01/25/2006
1. CHEMI	CAL PRODUCT	AND COMPANY IDEN	ITIFICATION
Trade Name: Chemical Family: Product Use: Emergency Telephone (24 hr.)	SALT GEL* Naturally occuring r Oil well drilling fluid 281-561-1600	nineral. additive. Viscosifier.	
Supplied by:	M-I L.L.C. P.O. Box 42842 Houston, TX 77242 www.miswaco.com	2	
Telephone Number: Contact Person:	281-561-1512 Joanne Galvan, Pro	oduct Safety Specialist	
Revision Number:	4		
HMIS Rating Health: 1*	Flammability: 0	Physical Hazard: 0	PPE: E
HMIS Kev: 4=Severe. 3=Serio	us. 2=Moderate. 1=Sligh	nt. 0=Minimal Hazard. *Chronic	effects - See Section 11. See

HMIS Key: 4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. *Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

	2. HAZAI	RDS IDENTIFICAT	ION	
Emergency Overview:	Caution! May ca particulates may which may caus	ause eye, skin, and respira y cause lung damage. Cai se cancer.	tory tract irrit ncer hazard.	ation. Long term inhalation of Contains crystalline silica
Canadian Classification: UN PIN No: Not regulated.		WHMIS Class:	D2A	
Physical Powder. State:	Odor:	Odorless	Color:	Tan to grey
Potential Health Effects:				
Acute Effects				
Eye Contact: Skin Contact: Inhalation: Ingestion:	May cause mec May cause mec May cause mec May cause gast	hanical irritation hanical irritation. hanical irritation. ric distress, nausea and ve	omiting if inge	ested.
Carcinogenicity & Chronic Effects: Routes of Exposure: Target Organs/Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure:	See Section 11 Eyes. Dermal (s Eyes. Skin. Res	- Toxicological Information kin) contact. Inhalation. piratory System.	1.	

Trade Name: SALT GEL*

MSDS NO. 10335

Revision Date: 01/25/2006

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:
Attapulgite clay	12174-11-7	94 - 99	Formerly CAS 1337-76-4.
Silica, crystalline, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 10	No comments.

	4. FIRST AID MEASURES
Eye Contact:	Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical attention.
General Notes:	Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES 5.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point: F (C):	NA	
Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (%): NA	
Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%): NA	
Autoignition Temperature: F (C):	ŇA	
Flammability Class:	NA	
Other Flammable Properties:	ND	
Extinguishing Media:	This material is not combustible. surrounding fire.	Use extinguishing media appropriate for

Protection Of Fire-Fighters:

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: ND

6.	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal Precautions:	Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.
Spill Procedures:	Evacuate surrounding area, if necessary. Wet product may create a slipping hazard. Contain spilled material. Avoid the generation of dust. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable container for disposal.
Environmental Precautions:	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws. Do not allow to enter sewer or surface and subsurface waters.
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only in a well ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling.

MSDS NO. 10335

Trade Name: SALT GEL*

3

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Storage:

Revision Date: 01/25/2006

Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Store away from incompatibles. Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding, shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Attapulgite clay	12174-11-7	94 - 99	NA	NA	. NA	(1)
Silica, crystalline, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 10	0.05 mg/m ³	see Table Z-3	NIOSH: 0.05	(R)
					mg/m³ TWA	
					(10H day/40H	
					wk)	

Notes

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable).
 (R) Respirable fraction (ACGIH);

Table Z-3: PEL for Mineral Dusts containing crystalline silica are 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) for quartz and 1/2 the calculated quartz value for cristobalite and tridymite.

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

Personal Protection Equipment

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

Eye/Face Protection:	Dust resistant safety goggles.
Skin Protection:	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for prolonged or repeated contact. Use protective gloves made of: Nitrile. Neoprene.
Respiratory Protection:	All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134 (U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.
	If exposed to airborne particles of this product use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator.
General Hygiene Considerations:	Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable

9.	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Color:	Tan to grey
Odor:	Odorless
Physical State:	Powder.
pH:	9
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	2.2 - 2.4 at 68F (20C)
Solubility (Water):	Insoluble
Flash Point: F (C):	NA

clothing should be discarded, if contaminated with product.

Trade Name: SALT GEL* 006

MSDS NO. 10335

Melting/Freezing Point:	
Boiling Point:	
Vapor Pressure:	
Vapor Density (Air=1):	
Evaporation Rate:	
Odor Threshold(s):	

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Revision	Date: 01/25	5/20

ND ND NA NA NA ND Page 4/6

	10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Chemical Stability:	Stable
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
Materials to Avoid:	Oxidizers. Hydrofluoric acid. In contact with turpentine, vegetable oil and other unsaturated organic compounds, heat may be generated when the Attapulgite is at uncommonly low free moisture levels.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

Ingredient	Component Toxicological Summary
Silica, crystalline,	Crystalline silica is the most widely occurring of all minerals. The most common form of silica is
quartz	sand. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has designated crystalline silica
	in the form of quartz or cristobalite a Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans). This designation was
	based on an increased risk of lung cancer among crystalline silica exposed workers. IARC did
	note that carcinogenicity of crystalline silica in humans was not detected in all industrial
	circumstances studied. Further, carcinogenicity of crystalline silica may be dependent on
	inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or external factors affecting its biological activity or
	distribution of polymorphs. (IARC Vol. 68, 1997, p. 41).
	The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies crystalline silica as "reasonably anticipated to
	cause cancer in humans" (6th Annual Report on Carcinogens, 1991). Long term inhalation of
	crystalline silica can also result in the lung disease, silicosis. Symptoms of this disease include
	coughing and shortness of breath. (NJ HSFS, January 1996)

Product Toxicological Information:

Long term inhalation of particulate can cause irritation, inflammation and/or permanent injury to the lungs. Illnesses such as pneumoconiosis ("dusty lung"), pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma may develop.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.

Product Ecotoxicity Data:	Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity dat	ta.
Biodegration: Bioaccumulation: Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:	ND ND ND	
Waste Classification:	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	

MSDS NO. 10335	Trade Name: SALT GEL* Revision Date: 01/25/2006	Page 5/6
Waste Management:	Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Con Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determi disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardo because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. A precautions must be observed.	iservation and ne at the time of us waste. This is may render the All labeled
Disposal Method:	Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product be dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the contain the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.	come a waste, ers are empty by

ΜΔΤΕΡΙΔΙ SΔΕΕΤΥ ΠΔΤΔ SHEET

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Shipping Description:	Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.		
Canada TDG Shipping Description: UN PIN No:	Not regulated. Not regulated.		
IMDG Shipping Description:	Not regulated.		
ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: Not regulated.			
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION			

U.S. Federal and State Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced California Proposition 65: SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use conditions.

Ingredient	SARA 302 / TPQs	SARA 313	CERCLA RQ	CA 65 Cancer	CA 65 Dev. Tox.	CA 65 Repro. F	CA 65 Repro. M
Silica, crystalline, quartz				Х			

International Chemical Inventories

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing. European Union EINECS/ELINCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing. Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing. U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Canadian Classification:

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: D2A

Trade Name: SALT GEL*

MSDS NO. 10335

Revision Date: 01/25/2006

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: 1, 2, 3, 8, 16

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

*A mark of M-I L.L.C.

Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Soda Ash

Date: November 4, 2005

<u>I</u> Company Identification

Company Name:	BHS Marketing / Western Briquette
Mailing Address:	P.O. Box 27955 SLC, UT 84127-0955
Physical Address:	2320 West Indiana Ave. SLC, UT 84104
Telephone:	(801) 973-8232
Fax:	(801) 973-8838
Emergency Number:	PERS (800) 633-8253

<u>II</u> Product Identification

Product Name:	Soda Ash
Product Class:	55
Chemical Description:	Sodium Carbonate, anhydrous, is a white odorless, granular material, free of contamination. Meets federal specification O-S-571 G, Type II. Meets AWWA Std.
Cas Number:	497-19-8

<u>III</u> Typical Physical Properties

White granules solid
Odorless
105.99
11.3 at 1wt/wt%
Decomposes at 1800 F
851 Deg C (1564 F)
2.53 at (68F)
Soluble 7wt/wt% at (77 F)

IV Reactivity Data

Chemical Stability:	This material is stable under normal handling and
-	storage conditions
Conditions to Avoid:	Extreme Heat
Materials to Avoid:	Aluminum, Fluorine, Humid Air, Moisture, Sulfuric Acid,
	Acids, Magnesium, Phosphorus Pentoxide
Hazardous Decomposition	
Products:	Carbon Dioxide
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur
Decomposition	
Temperature Range:	400 Deg. C (752 Deg F)

V Toxicological Information and Interpretation

Acute	
Eye irritation:	Eye-Eye irritation, 50 mg Rabbit. Severely irritating
Skin Irritation:	Skin-Skin irritation, Rabbit. Mildly irritating
Dermal Toxicity:	No test data found for Product
Respiratory Irritation:	No test data found for Product.
Acute Inhalation Toxicity:	LC50-Lethal concentration. 50% of Test Species,
	2300 mg/cu m/2hrs, rat
Acute Oral Toxicity:	LD50-Lethal Dose. 50% of Test Species, 4090
	mg/kg, rat
Chronic Toxicity:	This product does not contain any substances that
	are considered by OSHA, NTP, IARC or ACGIH to
	be "probable" or "suspected" human carcinogens

VII Fire and Explosion Hazard Data Effects of Overexposure:

Acute

Acuic	
Eye Contact:	Causes Irritation.
Skin Contact:	May cause redness, swelling
Ingestion:	Low acute oral toxicity. May cause nausea,
	vomiting, diarrhea, irritation, corrosion.
Inhalation:	May cause upper respiratory tract irritation, lung
	irritation
Chronic Effects:	This product does not contain any ingredient
	designated by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, OSHA as
	probable or suspected human carcinogens.

VIII Recommended First Aid Measures

Eye Exposure:	Hold eyelids open and flush with a steady, gentle stream of water for at least 15 mins. Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin Exposure:	In case of contact, immediately wash with plenty of soap and water for al least 5 mins. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Clean contaminated clothing and shoes before re-use.
Inhalation Exposure	Remove and assure that the victim is breathing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen, if available. If victim is not breathing, administer CPR (cardio-pulmonary resuscitation). Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion Exposure:	If victim is conscious and alert, give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not leave victim unattended. To prevent aspiration of swallowed product, lay victim on side with head lower than waist. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. If vomiting occurs and the victim is conscious, give water to further dilute the chemical.
Medical conditions possible aggravated by exposure:	Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory problems such as asthma emphysema or bronchitis. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease.
Notes to Physician:	All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

IX Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media:	Not combustible. Use extinguishing methods suitable for surrounding fire.
Special Fire Fighting	
Procedures:	Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Dike area top prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.
Unusual Fire and	
Explosion Hazard:	Not combustible

X Accidental Release Measures

Evacuation Procedure	
& Safety:	Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Wear appropriate protective gear for situation. See personal information.
Containment of Spills:	Follow Procedure described below under Cleanup and Disposal of spill
Environmental	
& Regulatory Reporting:	Do not flush to drain. If spilled on the ground, the affected area should be scraped clean placed in an appropriate container for disposal. Prevent material from entering public sewer system or any waterway. Large spills should be handled according to a predetermined plan. For assistance in developing a plan contact with the Technical Service Department using the Product Information phone number.
XI Handling & Storage	

Handling:Do not get in eyes. Do not breath dusts. Avoid direct or
prolonged contact with skin.Storage:Store in area that is cool, dry, well-ventilated.

XII Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection

Appropriate	
Hygienic Practices: procedure, prompt	As part of good industrial, personal hygiene and safety avoid all unnecessary exposure to the product and ensure removal from eyes, skin and clothing. Maintain good housekeeping to control dust accumulations.
Personal Protection Equip	pment
Eye Protection:	Eye and face protection requirements will vary dependent upon work environment conditions and material handling practices. Appropriate ANSI Z87 approved equipment should be selected for the particular use intended for this material.
Skin Protection:	Skin contact should be minimized through use of gloves and suitable long-sleeved clothing (i.e. shirts and pants.) Consideration must be give both to durability as well as permeation resistance.

XIII Ecological Information

Acute Ecotoxicity:	Crustaceans, Daphnia magna, EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 265 mg/l		
-	Fishes, Lepomis macrochirus, LC ₅₀ 96 hours, 300 mg/l		
	Algae, Nitszcheria linearis, EC_{50} , 5 day(s), 242 mg/l		
Chronic Ecotoxicity:	Phytoplankton, EC biomass, 7 day(s), 14 mg/l		
Mobility:	Considerable solubility and mobility		
Degradation			
Abiotic:	Water, hydrolysis. Degradation products: carbonate (pH.		
	10/bicarbonate (pH 6-10)/carbonic acid/carbon dioxide		
	(ph<6))		
	Soil-result: N/A		
Biotic:	N/A		
Potential for			
Bioaccumulation:	Log Po/w: Result- N/A		
Other Adverse	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		
Effects/ Comments:	Observed effects are related to alkaline properties of product. Product is not significantly hazardous for the environment.		

XIV Disposal Consideration

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XV Transport Information

Mode	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not a regulated	Not a regulated	Not a regulated
	hazardous material	hazardous material	hazardous material
Other	It is not recommended that ERG guide #111 be used for all non-		
	DOT-regulated material		
STCC#	28-123-22		

XVI Regulatory Information

National Regulations (US)	
TSCA Inventory 8(b):	Yes
SARA Title III	
Sec. 302/303	
Extremely Hazardous	
Substances (40 CFR 355):	No
SARA Title III Sec 311/312	
(40 CFR 370):	Hazard Category: Acute health hazard; Chronic health
	hazard. Threshhold planning quantity: 10,000 lbs
SARA Title III Sec 313	
Toxic Chemical	
Emissions Reporting	
(40 CFR 372):	No
CERCLA Hazardous	
Substance (40 CFR Part 302)	Listed: No
	Unlisted Substance: No
	Characteristic: N/A
State Component Listing:	None identified
National Regulations (Canada	h)
Canadian DSL Registration:	DSL

WHMIS Classifications:		D2B—Material causing other toxic effects	
This product has been classif		ied in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled	
Products Regulations, and the SDS contains all the			
		information required by the Controlled Products	
		Regulations.	
EEC Labeling:		Name of dangerous product- sodium carbonate	
Symbols	Xi	Irritant	
Phrases R	36	Irritating to eyes	
Phrases S	(2)	Keep out of reach of children	
	22	Do not breath dust.	
	26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty	
		of water and seek medical advice	
Labeling	"Dangerous	for the environment." Not dangerous.	
Provision	s classificati	on of WG from EU-DGXI-1/3-04-98	
XVII Other Inf	ormation		

Ratings:

NFPA (Nation	nal Fire Protection Ass	sociation)	
Health = 2	Flammability = 0	Instability $= 0$	Special = None

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information system)

Health = 2 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0 PPE = Supplied by User; dependent on local conditions

XVIII Additional Information

The information in this MSDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.

*n/a= Not Applicable

NAME OF PRODUCT: AW Hydraulic Oil ISO 46

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: AW Hydraulic Oil ISO 46 SYNONYMS: hydraulic fluid PRODUCT CODES: 9616,9636,9637,9637Tray,9638,11360, CG46AWBlue

MANUFACTURER: CGF INC DIVISION: N/A ADDRESS: 317 Peoples Avenue Rockford, IL 61104 USA

EMERGENCY PHONE: 800/424-9300 CHEMTREC PHONE: 800/424-9300 OTHER CALLS: 815-967-4400 FAX PHONE: 815-967-4404

PRODUCT USE: Hydraulic Fluid PREPARED BY: Irena Larson/Denise Brauer

SECTION 1 NOTES:

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT: Petroleum base oils, additive package.

CAS NO.	<u>% WT</u>	<u>% VOL</u>	SARA 313 REPORTABLE
64741-88-4	75-85		None
64742-01-4	15-25		None
Proprietary Additive(s)	0.5-1.5		None

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: This material is not considered hazardous according to OSHA criteria.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Skin contact or inhalation.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Contact may cause mild eye irritation including stinging, watering, and redness.

SKIN: Contact may cause mild skin irritation including redness and a burning sensation. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin, causing drying and cracking of the skin and possibly dermatitis (inflammation). No harmful effects from skin absorption are expected.

INGESTION: No harmful effects expected from ingestion.

INHALATION: No information available on acute toxicity.

ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS: No

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS: No

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

CARCINOGENICITY			
OSHA: None OTHER:	ACGIH: None	NTP: None	IARC: None

SECTION 3 NOTES:

NAME OF PRODUCT: AW Hydraulic Oil ISO 46

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: If irritation or redness develops, flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with a mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

INGESTION: First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

INHALATION: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

NOTES TO PHYSICIANS OR FIRST AID PROVIDERS: High-pressure hydrocarbon injection injuries may produce substantial necrosis of underlying tissue despite an innocuous appearing wound. Often these injuries require emergency surgical debridement and all injuries should be evaluated by a specialist in order to assess the extent of injury.

Acute aspirations of large amounts of mineral oil-laden material may produce serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

SECTION 4 NOTES:

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212 F. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying dioxide in confined spaces.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: For fires in enclosed areas, fire fighters muct use self-contained breathing apparatus.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of fire.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: No data

Flash Point: C(F) : >210(410) (ASTM D-92) Flammable Limits (approx. % vol. in air)- LEL: 0.9%, UEL: 7.0% NFPA HAZARD ID: Health: 1, Flammability: 1, Reactivity: 0

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Personal Precautions:

This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Notify persons downwind of the

spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant.

Environmental Precautions: Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Contact appropriate agency for spills into or upon navigable waters that cause a sheen or discoloration on the water surface.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up:

Notify fire authorities and appropriate regulatory authorities. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment. High pressure injection of hydrocarbon fuels, hydraulic oils or greases under the skin may have serious consequences even though no symptoms or injury may be apparent. This can happen accidentally when using high pressure equipment such as high pressure grease guns, fuel injection **PAGE 2 OF 6**

NAME OF PRODUCT: AW Hydraulic Oil ISO 46

apparatus or from pinhole leaks in tubing of high pressure hydraulic oil equipment. Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. "Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat and all sources of ignition. Keep container(s) tightly closed. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material. Protect container(s) against physical damage.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Componet	ACGIH	OSHA
Lubricant Base Oil-Petroleum	TWA: 5mg/m ³	TWA: 5mg/m ³
	STEL: 10mg/m ³	as Oil mist, if generated
	As oil mist, if generated	

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Where there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limit a NIOSH certified air purifying respirator equipped with R or P95 filters may be used. A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (MUC) as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions, in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or other conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

EYE PROTECTION: The use of eye protection that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended to protect against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

SKIN PROTECTION: The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Users should check with manufacturers to confirm the performance of their products. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile

SECTION 8 NOTES: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: Clear Blue Liquid

ODOR: mild petroleum

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

pH AS SUPPLIED: Not applicable pH (Other): BOILING POINT: No data F: >600 C: >316

FLASH POINT: F: >410 C: >210 METHOD USED: (ASTM D-92) AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: F: 671

C: 355 MELTING POINT: No data F: C: FREEZING POINT: No data F:

PAGE 3 OF 6

NAME OF PRODUCT: AW Hydraulic Oil ISO 46

C: VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg): <1 @ 20 C :< 0.1 VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): >2 @ F: 68 C: 20 SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1): 0.87 @ F: 60 C: 15.6 **EVAPORATION RATE: n/a** BASIS (=1): SOLUBILITY IN WATER: not soluble PERCENT SOLIDS BY WEIGHT: n/a PERCENT VOLATILE: Negligible BY WT/ BY VOL @ F: 68 C: 20 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC): no data WITH WATER: LBS/GAL WITHOUT WATER: LBS/GAL **MOLECULAR WEIGHT: no data** VISCOSITY: 200-300 SUS @ 100 Degree F @ 40 C cST 47.25

SECTION 9 NOTES: Data represents typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE

UNSTABLE

STABILITY:

YES

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY): Avoid excessive heat, formations of vapors or mists.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID): Strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS: None under normal storage.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: No

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (POLYMERIZATION): n/a

SECTION 10 NOTES:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Carcinogenicity: The petroleum base oils contained in this product have been highly refined by a variety of processes including solvent extraction, hydrotreating, and/or dewaxing to remove aromatics and improve performance characteristics. No components in this formulation have been identified as a carcinogen.

ComponentOral LD50Lubricant Base Oil>5g/kg

Dermal LD50 >2g/kg PAGE 4 OF 6 Inhalation LC50 No data

NAME OF PRODUCT: AW Hydraulic Oil ISO 46

SECTION 11 NOTES:

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity: Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) (LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.

Mobility: Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. **Persistence/degradability:** Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.

Bioaccumulation : Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Other Adverse Effects: Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential

SECTION 12 NOTES:

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Material Disposal: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.

Container Disposal: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local Legislation: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION: Not regulated PROPER SHIPPING NAME: HAZARD CLASS: ID NUMBER: PACKING GROUP: LABEL STATEMENT:
- WATER TRANSPORTATION: Not regulated PROPER SHIPPING NAME: HAZARD CLASS: ID NUMBER: PACKING GROUP: LABEL STATEMENTS:
- AIR TRANSPORTATION: Not regulated PROPER SHIPPING NAME: HAZARD CLASS: ID NUMBER: PACKING GROUP: LABEL STATEMENTS:

OTHER AGENCIES:

SECTION 14 NOTES:

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

PAGE 5 OF 6

NAME OF PRODUCT: AW Hydraulic Oil ISO 46

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT): All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA inventory or not regulated under TSCA.

EU Labeling: Product is not dangerous as defined by the European Union Dangerous Substances/Preparations Directives. EU labeling is not required.

Governmental Inventory Status: All components comply with TSCA, EINECS/ELINCS, AICS, METI, DSL, KOREA, and PHILIPPINES.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT): This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT): This product contains no"EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES".

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: None Acute Health: No Chronic Health: No Fire Hazard: No

Pressure Hazard: No Reactive Hazard: No

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

STATE REGULATIONS: This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

California Proposition 65:

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS:

Canadian Regulations:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

SECTION 15 NOTES:

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

OTHER INFORMATION:

PREPARATION INFORMATION: Issue Date: August 2009 Rev. #1

DISCLAIMER:

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and accurate to the best of Cutting & Grinding Fluids Inc., knowledge. However, CGF INC., makes no warranty whatsoever expressed or implied of merchantability or fitness for the particular purpose, regarding the accuracy of such data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Cutting & Grinding Fluids, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the injury to recipient or to the third persons or for any damage to any property and recipient assumes all such risks.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lucas SAE 80W-90 Gear Oil



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	1	Lucas SAE 80W-90 Gear Oil
Other means of	÷	Not available.
identification		
Product number	:	10043, 10046, 10066, 10067, 10069

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Lubricating oil.

Supplier's details	: Lucas Oil Products, Inc 302 North Sheridan Street Corona, California 92880-2067 Toll Free: (800) 342-2512 Tel: (951) 270-0154 Fax: (951) 270-1902 Website: www.LucasOil.com

Emergency telephone	: (951) 493-1149
number (with hours of	(951) 847-5949
operation)	Markn@lucasoil.com

7:00A.M. to 5:00P.M. Monday thru Friday

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.





Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	30 - 60 10 - 30	72623-83-7 68037-01-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	toms
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: No special precaution is required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for cor	ntainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

Section 7. Handling and storage

 Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this mate handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face befor drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equine 		dling	Precautions for safe handli
Advice on general : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this mate occupational hygiene handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equin	n appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).	: Put on appropriate pe	Protective measures
entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygi measures.	g, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is ed, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, ng and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before ng eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene ures.	 Eating, drinking and s handled, stored and p drinking and smoking entering eating areas. measures. 	Advice on general occupational hygiene

Received by the Florida Department	of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on 10/16/1	ວ
KMK Regulatory Services	www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com	5



Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, :	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from
including any	direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
incompatibilities	(see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until
	ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept
	upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate
	containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

		worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected
based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.
 Respiratory protection
 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.





Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	1	Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	:	Amber.
Odor	:	Petroleum. Sulfur.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>260°C (>500°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 212.77°C (415°F)
Burning time	:	Not applicable.
Burning rate	:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.9042
Solubility	:	Negligible at 25°C
Solubility in water	÷	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (100°C (212°F)): 0.15 cm ² /s (15 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute_toxicity

There is no data available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin

: There is no data available.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Eyes	: There is no data available.				
Respiratory	: There is no data available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Skin	: There is no data available.				
Respiratory	: There is no data available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
There is no data available.					
Carcinogenicity					
There is no data available.					
Reproductive toxicity					
There is no data available.					
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
There is no data available.					
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)					
There is no data available. Specific target organ					
toxicity (repeated exposure) There is no data					

available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available
routes of exposure	

No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

	Symptoms	related	to the	physical,	chemical	and	toxicologica	l characteristics
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Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Lucas SAE 80W-90 Gear Oil

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity
Teratogenicity
Developmental effects
Fertility effects

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 - : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

There is no data available.

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

There is no data available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Received by the	e Florida Department of	Wiregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.g	,,



Lucas SAE 80W-90 Gear Oil

Section 14. Transp	port information	
Environmental No. hazards	No.	No.
Additional - information	-	-
Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises upright and secure. Ensure that per event of an accident or spillage.	s: always transport in closed containers that are rsons transporting the product know what to do in the
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	: Not available.	
Section 15. Regula	atory information	
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial ex	xemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8t	b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air	:	Listed
Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information	on	inaredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ	:	Not applicable.			
<u>SARA 311/312</u>					
Classification	:	Not applicable.			
Composition/information on ingredients					

No products were found.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	1 - 5
Supplier notification	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	1	None of the components are listed.	
New York	÷	None of the components are listed.	



Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: Lubricating oils, petroleum, c>25, hydrotreated bright stock-based; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate
<u>California Prop. 65</u>		
No products were found.		
International regulations		
International lists	:	Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule Il Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	:	Not listed

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 0 Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : Flammability : 0 0 1 Instability :

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	:	12/30/2012
Version	:	1
Revised Section(s)	:	Not applicable.
Prepared by	1	KMK Regulatory Services Inc.







Section 16.	Other i	information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.





Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification ------Product Name: Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40 Product Number: 330135 Synonyms: Passenger Car Motor Oil CAS Number: Blend

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

100.0% Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40

CONTAINING:

HAZARDOUS AND/OR REGULATED COMPONENTS	Amount	CAS Number
	Allouite	CAS NUMBER
ZINC ALKYLDITHIOPHOSPHATE	< 5.0 %	Proprietary
NON-HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS		
Chemical Name	Amount	CAS Number
PETROLEUM DISTILLATES HEAVY PARAFFINIC ADDITIVES	80.0 - 90.0 % < 15.0 %	64742-65-0 Mixture

(See Section 8 for exposure guidelines)

(See Section 15 for regulatory information)

COMPOSITION COMMENT: This product contains the following components required to be reported per the SARA Section 313: Zinc Compounds. Note: contains less than 1% as Zn.

HAZARDS DISCLOSURE

This product contains hazardous materials as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.



4.

Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40

Material Safety Data Sheet

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

***** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * EMERGENCY OVERVIEW * * + WARNING * * Causes eye irritation. HMIS Rating -Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS EYE: Causes eye irritation. SKIN: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, local redness and swelling. INHALATION: High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. INGESTION: May be harmful if swallowed. CHRONIC EFFECTS: None reported. CARCINOGENICITY INFORMATION: None known. FIRST AID MEASURES EYE CONTACT FIRST AID: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. SKIN CONTACT FIRST AID: Wash skin with plenty of soap and water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse.



Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40

Material Safety Data Sheet

INHALATION FIRST AID: Remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration and contact a physician immediately.

INGESTION FIRST AID: Do NOT induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES COC Flash Point: > 176.7 C (> 350.1 F) Autoignition Temperature: N/A

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, foam, or dry powder. Do not use water, because this product is oil based. Water may cause frothing.

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Can burn in fire, releasing toxic vapors, fumes, and smoke.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Hazardous decomposition products are oxides of carbon and nitrogen including CO and CO2.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SAFEGUARDS (PERSONNEL): Eliminate all sources of ignition - heat, sparks, flame, electricity, impact and friction.



Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40

Material Safety Data Sheet

INITIAL CONTAINMENT: Absorb spills with inert material. Do not allow material to enter soil or surface water.

LARGE SPILLS PROCEDURE: Absorb spill with inert material (e g, dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Do not flush to sewer.

SMALL SPILLS PROCEDURE: Absorb spills with inert material.

MISCELLANEOUS: Treat or dispose of in accordance with all federal, state, and local requirements. Incineration is preferred.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING (PERSONNEL): DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

HANDLING (PHYSICAL ASPECTS): Secure container after each use. Store in a cool dry area.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Store in a cool dry place, in a tightly closed container. Eliminate all sources of ignition - heat, sparks, flame, electricity, impact and friction.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. TLV for mineral oil is 5 mg/cubic meter.

EYE / FACE PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: When splashing of the material may occur, chemical goggles and/or a face shield are recommended.


Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40

Material Safety Data Sheet

SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: Where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: Under normal use conditions, with adequate ventilation, no special handling equipment is required. If mists are produced, local ventilation may be required to keep exposure below limits.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: No Information Available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FORM Liquid COLOR Amber ODOR Petroleum VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air (Air = 1) SOLUBILITY IN WATER ... Nil SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.871 at 60 Deg F (Water = 1) BULK DENSITY 7.25 Pounds per Gallon at 60 Deg F PH Not applicable VISCOSITY 13.5 cSt at 100 Deg C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable.

POLYMERIZATION: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

DECOMPOSITION: In the case of a fire, oxides of carbon and zinc, hydrocarbons, fumes, and smoke may be produced. Hydrogen sulfide and alkyl mercaptans and sulfides may also be released.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information available.



Gulfpride[®] Motor Oil 10W-40

Material Safety Data Sheet

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Avoid disposal into waste water treatment facilities. Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements. This product, if discarded, is not considered a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PRODUCT LABEL Gulfpride® Motor Oil 10W-40 D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME ...: Not Regulated by DOT

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED: 01 = CANADIAN DISCLOSURE LIST 03 = TITLE V OF THE CLEAN AIR ACT04 = SC Toxic Air Pollutants List05 = SARA TITLE III - SECTION 31306 = SARA Title III - Section 312 07 = CA PROPOSITION 65

02 = CERCLA Hazardous Substances 08 = RCRA Hazardous Substances

No information available.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE ...: NEW APPROVAL DATE: March 24, 2011 SUPERCEDES DATE: RTN NUMBER:

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, except that it is accurate to the best knowledge of Gulf Oil LP. The data on this sheet are related only to the specific material designated herein. Gulf Oil LP assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance upon these data.

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END OF MSDS
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7(a) Map depicting Kanter owned property in WCA 3

THE CAROL GROUP



7(b) Central and Southern Florida Flood Control District flowage easement

THE CAROL GROUP

THIS INDENTURE, made and entered into this 5th day of 1()-11(): July, A.D., 1950, by and between DALLAS INVESTMENT CO., a Florida corporation existing under the laws of the State of Florida, having its principal place of business in the County of Dade and State of Florida, and lawfully authorized to transact business in the State of Florida; VICTOR J. TATHAN and EARMIA A. TATHAN, his wife, parties of the first part, and CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA WIGOD CONTROL DISTRICT, a body corporate created by the Acts of the Florida Legialature of 1949, with its principal office in West Palm Beach, Palm Beach County, Florida, party of the second part; WITNES SET H:

UB711/282

That for and in consideration of the sum of One Dollar and other good and valuable considerations. the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged and confessed, party of the first part does hereby bargair, sell, grant and convey to the CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT, party of the second part, its successors or assigns, only such right, privilege. use and casement in and to the lands hereinafter described for any and all purposes necessary to the construction, maintenance and operation of any project in the interest of flood control, reclamation, conservation and allied purposes now or that may hereafter be conducted by the grantee herein, its auccessors or assigns, including the right to permanently or intermittently flood all or any part of the area covered hereby as a result of the said construction. maintenance, or operation, in carrying out the purposes and intents of the statutes of the State of Florida, relating to CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT, presently existing or that may be enacted in the future pertaining thereto. Any part or the whole thereof of the right, privilege, use and easement herein granted may be assigned for the public purposes contemplated herein by the grantee at its own option and sound discretion without approval of the grantor herein.

Such right, privilege, use and casement is given in and to the following described lands, situate, lying and being in the County of Broward and State of Florida, to-wit:

All West of Canal less FEC R/w Section 2, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All less FEC R/w Section 3, Township 50-South,

Range 37-East; All Section 4, Township 50-South, Range 37-East;

All Section 4, Township 50-South, Range 37-Rast; All Section 5, Township 50-South, Range 37-Rast; All Section 9, Township 50-South, Range 37-Bast; All Section 10, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All West of Canal less FEC R/w Section 11, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All West of Canal less FEC R/w Section 12, Township 50-South, Range 37-East;

All West of Canal less FEC R/w Section 13, Township 50-South, Range 37-East;

All Section 14, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All Section 15, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All Section 23, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All Section 24, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All Section 25, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All Section 36, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All Section 13, East of Canal, Township 50-South, Range 37-East; All Section 1, Township 50-South, Range 38-East; All Section 3, Township 50-South, Range 38-East; All Section 27, Township 50-South, Range 38-East; All East of Miami Canal Section 19, Township 50-South, Range 38-East; All East of Miami Canal Section 19, Township 50-South, Range 38-East; All Section 27, Township 50-South, Range 38-East; NT Section 28, Township 50-South, Range 38-East;

ida Department of Environmental Protection's Oil & Gas Program on



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N¹/₂ Section 29, Township 50-South, Range 38-East; N¹/₂ Section 30, West of Caral, less FEC R/w, Township 50-South, Range 38-Bast; Wh Section 30, East of Canal, less FEC R/w Township 50-South, Range 38-Bast; St Section 7, Township 51-3outh, Range 38-East; St Section 8, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; 'Sf Section 9. Township 51-South, Range 38-East; -Sf Section 10. Township 51-South, Range 38-East; Sf Leas FEC R/w Section 11. Township 51-South, Range 38-Bast; St Less FEC R/* Section 13, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; All Less FSC R/w Section 14, Township 51-South, Range S8-East: , 111 Section 15, Township 51-Souta, Range 38-East; All Section 16, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; All Section 17, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; All Section 18, Township 51-South, Range 33-East; All Section 19, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; All Section 20, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; All Section 21, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; All Section 22, Township 51-South. Range 38-East; All Section 23, Township 51-South. Range 38-East; All Less FEC R/w Section 24, Township 51-South. Range 38-Bast; Nº Section 25, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; Nº Section 26, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; F: Section 27, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; N± Section 28. Township 51-South, Range 38-East; N± Section 29, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; N± Less FEC R/w Section 30, Township 51-South, Range 38-East; All Section 12, Township 48-South, Pange 40-East; All Section 24, Township 48-South, Range 40-East.

It is specifically understood and abreed that the foregoing grant of the uses, rights and privileges aforesaid shall in no wise prohibit or interfere with the right of the party of the first part, its successors, assigns or lessees, to:

> (a) Lease or conduct operations on the premises herein described, for the exploration or drilling for, or the developing, producing, storing or removing of oil, gas or other minerals in or under the aforesaid premises:

(b) Make such further use as will not conflict with the purposes for which this grant is given.

To exercise these rights, the grantor, its successors, assigns or lessees, and agents and employees shall have such right of ingress and egress to and from the property hereinbefore set forth, as may be necessary. It being further specifically understood and agreed that the rights retained under the provisions of this paragraph shall be exercised by the grantor, its successors, assigns or lessees, subject to any reasonable rules and regulations which the Governing Board of the CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT may prescribe for the efficient maintenance and operation of a public project in the interest of flood control, reclamation, conservation and allied purposes, but which shall permit the reserved rights to be exercised so that oil, gas and minerals may be developed, extracted and removed from the District in accordance with sound engineering principles.

The District hereby assumes the responsibility for 1950 taxes and years subsequent thereto, as referred to in Section 5, Chapter 25213, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1949, so long as said land in which the easement is granted remains within the Conser-

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vation Areas of the Flood Control District as determined by Engineers in charge of said project.

This casement granted and conveyed to the CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT, shall be for the public purposes of the said District as contemplated herein and as setforth in the atautes of the State of Florida, and is subject to the condition, that in the event any or all of the lands hereinbefore described are not within the area finally determined by the Engineers in charge of said project to be required for Conservation Area purposes, then and in that event any or all of such lands not within the required area shall automatically and immediately revert to the Grantor herein and the Grantee, its successors or assigns, shall upon demand of the Grantor, its successors, heirs or assigns, execute the proper and necessary instrument to reconvey said land.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be executed by their duly authorized officers and its corporate scal to be affixed, attested by its Secretary and the said individual parties have hereunto set their hands and scals the day and year above written.



ed by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Of & Gas P

STATE OF FLORIDA) CODITY OF DALE)

and the second second

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 5th day of <u>Lift</u> A.D., 1950 before me personally appeared VICTOR J. TATHANNand EARYIA A. TATHAN, his wife, to me well known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged before me that they executed the same freely and voluntarily for the purposes therein expressed.

REP 711 CT285

IN WITNESS WHEREOF. I have hereinto set my hand and official seal at Miami, said County and state the day and year last aforesaid.

racorecce (Scal) Nelece Notary Fublic State of Florida at Large

Norar, - cl., State of Flavide at Larga. My commission aspiras Warch 21, 1951, Bonded D. Amarican Suma Cr. of N. Y.

Sector States

My commission expires:





STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF BROWLED This instrument find for moore 2 mi a The 19 2 Dand recorded as pres 721 a dud on page 28 PRECLASS VENIFIED TSD CABOT. Clerk of the Citcuit Court leline (

7.1(a) Map indicating the relative locations of the DECOMP project and the proposed oil well site

THE CAROL GROUP



7.1(b) FWCC Letter

THE CAROL GROUP



Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

Commissioners

Brian Yablonski Chairman Tallahassee

Aliese P. "Liesa" Priddy Vice Chairman Immokalee

Ronald M. Bergeron Fort Lauderdale

Richard A. Corbett Tampa

Richard Hanas Oviedo

Bo Rivard Panama City

Charles W. Roberts III Tallahassee

Executive Staff Nick Wiley

Executive Director

Eric Sutton Assistant Executive Director

Jennifer Fitzwater Chief of Staff

Office of the Executive Director

Nick Wiley Executive Director

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Managing fish and wildlife resources for their long-term well-being and the benefit of people.

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Hearing/speech-impaired: (800) 955-8771 (T) (800) 955-8770 (V)

MyFWC.com

August 4, 2015

Levi Sciara Engineering Specialist Florida Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Road, M.S. 3588 Tallahassee, FL 32399 Levi.Sciara@dep.state.fl.us

Re: Kanter 23-1 Exploratory Oil Well, Oil and Gas Permitting Application File No. 1366 and Associated Environmental Resource Permit (ERP) Application Number 06-0336409-001, Broward County

Dear Mr. Sciara:

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) staff has reviewed the abovereferenced application and provides the following comments for your consideration. We provide these comments as technical assistance during your review of the oil and gas application under Chapter 62C-30, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), during your review of the ERP application under Chapter 373, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and in accordance with FWC's authorities under Chapter 379, F.S.

Project Description

The applicant (Kanter) proposes to drill a well to be known as Kanter 23-1 to a depth of approximately 11,800 feet for the purposes of oil exploration. Kanter owns in fee simple approximately 20,000 acres in Water Conservation Area 3 (WCA 3) in Broward County. In 1950 an easement was granted to the Central and Southern Flood Control District for the purposes of construction, maintenance and operation of any project in the interest of flood control, reclamation, conservation and allied purposes. Kanter retained the right of ingress and egress to and from the property in order to exercise its reserved rights to develop, extract, and remove oil, gas, and minerals in accordance with sound engineering principals. Kanter, based on geologic information, proposes to construct an oil well for the purposes of exploring oil reserves on 5 acres of the 20,000-acre parcel. Drilling operations will consist of exploratory drilling and testing taking place 24 hours a day for approximately 60 to 80 days to explore the viability of the well. The applicant has also submitted an Environmental Resource Permit application which details the plans for the construction of a 5.8-acre stormwater management system to serve the proposed 5-acre oil well facility and associated works. The project also includes a 0.92-acre de-mucking spoil area with a total of 6.83 acres of wetland impacts.

The proposed well pad is located within Water Conservation Area 3B (WCA 3B), directly adjacent to the L-67A levee, approximately 1.15 miles southwest of Structure 151 within Broward County. The site currently contains freshwater marsh habitat and the applicant is proposing to purchase credits at an offsite mitigation bank to offset the proposed wetland impacts. The proposed project is expected to remain for approximately 30 years if the well is capable of producing oil. In accordance with Rule 62C-26.008, F.A.C., Operating Applications, an applicant must obtain a separate permit to operate the well. The FWC may provide additional comments if the applicant decides to apply for an operating permit. Additionally, the applicant is proposing to fully restore the pad site to its original condition at the end of the use of the pad site. The proposed project is being designed as a retention system in order to not significantly impact WCA

3 and best management practices such as construction precautions and sediment curtains will be implemented.

Potentially Affected Resources

The application states that the proposed project is similar to the location, wetland types, and wildlife impacts of the Decompartmentalization and Sheetflow Enhancement Physical Model (DECOMP) project, which was completed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). The application provided a list of threatened and endangered species and state species of concern within the project study area including: wood stork (*Mycteria Americana*, Federally Threatened (FT), Everglade snail kite (*Rostrhamus sociabilis plumbeus*, Federally Endangered [FE]), Florida panther (*Puma concolor coryi*, FE), Eastern indigo snake (*Drymarchon corais couperi*, FT), West Indian manatee (*Trichechus manatus*, FE), American alligator (*Alligator mississippiensis*, FT because of similarity of appearance), bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*), Everglades mink (*Neovison vison evergladensis*, State Threatened [ST]), Southeastern American kestrel (*Falco sparverius paulus*, ST), Florida sandhill crane (*Grus canadensis pratensis*, ST), Florida black bear (*Ursus americanus floridanus*), roseate spoonbill (*Ajaja ajaja*, State Species of Special Concern [SSC]), limpkin (*Aramus guarauna*, SSC), little blue heron (*Egretta caerulea*, SSC), white ibis (*Eudocimus albus*, SSC), snowy egret (*Egretta thula*, SSC), and tricolored heron (*Egretta tricolor*, SSC).

FWC's geographic information system (GIS) analysis of the project site confirms that the project site contains the above-mentioned listed species with the exception of the following:

- o West Indian manatee (Trichechus manatus, FE)
- o Southeastern American kestrel (Falco sparverius paulus, ST)
- o Florida sandhill crane (Grus canadensis pratensis, ST)

In addition, the GIS analysis of the project site found that the project site contains, is adjacent to, or occurs near:

- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) consultation areas for:
 - Audubon's crested caracara (*Polyborus plancus audubonii*, Federally Threatened [FT])
 - Everglade snail kite, critical habitat (*Rostrhamus sociabilis plumbeus*, Federally Endangered [FE])
 - o Florida bonneted bat (Eumops floridanus, FE)
- Four wood stork (*Mycteria americana*, FT) nesting colony core foraging areas (CFA). The CFA constitutes an 18.6-mile radius around the nesting colony.
- Potential habitat for state-listed species:
 Least tern (Sterna antillarum, ST)

Comments and Recommendations

FWC staff met with the applicant on July 27, 2015, to discuss the proposed project and current planning efforts regarding fish and wildlife resources. We provide the following comments and recommendations to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) regarding fish and wildlife resources to be considered during project permitting. The FWC has fish, wildlife,

Levi Sciara Page 3 August 4, 2015

and land management responsibilities for Water Conservation Areas (WCA) 2 and 3, which are managed as the Everglades and Francis S. Taylor Wildlife Management Area (EWMA). The EWMA contains approximately two-thirds of the remaining freshwater Everglades, and its plant communities provide important habitat for snail kites, wading birds, marsh fishes, and a variety of other wildlife species. The Everglades is a unique resource and the focus of large-scale restoration efforts. FWC staff recommends that the applicant coordinate with the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) and the USACE to verify that the proposed project does not impact any proposed Everglades restoration projects or planning efforts.

Federal Species

Wildlife surveys have not been conducted onsite, however the application provides a commitment to follow the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Eastern Indigo Snake Protection Plan, USFWS Habitat Management Guidelines for the Wood Stork in the Southeast Region Plan, and the USFWS Snail Kite Survey Protocol. Because species surveys have not yet been conducted onsite and because the location of the proposed activities may impact the listed species mentioned above, we recommend wildlife surveys for the above-listed species be conducted prior to any site development activities. We recommend that wildlife surveys follow survey protocols established by the USFWS and the FWC and surveys should be conducted by qualified individuals with recent documented experience. Basic guidance for conducting wildlife surveys may be found in the Florida Wildlife Conservation Guide (http://myfwc.com/conservation/value/fwcg/). Additionally, we recommend the applicant coordinate with the USFWS South Florida Ecological Services Office (ESO) at (772) 562-3909 for any necessary federal requirements.

Snail kites frequently nest in WCA 3B downstream of the project site and surveys for snail kites should be conducted before and during construction activities. We recommend the applicant coordinate with the USFWS for information regarding potential impacts to this species. Additionally, if snail kites are documented near the project site, we recommend the applicant coordinate with Tyler Beck, FWC's Snail Kite Conservation Coordinator, at either Tyler.Beck@MyFWC.com or (561) 459-7072.

The project is located within the USFWS Consultation Area for the federally endangered Florida bonneted bat and potential habitat for this species may exist onsite. The University of Florida conducted acoustic surveys for bonneted bats and they have been detected around this area in 2014 and 2015. While specific guidance has not yet been approved by the USFWS for the Florida bonneted bat, we recommend the applicant take steps to determine if and how bonneted bats may be using the project area. This could include conducting acoustic surveys to determine presence of bonneted bats and searching for potential roost sites that could be used by any bat species, such as tree cavities or under dead palm fronds, within the project area. For any potential roost site that is located, FWC staff recommends the site be examined by a trained wildlife professional and the area around it should be searched for signs of bats (guano, staining around the cavity entrance, chirping sounds). If bats are found roosting within or near the project site, they should be identified to species to determine if they are Florida bonneted bats. If Florida bonneted bats are identified, the applicant should immediately contact the USFWS and also provide that occurrence information to the FWC.

State-listed Wading Birds

Several species of wading birds are known to nest within WCA 3 including both state-listed Species of Special Concern (little blue and tricolored herons, white ibis, snowy egret, roseate spoonbill), federally listed species (wood stork), and other species protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (e.g., great egret, great blue heron). Many of these species breed from March to August, but wood storks and great egrets typically initiate nesting from January through March. Although suitable nesting substrates were not readily identifiable from satellite imagery on or

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Levi Sciara Page 4 August 4, 2015

immediately adjacent to the project site, it is possible that wading birds could nest in the project area.

Wading birds often are sensitive to human disturbance. In response to disturbance, nesting birds may leave eggs and young unattended, thereby exposing eggs and young to predators, sun, and cold. Moreover, wading birds may abandon nests or even whole colonies in response to human disturbance. Typically, FWC staff recommends a 328-foot buffer around the wading bird colonies to avoid disturbance from vehicles, boats, and pedestrian traffic. However, Mueller and Glass (1988) and the Texas Land Office have suggested maintaining a 1,000-foot buffer around wading bird colonies for drilling and construction activities.

FWC staff recommends that the applicant conduct surveys for wading birds immediately prior to construction that occurs during the breeding season (January-August). Surveys should occur within 1,000 feet of the project area because wading birds in the WCAs are unaccustomed to the level of disturbance caused by construction. If active wading bird nesting colonies are discovered within 1,000 feet of the project area, FWC staff recommends that the applicant conduct construction activities outside of the breeding season. If this is not feasible, FWC staff recommends that the applicant contact FWC staff identified below for technical assistance on avoidance, minimization, and potential permitting alternatives.

Least Tern

Clearing associated with construction may create conditions conducive for beach-nesting bird activity. Cleared sites such as areas that have undergone surface scraping may attract ground nesting species such as least terns or other imperiled beach-nesting birds (IBNB) during nesting season. IBNB nests have been documented on a variety of disturbed sites, including construction sites (FWC 2013). Least terns deposit their eggs in shallow depressions or scrapes in the substrate, possibly lined with pebbles, grasses, or coquina shells (FWC 2013). Egg laying usually begins in late April or early May and colonies may range in size from a few breeding pairs to many hundreds (FWC 2013). FWC staff recommends the following measures to reduce nesting potential during construction:

- Conduct construction activities outside of the breeding season (generally April through August),
- · Clear the site only when ready to build, and
- Avoid leaving cleared areas with little to no activity for an extended amount of time.

If nesting is observed, we recommend contacting FWC staff to discuss necessary nest buffers and potential permitting alternatives. For additional information, please refer to FWC's Breeding Bird Protocol for Florida's Seabirds and Shorebirds located at the following web address: <u>https://public.myfwc.com/crossdoi/shorebirds/PDF-</u>files/BreedingBirdProtocolForFloridasSeabirdsAndShorebirds.pdf.

Recreation and Access

The L-67A levee not only provides vital access to the public for recreational use, but also provides access for management and monitoring of invasive exotic wildlife. We recommend that project construction and operation activities are coordinated with FWC to ensure activities neither impede current and existing management activities nor interrupt existing public access to the WCAs. Additionally, we recommend that the boat ramps located on both ends of the L-67A levee (Everglades Holiday Park and S-333 structure) remain accessible during all aspects of planning, construction, and operation. The L-67A Canal is an important, popular, and valuable fishery. While the application states that there are no intended impacts to the L-67A Canal at this

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time, please contact FWC staff identified below for technical assistance on impact avoidance and minimization measures should impacts be anticipated.

Wildfires

The proposed project may increase the potential for a wildfire to occur within WCA 3B and may cause adverse effects to the surrounding wetlands. We recommend the applicant include response measures should the project inadvertently cause a wildfire. Additionally, prescribed fire is a management tool used within the surrounding area. The applicant should anticipate necessary measures to be taken in the instance a prescribed fire occurs near the site and should consider how this may affect project operations. FWC staff is available to discuss safety measures and coordinate with the applicant on prescribed burning in the area should this become necessary.

Restoration Plan

The oil and gas application states that exploratory drilling operations will take place 24 hours a day for approximately 60 to 80 days to explore the viability of the well. If the well is capable of producing oil, the ERP application states that the project is expected to remain for approximately 30 years. If the applicant decides to apply for an operating permit for the well, the FWC may have additional comments and recommendations based on the permit application. At this time, the applicant proposes to fully restore the pad site to its original condition at the end of the project. The restoration plan will be developed in consultation with the FDEP and the SFWMD. Due to the potential life cycle of the project, aggregate material may slough from the pad into the surrounding marsh over time, degrading the water quality of the marsh and harming foraging and nesting habitat for wading birds and their prey. FWC staff recommends the applicant provide a commitment to develop and implement a restoration plan following completion of the project which would include review and approval by FWC, FDEP, and SFWMD to ensure restoration goals include habitat conditions which support the wildlife management goals of WCA 3B.

High Water Conditions

The WCAs have previously experienced high water conditions and may experience such conditions again in the future due to operational constraints within the system. The application did not include a contingency plan for potential high water events. We recommend that a contingency plan with assurances be developed for high water conditions in which the oil pad could become inundated, thereby increasing the risk of contamination of onsite hazardous materials into the adjacent marsh habitat. Such contamination may cause impacts to state- and federally listed species within the WCA that are dependent on water quality for essential behaviors such as foraging. Similarly, the application states that the site and equipment are designed to ensure no offsite spills can occur. In order to protect the marsh habitats consistent with the wildlife management goals of this area, we recommend the applicant develop a spill contingency plan or a pollution prevention plan with measures for cleanup of accidental spills and a list of agencies to notify should a spill occur.

Invasive Nonnative Vegetation

In order to minimize the risk of spreading nonnative, invasive plants into adjacent or nearby natural areas including those managed by FWC, we recommend that all equipment and vehicles used for project activities be inspected and cleaned of any seeds, vegetation, or spores prior to entering the project area. FWC staff also recommends that the well pad site and the spoil area be managed to keep invasive vegetation species from growing and spreading into the WCA.

Summary

While the application provides general information regarding the issues identified above, it did not provide enough information for FWC staff to fully assess the potential project impacts. Inclusion of additional information as identified below would assist in our review of the application:

- o Listed species surveys, location information, and avoidance measures
- Assurances that existing access to the L-67A levee will not be impacted
- Measures to address the wildfire risk proposed by the project
- Measures within the restoration plan for habitat conditions that support the wildlife management goals of the WCAs
- Measures to ensure spill prevention and a contingency plan for high water conditions
- Measures to address the risk of spreading nonnative, invasive plant species

We appreciate the opportunity to review the proposed project. FWC staff is prepared to assist FDEP staff during application review and provide technical assistance to the applicant as needed. If you need any further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact Jane Chabre either by phone at (850) 410-5367 or by email at <u>FWCConservationPlanningServices@MyFWC.com</u>. If you have specific technical questions regarding the content of this letter, please contact Marissa Krueger by phone at (561) 882-5711 or by email at <u>Marissa.Krueger@MyFWC.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Jernifu D. Soft

Jennifer D. Goff Land Use Planning Program Administrator Office of Conservation Planning Services

jdg/mk ENV 1-2-2 Kanter 23-1 Exploratory Oil Well_21466_080415

cc: John Kanter, Kanter Real Estate, LLC, jemia@bellsouth.net
 Joseph Barber, The Carol Group, Inc., jbarber@thecarolgroup.com
 Rosanne Clementi, Clementi Environmental Consulting, rosanne@clementi-ec.com
 Jennifer Smith, FDEP, Jennifer.K.Smith@dep.state.fl.us
 Irene Arpayoglou, FDEP, Irene.Arpayoglou@dep.state.fl.us
 Ashleigh Blackford, USFWS, ashleigh_blackford@fws.gov

Citation:

Mueller, A.J., and P.O. Glass. 1988. Disturbance tolerance in a Texas waterbird colony. Colonial Waterbirds 11:119-122.

7.1(c) Florida panther habitat zone maps from DECOMP Report

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7.2 Correspondence from Florida Department of State, Division of Historical Resources

THE CAROL GROUP

Hi Levi,

DHR has very limited comment for this application. There are no recorded archaeological sites or other historic resources recorded within the project area, and given the environment it is unlikely that a project of this scale will lead to the disturbance of any significant resources. I recorded this project as DHR file number 2015-3766. Let me know if you have any questions.

Best,

Tim

Timothy Parsons, Ph.D., RPA

Compliance Review Supervisor | Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer | Bureau of Historic Preservation | Division of Historical Resources | Florida Department of State | 500 South Bronough Street | Tallahassee, Florida 32399 | <u>850.245.6333</u> | <u>1.800.847.7278</u> | Fax: <u>850.245.6439</u> | <u>dos.myflorida.com/historical</u>

From: Sciara, Levi [mailto:Levi.Sciara@dep.state.fl.us]
Sent: Wednesday, August 05, 2015 11:29 AM
To: Parsons, Timothy A.
Subject: FW: Oil & Gas Drilling Application 1366

From: Sciara, Levi
Sent: Monday, July 13, 2015 12:06 PM
To: Timothy.Parsons@dos.myflorida.com; mary.glowacki@dos.myflorida.com; McCall, Cheryl; Smith, Jennifer K.; karsmith@sfwmd.gov; Marissa.Krueger@MyFWC.com; richard.mospens@MyFWC.com; jhalsey@broward.org
Cc: Taylor, David M.
Subject: Oil & Gas Drilling Application 1366

On Wednesday, July 8, 2015, The Oil & Gas Program of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (Department) received a drilling application from Kanter Corporation of Florida, Inc., for the construction of a new, exploratory oil well and well pad. The proposed well and pad would be located on privately-owned land located within Water Conservation Area 3B in Broward County.

The Department is sending you a copy of the permit application to make certain you are aware of the proposed activity, and asks that you send us questions or comments that you believe are relevant to our permitting review.

The drilling application (assigned permit No. 1366) can be viewed at:

8.1 Access routes

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North East Along L67A to US27
 South West Along L67A to US41
 South West Along L67C to US41
 South East Along Miami Canal to US27

US41 Tamiami Trail

S-14 S-12A S-12B S-12C

S-343A

Google earth

S-343B

14.1 Cementing plan

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KANTER Real Estate LLC

2601 Bayshore Drive Suite 1450 Miami, FL 33133

Kanter 23-2

BROWARD County, FL, US

Cement Services Cost Estimate

OPERATOR: Kanter Real Estate LLC Proposal 176842-NC - Version 1.1 October 7, 2015

Submitted by: Jim Cerra 1384 Sandersville/Sharon Rd Sandersville, MS - 39477 601-649-9290

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Halliburton appreciates the opportunity to present this cost estimate and looks forward to being of service to you.

1 Foreword

Enclosed is our cost estimate for cementing the casing strings in the referenced well. The information in this cost estimate includes well data, calculations, materials requirements, and cost estimates. This cost estimate is based on information from our field personnel and previous cementing services in the area.

The selection and use of non-Halliburton plugs and casing attachments often compromises the holistic approach and may jeopardize the overall objective for effective zonal isolation. Furthermore, Halliburton is not involved in the design, manufacture or use of plugs and casing attachments supplied by other manufacturers and assumes no liability for their installation and operation. For this reason we recommend Halliburton plugs and casing attachments be used when Halliburton performs any zonal isolation.

Halliburton Energy Services recognizes the importance of meeting society's needs for health, safety, and protection of the environment. It is our intention to proactively work with employees, customers, the public, governments, and others to use natural resources in an environmentally sound manner while protecting the health, safety, and environmental processes while supplying high quality products and services to our customers.

We appreciate the opportunity to present this cost estimate for your consideration and we look forward to being of service to you. Our Services for your well will be coordinated through the Service Center listed below. If you require any additional information or additional designs, please feel free to contact myself or our field representative listed below.

Service Center:	Sandersville, MS - Kilgore, TX - Bossier City, LA Caldwell, TX
Phone Number:	903-986-5096
Service Coordinators:	David Sage Johnny Mize Kevin Shows David Ives Gary Robinson

2 Surface Casing

2.1 Job Information Surface Casing

Job Cri	ticality Status: GREEN	
Well Na	ame: Kanter 23 -2	Well #: 1
17-1/2"	Open Hole	0 - 1800 ft (MD)
	Inner Diameter Excess Factor	17.5 in 100 %
13-3/8"	Surface Casing	0 - 1800 ft (MD)
	Outer Diameter Inner Diameter Linear Weight Shoe Joint Length	13.375 in 12.615 in 54.5 lbm/ft 40 ft

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2.2 Estimated CalculationsSurface Casing

Stage 1

CEMENT: (1640 ft fill)	
1640 ft * 0.6946 ft3/ft * 100 %	= 2278.41 ft3
Halliburton Light Standard	= 2278.41 ft3
6	= 405.8 bbl
Total Lead	= 1013.97 sack
CEMENT: (160 ft fill)	
$160 \text{ ft} * 0.6046 \text{ ft}^{2}\text{ft} * 100 \text{ ft}$	- 222 28 ft2
100 II * 0.0940 II.5/II * 100 %	$= 222.28 \text{ ft}_{3}$
Standard Cement	= 222.28 ft3
	= 39.6 bbl
Shoe Joint Volume: (40 ft fill)	
40 ft * 0.868 ft3/ft	= 34.72 ft3
	= 6.2 bbl
Toil plus shoe joint	- 257 15 62
Tan plus shoe joint	-237.13113
	= 45.8 bbl
Total Tail	= 199.96 sack
Total Pipe Capacity:	
1800 ft * 0.868 ft3/ft	– 1562 34 ft3
1000 ft 0.000 ft3/ft	= 1302.5 + 115 = 278.3 bbl
Displacement Volume to Shoe Joint	- 270.5 001
Capacity of Dipa Shoa Joint.	-279.2 hbl 6.2 hbl
Capacity of Fipe - Shoe Joint	= 270.5 bbl = 0.2 bbl
	= 2/2.1 DDI

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2.3 Job Volume Estimates Surface Casing

Stage 1		
Fluid 1: Lead Slurry		
EXTENDACEM (TM) SYSTEM	Fluid Weight:	12 lbm/gal
4 % Bentonite	Slurry Yield:	2.247 ft3/sack
3 % Salt	Total Mixing Fluid:	12.8 Gal/sack
	Top Of Fluid:	0 ft
	Calculated Fill:	1640 ft
	Liquid Volume:	405.8 bbl
	Calculated sack:	1013.98 sack
	Proposed sack:	1020 sack
Fluid 2: Tail Slurry		
Standard Cement	Fluid Weight:	15 lbm/gal
94 lbm Standard Cement	Slurry Yield:	1.286 ft3/sack
	Total Mixing Fluid:	6.04 Gal/sack
	Top Of Fluid:	1640 ft
	Calculated Fill:	160 ft
	Liquid Volume:	45.8 bbl
	Calculated sack:	199.85 sack
	Proposed sack:	200 sack
Fluid 3: Water Spacer		
Estimated Displacement	Fluid Density:	8.34 lbm/gal
	Liquid Volume:	272.1 bbl
Fluid 4: Top Off Annulus		
Standard Cement	Fluid Weight:	15 lbm/gal
94 lbm Standard Cement	Slurry Yield:	1.317 ft3/sack
2 % Calcium Chloride, Pellet	Total Mixing Fluid:	6.22 Gal/sack
	Liquid Volume:	46.9 bbl
	Calculated sack:	0 sack
	Proposed sack:	200 sack

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2.4 Volume Estimate Table Surface Casing

Calculations are used for volume estimation. Well conditions will dictate final cement job design. Stage 1

Fluid #	Fluid Type	Fluid Name	Surface Density lbm/gal	Estimated Avg Rate	Downhole Volume
1	CEMENT	Halliburton Light Standard	12		1020 sack
2	CEMENT	Standard Cement	15		200 sack
3	SPACER	Estimated Displacement	8.34		272.1 bbl
4	CEMENT	Standard Top Out Cement	15		200 sack

NOTE: These slurries and spacers will require lab testing. The additives and concentrations are estimates based on field experience in the area and may need to be modified prior to the job. The proposed spacer is designed to be generally compatible with water base mud systems. Compatibility testing with field mud samples used may indicate changes in the additive package and the related costs.

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3 Intermediate Casing

3.1 Job Information Intermediate Casing

Job Criticality Status: GREEN Well Name: Kanter 23 -2	Well #: 1
13-3/8" Surface Casing	0 - 1800 ft (MD)
Outer Diameter Inner Diameter Linear Weight	13.375 in 12.615 in 54.5 lbm/ft
12-1/4" Open Hole	1800 - 3800 ft (MD)
Inner Diameter	12.25 in
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing	0 - 3800 ft (MD)
Outer Diameter Inner Diameter Linear Weight Shoe Joint Length	9.625 in 8.835 in 40 lbm/ft 40 ft

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3.2 Estimated CalculationsIntermediate Casing

Stage 1

CEMENT: (668 ft fill)	
668 ft * 0.3132 ft3/ft * 100 %	=418.2 ft3
Halliburton Light Standard	= 418.2 ft3
	-74.5 bbl
Total Lead	-200.04 sack
	- 200.04 Suck
CEMENT: (321 ft fill)	
321 ft * 0.3132 ft3/ft * 100 %	= 200.77 ft3
Premium Cement	= 200.77 ft3
	= 35.8 bbl
Shoe Joint Volume: (40 ft fill)	
40 ft * 0.4257 ft3/ft	= 17.03 ft3
	= 3 bbl
	- 5 001
Tail plus shoe joint	= 217.85 ft3
The provide Journ	= 38.8 bbl
	- 5010 001
Total Tail	= 200.04 sack
Total Pipe Capacity:	
1800 ft * 0.4257 ft3/ft	= 766.33 ft3
2000 ft * 0.4257 ft3/ft	= 851.47 ft3
	= 288.1 bbl
Displacement Volume to Shoe Joint:	
Capacity of Pipe - Shoe Joint	= 288.1 bbl - 3 bbl
	= 285.1 bbl

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3.3 Job Volume Estimates Intermediate Casing

Stage 1		
Fluid 1: Lead Slurry		
EXTENDACEM (TM) SYSTEM	Fluid Weight:	12 lbm/gal
0.10 % HALAD-766	Slurry Yield:	2.091 ft3/sack
	Total Mixing Fluid:	11.9 Gal/sack
	Top Of Fluid:	2812 ft
	Calculated Fill:	668 ft
	Liquid Volume:	74.5 bbl
	Calculated sack:	200 sack
	Proposed sack:	200 sack
Fluid 2: Tail Slurry		
Premium Cement	Fluid Weight:	16.2 lbm/gal
94 lbm Premium Cement	Slurry Yield:	1.089 ft3/sack
	Total Mixing Fluid:	4.55 Gal/sack
	Top Of Fluid:	3479 ft
	Calculated Fill:	321 ft
	Liquid Volume:	38.8 bbl
	Calculated sack:	200 sack
	Proposed sack:	200 sack
Fluid 3: Water Spacer		
Estimated Displacement	Fluid Density:	8.34 lbm/gal
	Liquid Volume:	285.1 bbl

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3.4 Volume Estimate Table Intermediate Casing

Calculations are used for volume estimation. Well conditions will dictate final cement job design. Stage 1

Fluid #	Fluid Type	Fluid Name	Surface Density lbm/gal	Estimated Avg Rate	Downhole Volume
1	CEMENT	Halliburton Light Standard	12		200 sack
2	CEMENT	Premium Cement	16.2		200 sack
3	SPACER	Estimated Displacement	8.34		285.1 bbl

NOTE: These slurries and spacers will require lab testing. The additives and concentrations are estimates based on field experience in the area and may need to be modified prior to the job. The proposed spacer is designed to be generally compatible with water base mud systems. Compatibility testing with field mud samples used may indicate changes in the additive package and the related costs.

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4 **Production Casing**

4.1 Job Information Production Casing

Job Criticality Status: GREEN	
Well Name: Kanter 23-2	Well #: 1
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing	0 - 3800 ft (MD)
Outer Diameter	9.625 in
Inner Diameter	8.835 in
Linear Weight	40 lbm/ft
8-1/2" Open Hole	3800 - 11800 ft (MD)
Inner Diameter	8.5 in
5-1/2" Production Casing	0 - 11800 ft (MD)
Outer Diameter	5.5 in
Inner Diameter	4.892 in
Linear Weight	17 lbm/ft
Shoe Joint Length	80 ft

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4.2 Estimated CalculationsProduction Casing

Stage 1

SPACER: (490 ft fill)	
490 ft * 0.2291 ft3/ft * 0 % Total Spacer	= 112.29 ft3 = 112.29 ft3 = 20 bbl
CEMENT: (1207 ft fill) 1207 ft * 0.2291 ft3/ft * 0 % HTLD Cement	= 276.6 ft3 = 276.6 ft3
Total Lead	= 49.3 bbl = 150.11 sack
CEMENT: (2495 ft fill)	
2495 ft * 0.2291 ft3/ft * 0 % Premium Cement	= 571.56 ft3 = 571.56 ft3 = 101.8 bbl
Shoe Joint Volume: (80 ft fill) 80 ft * 0.1305 ft3/ft	= 10.44 ft3 = 1.9 bbl
Tail plus shoe joint	= 582.23 ft3 = 103.7 bbl
Total Tail	= 400.16 sack
Total Pipe Capacity:	
8000 ft * 0.1305 ft3/ft	= 1044.22 ft3
3800 ft * 0.1305 ft3/ft	= 496 ft3
	= 274.3 bbl
Displacement Volume to Shoe Joint:	
Capacity of Pipe - Shoe Joint	= 274.3 bbl - 1.9 bbl = 272.5 bbl

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4.3 Job Volume Estimates Production Casing

Stage 1

Fluid 1: Rheologically Enhanced Spacer Mud Flush 990 gal/Mgal FRESH WATER 200 lbm/Mgal SAPP - 50 LB BAG	Fluid Density: Liquid Volume:	8.4 lbm/gal 20 bbl
Fluid 2: Lead Slurry		
THERMACEM (TM) SYSTEM	Fluid Weight:	12.8 lbm/gal
10 lbm SS-200	Slurry Yield:	1.844 ft3/sack
3 % Potassium Chloride	Total Mixing Fluid:	8.76 Gal/sack
0.40 % HALAD-766	Top Of Fluid:	8097 ft
0.20 % HR-7	Calculated Fill:	1207 ft
	Liquid Volume:	49.3 bbl
	Calculated sack:	150 sack
	Proposed sack:	150 sack
Fluid 3: Tail Slurry		
Premium Cement	Fluid Weight:	16.2 lbm/gal
94 lbm Premium Cement	Slurry Yield:	1.455 ft3/sack
35 % SS-200	Total Mixing Fluid:	5.65 Gal/sack
3 % Potassium Chloride	Top Of Fluid:	9305 ft
0.70 % Halad(R)-322	Calculated Fill:	2495 ft
0.10 % FWCA	Liquid Volume:	103.7 bbl
0.15 % HR-7	Calculated sack:	400 sack
	Proposed sack:	400 sack
Fluid 4: Water Spacer		
Estimated Displacement	Fluid Density:	8.34 lbm/gal
	Liquid Volume:	272.5 bbl

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4.4 Volume Estimate Table Production Casing

Calculations are used for volume estimation. Well conditions will dictate final cement job design. Stage 1

Fluid #	Fluid Type	Fluid Name	Surface Density lbm/gal	Estimated Avg Rate	Downhole Volume
1	SPACER	Mud Flush	8.4		20 bbl
2	CEMENT	HTLD Cement	12.8		150 sack
3	CEMENT	Premium Cement	16.2		400 sack
4	SPACER	Estimated Displacement	8.34		272.5 bbl

NOTE: These slurries and spacers will require lab testing. The additives and concentrations are estimates based on field experience in the area and may need to be modified prior to the job. The proposed spacer is designed to be generally compatible with water base mud systems. Compatibility testing with field mud samples used may indicate changes in the additive package and the related costs.

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KANTER Real Estate LLC Kanter 23 -2



Mtrl Nbr	Description		UOM	Unit Price	Gross Amt	Net Amount
Optional Charg	je					
16092	ADDITIONAL HOURS (PUMPING EQUIPMENT), ZI	1.00	EA	1,139.00	1,139.00	740.35
	HR/DAY/WEEK/MTH/YEAR/JOB/RUN	Н				
	HOURS	1				
10	FOOD AND LODGING, ZI	1.00	DAY	653.00	653.00	424.45
	NUMBER OF PERSONNEL ON JOB	1				
756221	CMT RNTL BULK TRUCK ONSITE 0-8 HRS	1.00	EA	1,568.00	1,568.00	1,019.20
802332	CMT STBY UNIT 1ST 8 HR CSG JOB	1.00	UN	10,000.00	10,000.00	6,500.00

Primary Plant: Secondary Plant:

Sandersville, MS, USA Sandersville, MS, USA Price Book Ref: Price Date: 29 - SOUTHEAST 6/30/2015

HALLIBURTON

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5 Conditions

The cost in this analysis is good for the materials and/or services outlined within and shall be valid for 30 days from the date of this proposal. In order to meet your needs under this proposal with a high quality of service and responsive timing, Halliburton will be allocating limited resources and committing valuable equipment and materials to your area of operations. Accordingly, the discounts reflected in this proposal are available only for materials and services awarded on a first-call basis. Alternate pricing may apply in the event that Halliburton is awarded work on any basis other than as a first-call provider.

The unit prices stated in the proposal are based on our current published prices. The projected equipment, personnel, and material needs are only estimates based on information about the work presently available to us. At the time the work is actually performed, conditions then existing may require an increase or decrease in the equipment, personnel, and/or material needs. Charges will be based upon unit prices in effect at the time the work is performed and the amount of equipment, personnel, and/or material actually utilized in the work. Taxes, if any, are not included. Applicable taxes, if any, will be added to the actual invoice.

It is understood and agreed between the parties that with the exception of the subject discounts, all services performed and equipment and materials sold are provided subject to Halliburton's General Terms and Conditions contained in our current price list, (which include LIMITATION OF LIABILITY and WARRANTY provisions), and pursuant to the applicable Halliburton Work Order Contract (whether or not executed by you), unless a Master Service and/or Sales Contract applicable to the services, equipment, or materials supplied exists between your company and Halliburton, in which case the negotiated Master Contract shall govern the relationship between the parties. A copy of the latest version of our General Terms and Conditions is available from your Halliburton representative or at: http://www.halliburton.com/terms for your convenient review, and we would appreciate receiving any questions you may have about them. Should your company be interested in negotiating a Master Contract with Halliburton, our Law Department would be pleased to work with you to finalize a mutually agreeable contract. In this connection, it is also understood and agreed that Customer will continue to execute Halliburton usual field work orders and/or tickets customarily required by Halliburton in connection with the furnishing of said services, equipment, and materials.

Any terms and conditions contained in purchase orders or other documents issued by the customer shall be of no effect except to confirm the type and quantity of services, equipment, and materials to be supplied to the customer.

If customer does not have an approved open account with Halliburton or a mutually executed written contract with Halliburton, which dictates payment terms different than those set forth in this clause, all sums due are payable in cash at the time of performance of services or delivery of equipment, products, or materials. If customer has an approved open account, invoices are payable on the twentieth day after date of invoice.

Customer agrees to pay interest on any unpaid balance from the date payable until paid at the highest lawful contract rate applicable, but never to exceed 18% per annum. In the event Halliburton employs an attorney for collection of any account, customer agrees to pay attorney fees of 20% of the unpaid account, plus all collection and court costs.

HALLIBURTON

14.2 Casing program

THE CAROL GROUP

Century Oil Co., Inc.

Kanter Real Estate, LLC Kanter 23-2 Broward County, FL, US

CASING PLAN

Prepared By: Ed Pollister P.O. Box 765 Chokoloskee, FL 34138 239-695-2276

Kanter 23-2

CASING PROGRAM

	Depth(MD)	Depth (TVD)	Hole Size	Casing Size	WT (ppf)	Grade	Thread
Conductor	200'	200'	Driven	24"	1⁄2" wt	Struc.	PE
Surface	1,800'	1,800'	17 ½"	13 3/8"	54.5#	J-55	BT&C
Intermediate	e 3,800'	3,800'	12 ¼"	9 5/8"	47#	L-80	ST&C
Production	11,800'	11,800'	8 ¼2"	7"	26#	L-80	LT&C
Option	11,800'	11,800'	8 ½"	5 ½"	17#	L-80	LT&C

CASING SPECIFICATIONS

Casing Size	WT(#/ft)	Grade	Thread	Internal Yield	Collapse	Jt Strength
13 3/8"	54.5#	J55	ST&C	2730	1130	514,000
9 5/8"	47#	L80	LT&C	6870	4760	893,000
7"	26#	L80	LT&C	7240	5410	511,000
5 1/2"	17#	L80	LT&C	7740	6290	338,000

ANTICIPATED FORMATIONS

FORMATION	SUBSEA	MD	TVD	EST PORE PRS (EMW-PPG)
Boulder-Top		2,000'	2,000'	
Boulder – Base		3,200'	3,200'	
Sunniland		11,300'	11,300'	9.1
Rubble Zone		11,500'	11,500'	9.1
Punta Gorda		11,600'	11,600'	9.1

Offset Wells Permit #'s: 1169 129 1167

Kanter Real Estate LLC

Kanter 23-2

20. Resume of Ed Pollister, President of Century Oil Co., Inc., President of Pollister Drilling, President of Oil Tech Services

THE CAROL GROUP

Edward B. Pollister III

PO Box 370 Everglades City, Florida 34139 (231) 631-4721 (cell)

Experience:

Cactus Drilling	Daylight Driller (MI)	1973-1976			
Shell Oil Company	Drilling Tech/Foreman (MI)	1976-1978			
Reef Drilling	Drilling Superintendent (MI)	1978			
Freedom Drilling	Vice President (MI)	1979-1981			
Pollister Drilling Corp.	President/Owner (MI,FL)	1982-present			
Oil Tech Services	President/Owner (MI,FL)	2005-present			
(Drilling, Plugging, Workover-Completion & Consulting on Oil and Gas					
Wells in Michigan, South Carolina and Florida)					

Recent Projects:

Underbalance drilling of Glenwood & PDC (Arenac County) Drilling with Diamond Impreg. Bits & Turbines Horizontal Drilling (15,000 ft) C02 Frac. Completion

Education/Training:

University of Michigan, Ann Arbor: Education & Natural Resources (2yrs) Imco Mud School Smith International, Bit,Downhole Motor School Preston Moore Drilling Technology Two Week Seminar at O.U. Hughes Bit Company Seminar Shell Oil Company Well Control School One Week in Mississippi Ansul Firefighting School in Wisconsin Dale Carnegie Business School in Texas Shell Oil Company Drilling Engineering Two Week Seminar in Texas Current in H2S,First Aid,CPR, Well Control

*References will be furnished upon request.

25.3 Kanter 23-2 BOP schematic

THE CAROL GROUP



Century Oil Co., Inc.

Kanter Real Estate, LLC Kanter 23-2 Broward County, FL, US

DRILLING PROCEDURES

Prepared By: Ed Pollister P.O. Box 765 Chokoloskee, FL 34138 239-695-2276

Permit # 1366 Kanter 23-2 Kanter Real Estate LLC Drilling Procedure Broward County, Florida

DRILLING PROCEDURE

1. MIRU PDC Rig #3

2. Install 20" Diverter and 6" diverter lines. Function Test.

3. Spud with 17 ¹/₂" rock bit, 9" drill collars, 6" drill collars, and 5" HWDP. Drill down to 1800' while running both pumps @ 95 spm for a combined flow rate of 600 to 800 gpm. Weight on bit from 5k-25k at a rotary speed of 60-100 rpm.

4. At 1800' sweep hole and circulate clean. POOH & run Resitivity Log to verify USDW depth. Trip back in to 1800'. Circulate & condition mud at POOH.

5. RU casing crew, tools & stabbing board. PU and run Float shoe, one joint of 13 3/8", 54.5# J55 BT&C of casing, Float Collar, and 13 3/8", 54.5# J55 BT&C casing down to 1800'. Note: centralize w/bow springs 6' above FS, and one per joint latched over the next three casing collars.

6. Circulate & condition mud for 1 ½ casing volumes. Mix & pump cement per recommendation. Pump LEAD cement followed by TAIL cement displace with fresh water. After landing Plug, pressure test to 1000 psi, then bleed off to check floats.

7. After displacement, Top Off annulus with 50 sx. of TAIL cement. If cement falls or fails to circulate, notify FDEP in Fort Myers.

8. Make rough cut/final cut on conductor & casing. Weld on 13 3/8" SOW x 13 3/8" 3M C-22 wellhead. Test well head to 1000#.

9. NU BOP. Test annular preventer to 1000# (High)/200# (Low). Test all floor valves, IBOP, & mud lines back to mud pumps to 3000# (High)/250# (Low).

10. RIH w/ 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " bit and slick BHA to top of cement.

11. Pressure test casing to 1000#. Drill out float collar, cement, and float shoe.

12. Drill new hole from $1800^{\circ} - 2100^{\circ}$ with both pumps for a combined flowrate of 500-800 gpm. Vary bit weight from 5k-35k at a rotary speed of 80 rpm. POOH for button bit to drill Boulder Zone cap & Boulder Zone.

13. RIH w $12\frac{1}{4}$ " button bit drill though Boulder Zone (2100'-3300') with lost returns. Take surveys every 500'.

14. POOH & LD 9" D.C.

15. RU casing crew with tools & stabbing board. RIH w/FS, 2 jts. 9 5/8" 47#,

L-80 of casing, FC, & 9 5/8" 47#, L-80 casing down to 3800'.

16. RU cement crew, cement plug container, & iron. Circulate & condition mud for one casing volume. Mix & pump cement per recommendation. Reciprocate to casing 15' and displace cement with mud. Bump plug 500# over differential pressure. Bleed back to check floats. RD cementers.

17. ND flowlines & turn buckles. RU stack lift. Break bolts @ wellhead & spacer spool. Pick up BOP's & set casing slips. Make rough cut on casing & remove spacer spool & DSA. Make final cut on casing & NU 13 5/8", 3M x 11", 5M, C-22 casing spool. Finish NU "B" section. Set BOP's & RD stack lift. NU BOP's.

18. Test "B" section flange & pack off to 2000#. Test all rams, choke manifold, & related valves to 3000# (High)/250# (Low). Test annular preventer to 1000# (High)/250# (Low). Test all floor valves, IBOP, & mud lines back to mud pumps to 3000# (High) /250# (Low).

19. RIH w/8 $\frac{1}{2}$ " PDC bit, 6" DC's, & 5" DP's down to top of cement. Test casing to 1500#. Drill out FC, cement, & FS. Drill 10' of new hole & circulate bottoms up until clean. Test casing shoe to 11.0# EMW.

20. Drill down through Sunniland. Take surveys every 500'. Make frequent wiper trips every 30 hrs or however the hole dictates. Drill to 11,800' (TD) & POOH.

21. RU Well Loggers & RIH and log well per Geologist recommendations.

22. Upon evaluation, either run production casing and cement or P&A as per FDEP.

23. RD & Move out.