

Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan (BMAP) Update Technical Meeting

Nov. 19, 2024 at 2 p.m. EST Okeechobee County Board of County Commission Chambers (BOCC) "William L. Hendry Courtroom," Room 270 304 NW 2nd St. Okeechobee, FL 34972

Agenda

- Florida Department of Environmental Protection BMAP Presentation
- South Florida Water Management District Presentation
- Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Presentation
- Poster Session/Open Discussion
- Conclusion

LAKE OKEECHOBEE BASIN MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN (BMAP) UPDATE TECHNICAL MEETING

Diana Turner Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration Florida Department of Environmental Protection

City of Okeechobee, FL | Nov. 19, 2024

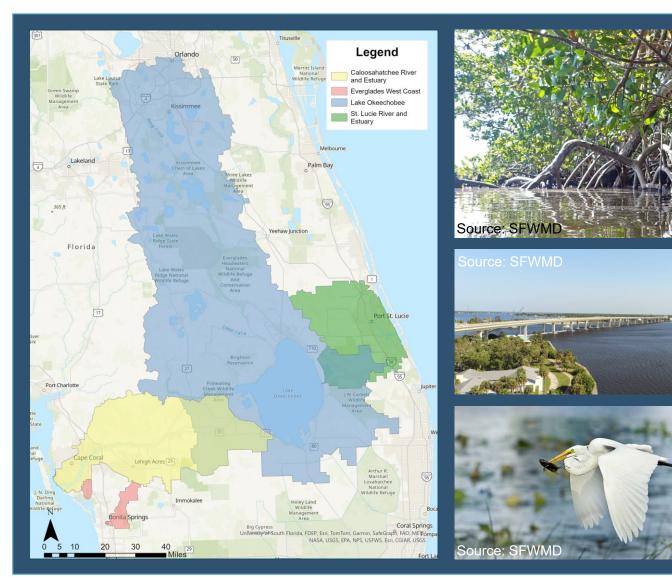
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BMAP UPDATE MEETING



Agenda:

- Logistics.
- Basin Management Action Plan (BMAP) Update Highlights.
- South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) Watershed Protection Plans Highlights.
- Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS) Update.
- Poster Session.



BMAP UPDATE COMPONENTS

- Recent legislative requirements:
 - Clean Waterways Act (2020).
 - \circ Wastewater effluent limits changes.
 - Onsite Sewage and Treatment Disposal System (OSTDS) requirements for new systems on lots 1 acre or less.
- List of identified projects to meet five-year milestones.
- Regional projects.
- Hot spot analysis.
- Additional water quality analyses.
- Additional updates needed to the monitoring network.
- Recommendations from the Five-Year Review.





LAKE OKEECHOBEE 2024 FIVE-YEAR REVIEW



- The Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection Plan BMAPs (St. Lucie, Caloosahatchee and Lake Okeechobee) are required to provide a review every five years on the progress the BMAP is making (paragraph 373.4595(4)(d), Florida Statutes).
- Comments on the draft document due by Nov. 22, 2024.



UPCOMING SCHEDULE

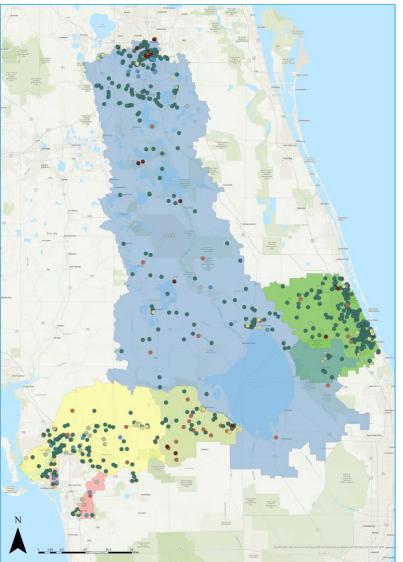




PROJECT PORTAL IS OPEN

- Portal will remain open through mid-January 2025 for annual reporting.
- Updates to existing projects and any newly input planned projects needed to reach next milestone have been submitted and are being compiled.





THANK YOU



Diana Turner Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration Florida Department of Environmental Protection

> Contact Information: 850-245-8825 Diana.M.Turner@FloridaDEP.gov

SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

SFWMD Update 2025 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan (WPP) Update

Megan Jacoby, Bureau Chief

Everglades & Estuaries Protection Bureau Lake Okeechobee BMAP Meeting – Okeechobee November 19, 2024



2025 Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan – *5-Year Update*

- Since 2020, SFWMD completed annual Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project (LOWCP) reviews, as part of the Watershed Protection Plan (WPP) reviews
- > Annual reviews are important to:
 - Maintain transparency and accountability in BMAP process
 - Assist to progressively move toward achieving state's TMDLs
 - Consolidate into NEEPP annual progress reporting (South Florida Environmental Report, or SFER) per §373.4595(6), F.S.
 - Develop and update WPPs required every five years
- Draft 2025 LOWPP Update (5-Year Update)
 - Project accomplishments through Fiscal Year (FY) 2024 (Oct. 1, 2023–Sept. 30, 2024); data evaluation/key findings through Water Year (WY) 2024 (May 1, 2023–April 30, 2024)
 - Draft 2025 SFER Volume I, Chapter 8B (available at <u>SFWMD.gov/SFER</u>)

sfwmd.gov

SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

SFWMD Projects

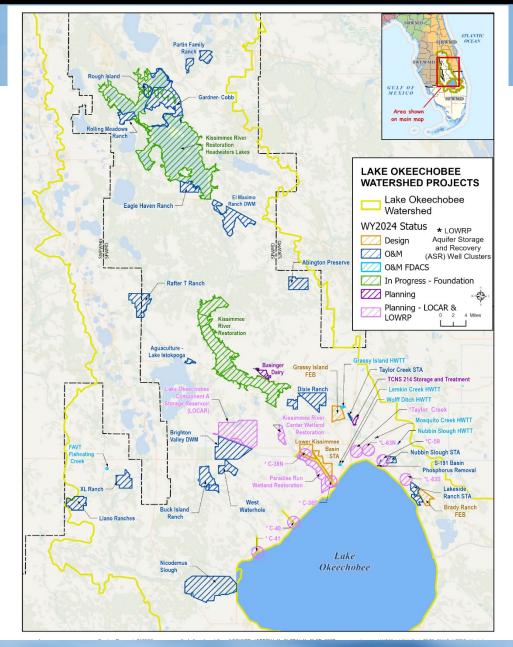
> 2024 LOWCP Status:

sfwmd.gov

- 2 projects planning
- 3 projects design
- 20 projects operations



Partin Family Ranch Project (Osceola County, Sep'24)



Presenter: Stacey Ollis

Water Storage Benefits

Key DWM program benefits:

- Reduces runoff/discharge to and stores/treats water in regional system
- Promotes hydrologic enhancement, groundwater recharge, improves habitat
- Avoids high cost of land purchase and keeps private lands on local tax rolls
- Storage and/or treatment provided exceeds permit requirements
- In WY2024, 13 SFWMD-led projects provided 85,142 ac-ft of storage*
- Future projects are planned to add storage capacity of 23,070 ac-ft over the next 5 years; more than 500,000 ac-ft is also in longer-term planning

* Note: Preliminary data for WY2024

sfwmd.gov



Increasing Project Storage Capacity in the Lake Okeechobee Watershed

NEEPP Model Update

- Original 2008/2009 storage targets for Northern Everglades watersheds have been confirmed to meet the NEEPP legislative goals
 - LOW storage target = 900,000 to 1,300,000 acre-feet per year
- New! 2025 NEEPP Regional Simulation Model Update
 - Evaluated hydrology using the Regional Simulation Model for Basins (RSMBN)
 - Current, future, and additional conceptual projects were evaluated for hydrologic performance across all three Northern Everglades watersheds
 - SFWMD is making progress toward the NEEPP storage goals—both realized and planned
- Now Underway: 2025 Update Reviews
 - Model overview poster today
 - Draft modeling results presented at upcoming NEEPP Public Workshop
 - Draft 2025 SFER Volume I, Appendix 8A-1 for public review (<u>SFWMD.gov/SFER</u>)

SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Mark Your Calendars!



sfwmd.gov



2025 LOWPP Update

Draft 2025 SFER – Volume I, Chapter 8B

Web Release Date: November 12, 2024 Public Comment Period: through December 17, 2024

> For more information, visit: <u>SFWMD.gov/SFER</u>

Presenter: Stacey Ollis



Contact Information

Megan Jacoby, Bureau Chief

Everglades & Estuaries Protection Bureau South Florida Water Management District <u>mjacoby@sfwmd.gov</u>; 561-682-6517





Lake Okeechobee BMAP Public Meeting

November 19 & 21, 2024

Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Office of Agricultural Water Policy

Jennifer Thera





Office of Agricultural Water Policy (OAWP)

- West Gregory; Director <u>West.Gregory@FDACS.gov</u>
- J.P. Fraites; Asst. Director John.Fraites@FDACS.gov
- Bret Prater; Asst. Director <u>Bret.Prater@FDACS.gov</u>
- Angela Chelette; Chief of Policy Planning and Coordination <u>Angela.Chelette@FDACS.gov</u>
- Yesenia Escribano; Chief of Policy Planning and Coordination <u>Yesenia.Escribano@fdacs.gov</u>
- Steve Smith; Chief of Field Services Steve.Smith@FDACS.gov



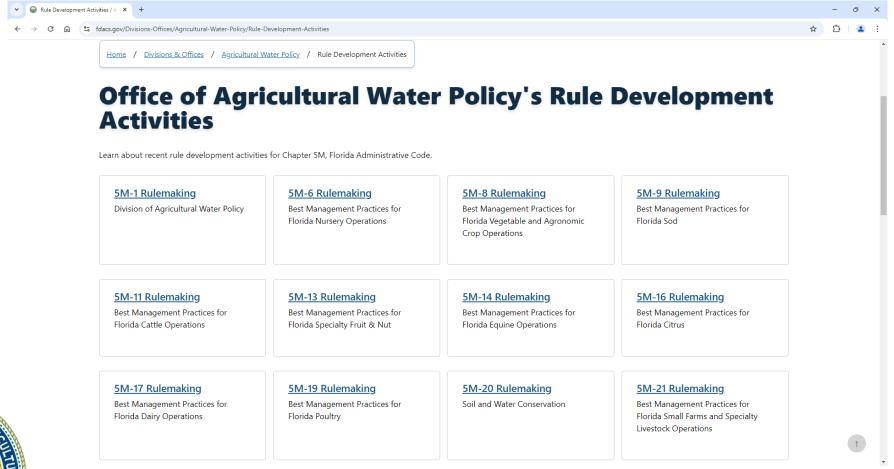
OAWP Staff

- Maddy Hart; Environmental Administrator <u>Madeline.Hart@fdacs.gov</u>
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 - Sheila Kitaif; Environmental Manager-Field Services <u>Sheila.Kitaif@fdacs.gov</u>
- Jessica Ferris; Regional Project Coordinator Jessica.Ferris@fdacs.gov



Best Management Practices (BMP) Manual Updates

https://www.fdacs.gov/Divisions-Offices/Agricultural-Water-Policy/Rule-Development-Activities





Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

Cost Share

BMP Cost Share Program

https://www.fdacs.gov/Agriculture-Industry/Water/Agricultural-Best-Management-Practices/BMP-Cost-Share-Program

On Website

- Producer Eligibility Requirements
- List of Project Types Eligible for Cost Share Funding
- Opportunity to apply for new types
- New Application Portal is active





The Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' (FDACS) Office of Agricultural Water Policy (OAWP) administers the Best Management Practices (BMP) Cost Share Program to assist eligible producers or landowners with BMPs Project funding is on a continuous basis until program funds are fully encumbered.

OAWP will prioritize awarding first-time participants in the BMP Cost Share Program and projects that will result in the highest level of nutrient reductions to help achieve basin management action plan (BMAP) goals and conservation of water use. Funding will be based on the submittal of the necessary information on the funding request. Completed requests will be reviewed in the order in which they are received. Review of each cost share funding request will be conducted by FDACS. Additional information from the producer, including a site visit, may be requested by FDACS before a funding decision is made.

FDACS will review completed requests based on the following minimum criteria:

1. Confirmation of producer eligibility.

2. Prioritization of projects taking place in a BMAP

3. Confirmation that the project type is on the <u>approved list</u>, to be used for implementing a checklist item, has an adequate relative water quality benefit, and is appropriate for the size of the operation.

4. Justification and consideration of the water quality benefit or water quantity benefit and the relative size and scope of the benefit.

5. Confirmation that the project type is directly linked to the implementation of the producer's manual checklist item.

6. Confirmation that the project type has the necessary precision/technology features.

7. The level of data-reporting commitment from the producer and corresponding cost share percentage

Producer Eligibility Requirements

When applying, producers must meet the following requirements for their funding request to be considered:

1. The property where the prospective project is located must be in production for at least one year prior to applying (regardless of ownership/lease).

2. The producer must have an active Notice of Intent to Implement Agricultural BMPs (NOI) for the property where the

Project Types Eligible for Cost Share Funding

Project types eligible for cost share funding are provided in the expandable lists below. FDACS will determine the suitability of the project type based on the cost/benefit of the project and the estimated water quality or water quantity benefit compared to the current practice.

- Nutrient Management Project Types
- Irrigation Management Project Types
- Water Resource Protection Project Types

New Project Types

Producers may request an item or project that is not currently on the list by submitting a request that:

1. Identifies the applicable BMP checklist item that will be implemented through the installation of the item or completion of the project.

Describes why the new project type is necessary to implement the BMP compared to the producer's current practices.
 Quantifies the estimated water quality benefit compared to the current practice.

 Provides justification or proof of the item having a water quality or water quantity benefit (e.g., case studies, research, demonstrations or field tests).

Project types that show potential but do not satisfy the four criteria above may be eligible for funding as "research or demonstration projects" for the purpose of becoming eligible in the future.

How to Request Project Funding or a New Project Type

To request project funding or a new project type, select the following button to create an account and sign into our BMP Cost Share Program portal:



Alternatively, you may download and complete the <u>Funding Request Form [70</u>1.3 MB] and submit it to <u>OAWPCostShare@FDACS.gov</u>. **Please note:** Submitting a form may take more time to process and review.

Important: Do not begin work on a project prior to executing a cost share agreement.

Additional Funding Resources

FDACS works with multiple partners, including the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Service, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, water management districts, and soil and water conservation districts, to provide funding to assist producers in implementing Best Management Practices.

Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

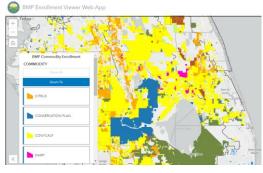
Agricultural Lands in the Lake Okeechobee BMAP

Location Agricultural acres		Unenrolled - Unlikely Agricultural Acres – Enrollable Acres Adjusted		Agricultural Acres Enrolled as of April 30, 2024	% Agriculture enrolled in BMP Program
East Lake Okeechobee	93,242	8,925	91,693	73,568	80%
Fisheating Creek	213,477	2,527	205,781	199,224	97%
Indian Prairie	230,095	5,930	199,199	183,395	92%
Lake Istokpoga	128,211	7,438	117,283	100,878	86%
Lower Kissimmee	263,119	7,584	230,703	206,640	90%
South Lake Okeechobee	327,062	2,944	323,196	318,767	99%
Taylor Creek/Nubbin Slough	148,107	3,935	139,577	125,735	90%
Upper Kissimmee	268,960	35,681	219,410	180,932	82%
West Lake Okeechobee	150,059	9,580	146,691	133,244	91%

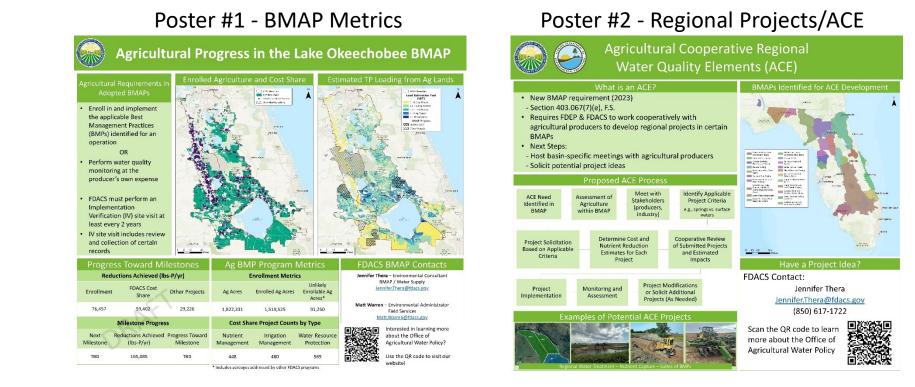
BMP Enrollment Viewer Web App:



Office of Agricultural Water Policy: BMP Enrollment Map (fdacs.gov)



Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services



http://www.fdacs.gov/Divisions-Offices/Agricultural-Water-Policy

Thank You!



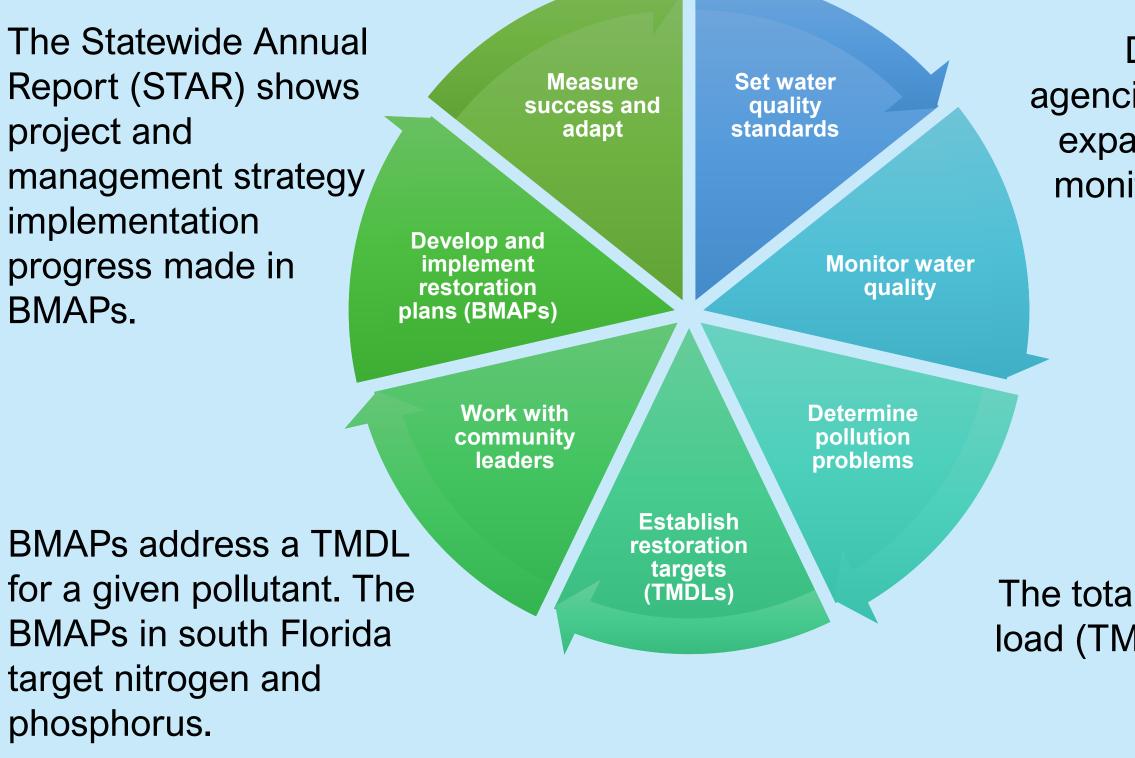
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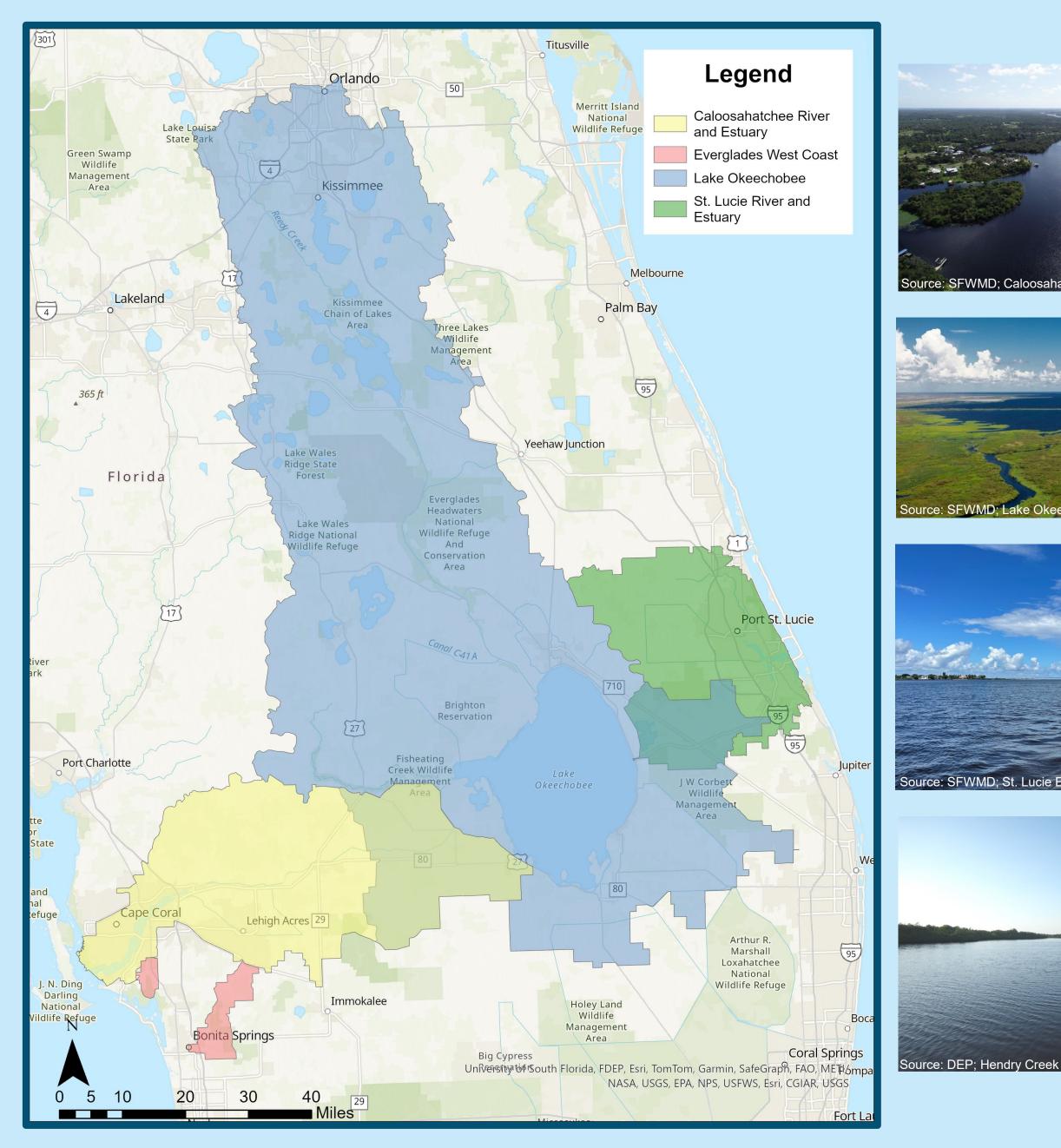
BASIN MANAGEMENT ACTION PLANS (BMAPS) SOUTH FLORIDA BMAPS

Water Quality Restoration Cycle

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration (DEAR) monitors and assesses Florida's surface water and groundwater quality across the state.



South Florida BMAPs



DEP and partner agencies maintain and expand water quality monitoring networks.

The total maximum daily load (TMDL) is the water quality target









Authority and responsibility comes from several Florida Statutes (F.S.), with some highlights described below:

Florida Watershed Restoration Act (Section 403.067, F.S)

• Cooperative implementation of plans to restore our waters, known as BMAPs.

Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection Program (Section 373.4595, F.S.) • Strengthens provisions for implementing the Lake Okeechobee, Caloosahatchee and

- St. Lucie BMAPs.
- Clarifies the roles and responsibilities, coordination, implementation and reporting efforts among DEP, Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS) and South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD).
- Includes five-, 10- and 15-year measurable milestones and targets to achieve the TMDLs addressed by the BMAPs. If achieving the TMDL within 20 years is not practicable, the implementation plan must include an explanation of the constraints that prevent achievement, an estimate of the time needed to achieve the TMDL, and additional five-year measurable milestones.

Clean Waterways Act (2020)

- Promotes resilient wastewater infrastructure and utilities and looks at future growth. • Requires local governments within a BMAP to develop wastewater treatment plans
- and/or onsite sewage treatment and disposal system (OSTDS) remediation plans to be incorporated into BMAP updates.

What is a Basin Management Action Plan?

- A BMAP is a framework for water quality restora achieve the pollutant reductions established by
- A BMAP is developed with local stakeholders ar implementation.
- BMAPs are adopted by Secretarial Order and an
- BMAPs use an adaptive management approach implementation of projects and management sti conducting studies to better understand the wat

Initiate BMAP Update Proces New Model _____ No New Model





Statutory Requirements

House Bill 1379 (2023)

- Requires BMAPs be assessed and updated every five years as needed to include implementation milestones and other requirements.
- Requires a list of projects and strategies that will achieve the five-year implementation milestones to meet TMDLs, as well as agricultural cooperative regional water quality improvement elements.
- Requires facilities discharging to a waterbody impaired for nutrients or subject to a BMAP or reasonable assurance plan (RAP) area to upgrade to advanced wastewater treatment (AWT) within 10 years.
- Requires applicants for new septic systems serving lots of 1 acre or less within BMAPs and RAPs must connect to central sewer if available, or if unavailable, to install an enhanced nutrient-reducing system or other wastewater system that achieves 65% reduction.
- Requires local governments to include BMAP projects in their comprehensive plans so these projects can be prioritized to achieve restoration benefits. Expands grant opportunities to accelerate project implementation.

House Bill 1557 (2024)

- Requires facilities (including private) to provide information to local entities developing domestic wastewater treatment plans and OSTDS remediation plans
- Requires advanced treatment of reclaimed water within BMAPs. within BMAP or other restoration areas.

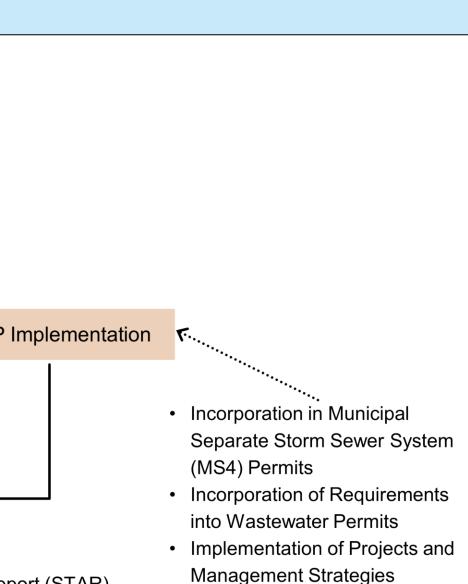
BMAP Update Process

ation that contains a comprehens a TMDL. nd relies on local input and com re legally enforceable. In that allows for incremental load trategies, while simultaneously m iter quality and hydrologic dynan	mitment for successful I reductions through the nonitoring and	 TMDL(s) Physical Descript Identifica Identifica List of properties Applicate
→ Update Stakeholder Loadings ↓ ↓ Update Stakeholder Allocations → Update Stakeholder Projects and Reductions	Update Elements: • New Legislative Requirements • Trend Analysis • Targeted Restoration Area Evaluation • Clean Waterways Act Remediation Plans • BMAP Docu Draft Revier • Update BMAP Document • BMAP Adop	ument w
ATE PROCESS RT	Revise as Necessary	Monitoring and Reporting • Statewide Annual Re • Hot Spot Analysis • Story Maps



Kev Elements of a BMAP:

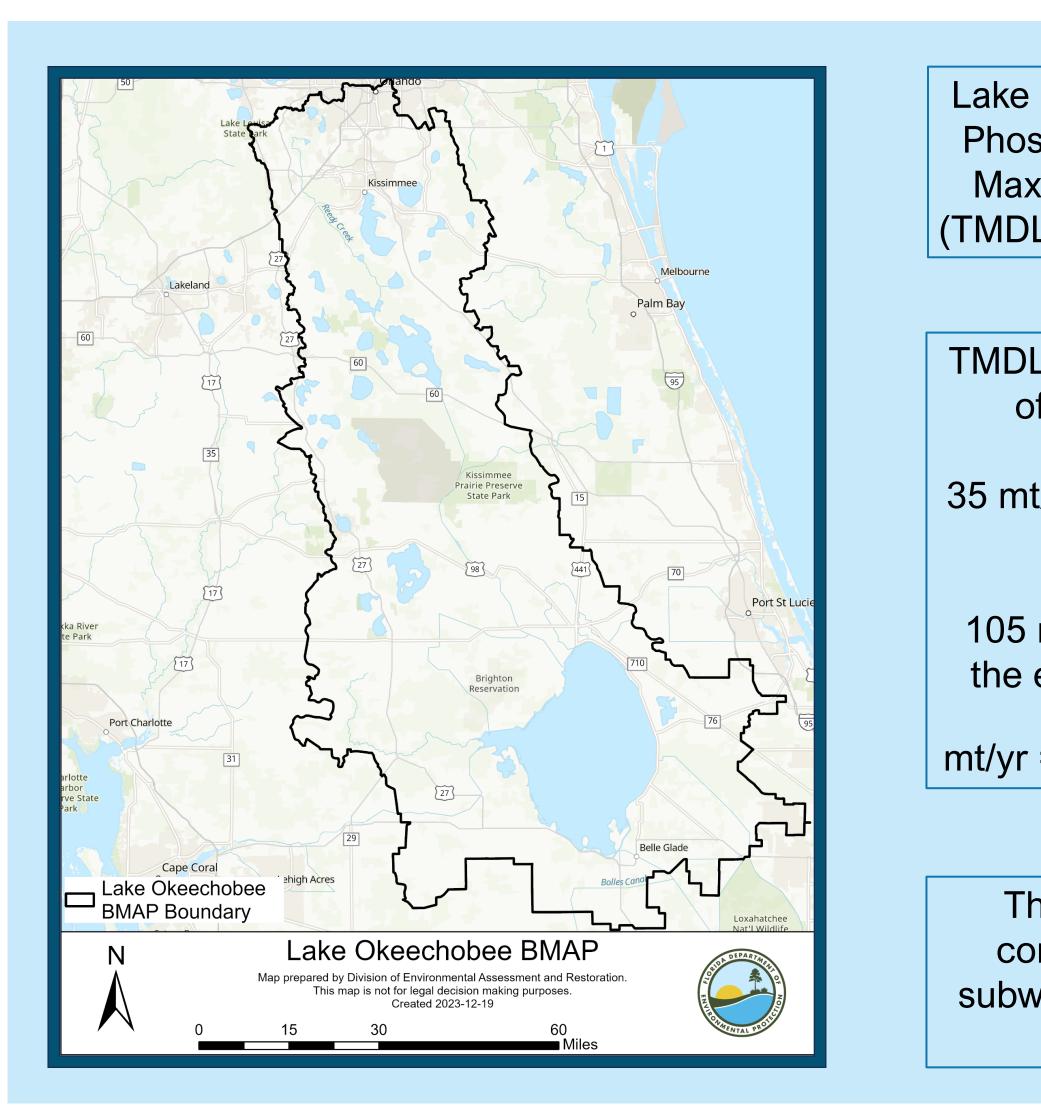
-) being addressed. These are the restoration targets. description of the waterbody and contributing area. tion of the monitoring network and water quality.
- ation of pollutant sources.
- ation of responsible stakeholders.
- rojects and strategies to reduce loading.
- ole legal requirements.



eport (STAR)

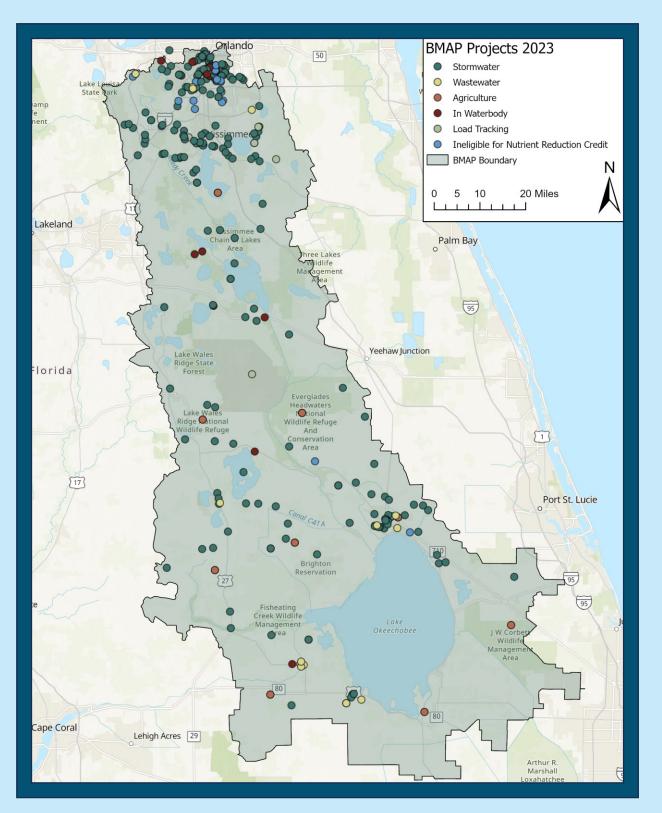


BMAP Background



Statewide Annual Report (STAR) 2023

Subwatershed	TP Load Required Reduction (mt/yr)	TP Reduction Through Dec. 31, 2023 (mt/yr)	TP Reductions Achieved Through Dec. 31, 2023
Fisheating Creek	28.3	15.4	54%
Indian Prairie	22.7	22.7	66%
Lake Istokpoga	24.6	2.7	11%
Lower Kissimmee	57.1	13.5	21%
Taylor Creek/Nubbin Slough	41.6	32.3	78%
Upper Kissimmee	57.0	18.2	32%
East Lake Okeechobee	11.0	2.3	21%
South Lake Okeechobee	8.2	3.1	37%
West Lake Okeechobee	0.0	0.6	100%
Total	367.2	110.7	42%

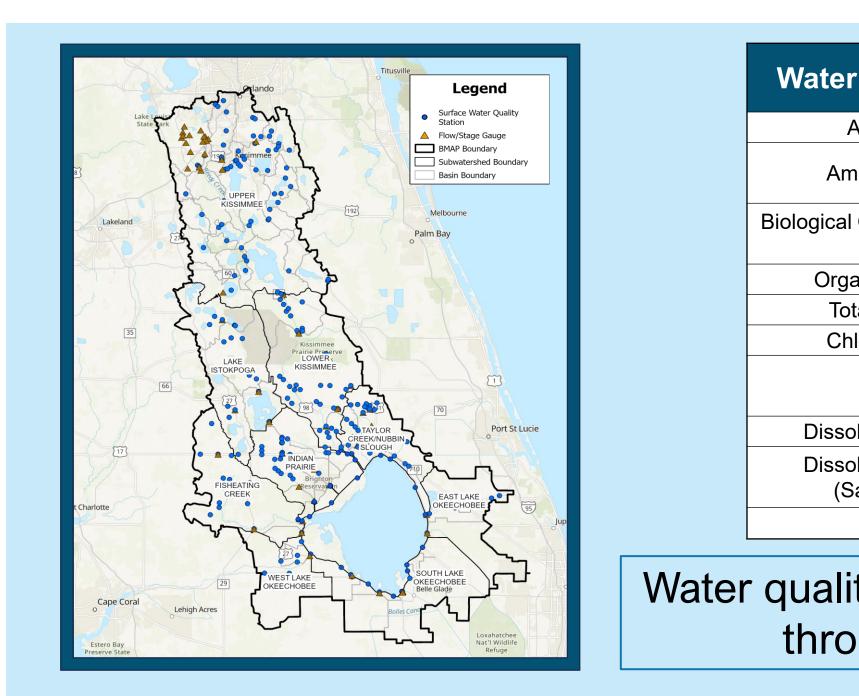


Through Dec. 31, 2023, 343 projects in the BMAP address both stormwater and wastewater pollution sources.

LAKE OKEECHOBEE BASIN MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN (BMAP)

WATER QUALITY ANALYSES

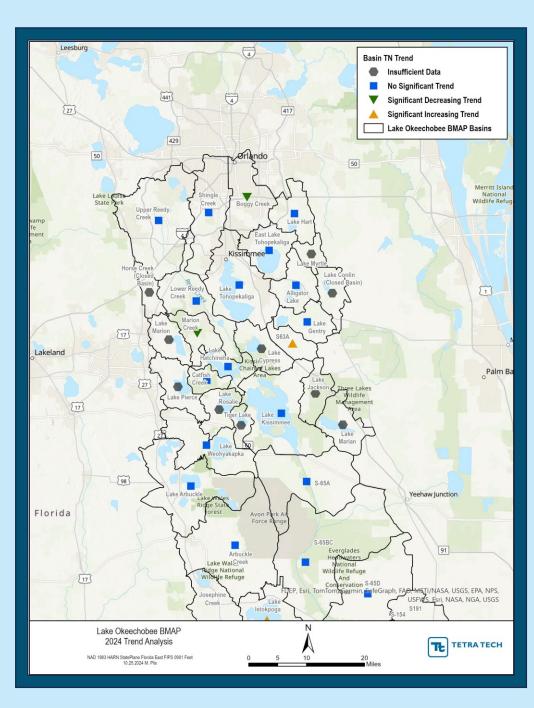
Water Quality Monitoring Network

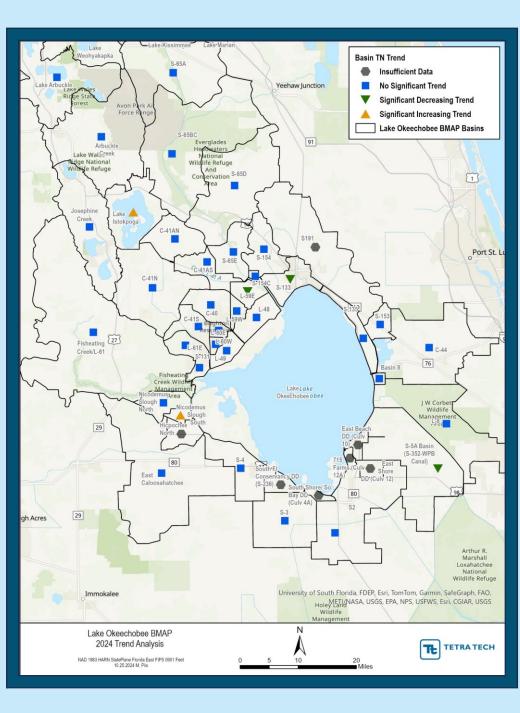


Water Quality Trend Analyses

Seasonal Kendall trend analysis investigates trends in Total Nitrogen (TN) and TP concentrations for the basins.

TN Trends







Lake Okeechobee Total Phosphorus (TP) Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) adopted in 2001.

TMDL set at a total load of 140 mt/yr TP.

35 mt/yr falls directly on the lake.

105 mt/yr allocated to the entire watershed.

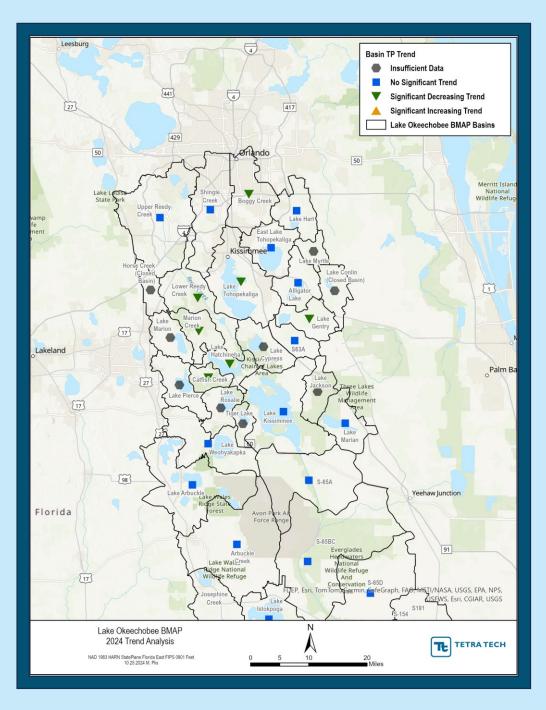
mt/yr = metric tons/year.

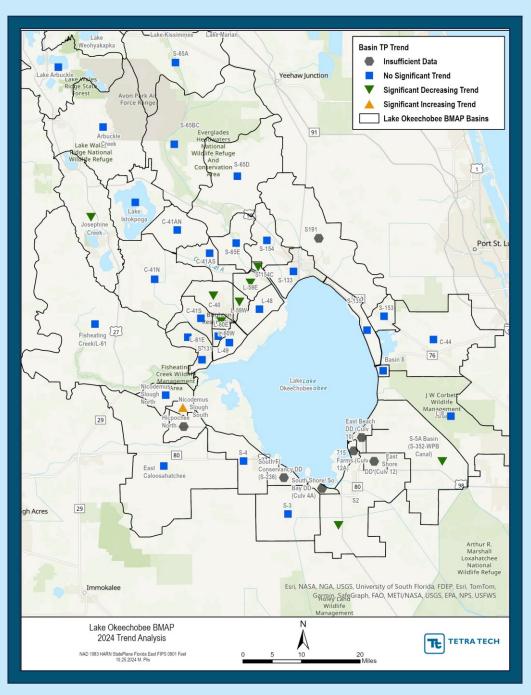
The watershed is composed of nine subwatersheds and 65 basins.

ater Quality Parameters Monitored				
Alkalinity	Nitrate-Nitrite (N)			
Ammonia (N)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)			
gical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	Total Nitrogen (TN)			
Organic Carbon	Orthophosphate (P)			
Total Carbon	рН			
Chlorophyll- <i>a</i>	Total Phosphorus (TP)			
Color	Specific Conductance/Salinity			
Dissolved Oxygen	Temperature			
Dissolved Oxygen (Saturation)	Total Suspended Solids			
Flow	Turbidity			

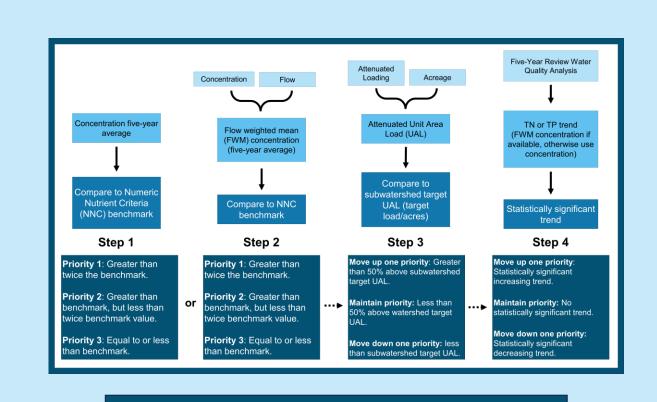
Water quality is monitored at 309 stations throughout the watershed.

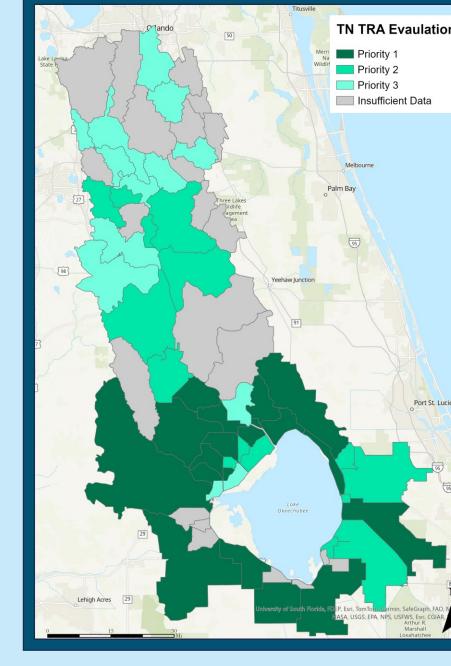
TP Trends

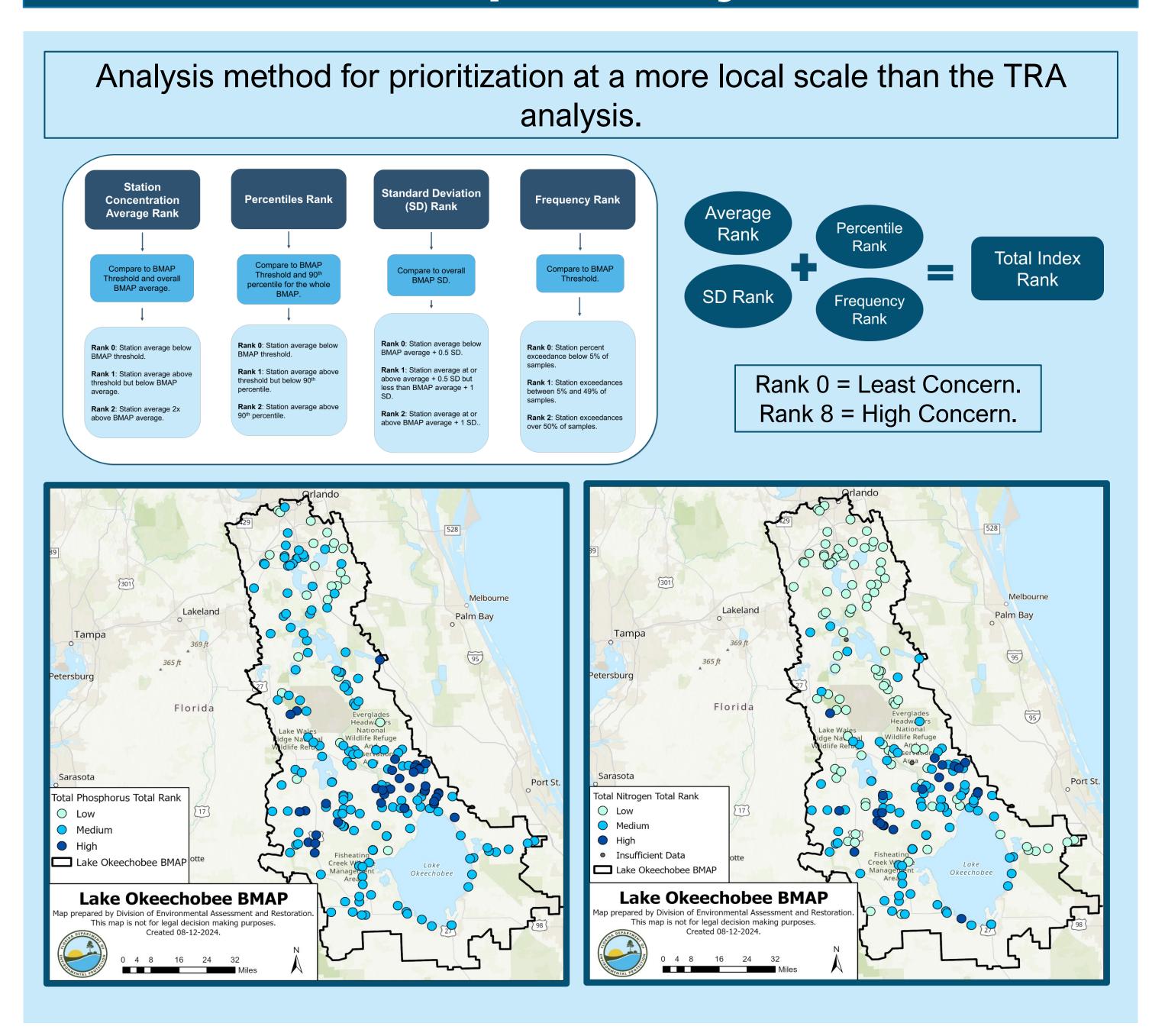




Targeted Restoration Area Evaluation

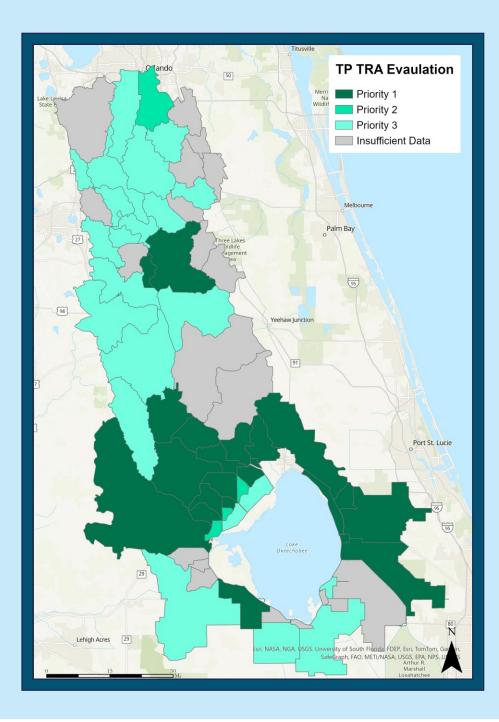








Targeted Restoration Areas (TRA) sequentially compare four parameters to determine priority basins for restoration projects.



Hot Spot Analysis



Projects

Responsible entities are required to identify, plan, complete and report on projects that reduce the loading of nitrogen from sources.

The basin wide reductions are assessed by source and then allocated to responsible entities.

Project collection and reporting are crucial to the successful implementation and management of BMAPs. Projects are reported to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) annually through the BMAP Project Collection Portal. Project lists with associated reductions are published in the Statewide Annual Report (STAR).

Subwatershed

Fisheating Creek Indian Prairie Lake Istokpoga Lower Kissimmee Taylor Creek/Nubbin Slough Upper Kissimmee East Lake Okeechobe South Lake Okeechob West Lake Okeechobe Total

BMAP Management Strategies

Nutrient reduction credits can be earned through implementing projects addressing sources of nutrients. Reduction milestones must be met to ensure sufficient progress towards meeting the total maximum daily load (TMDL) target.

Source-Specific Management Strategies:

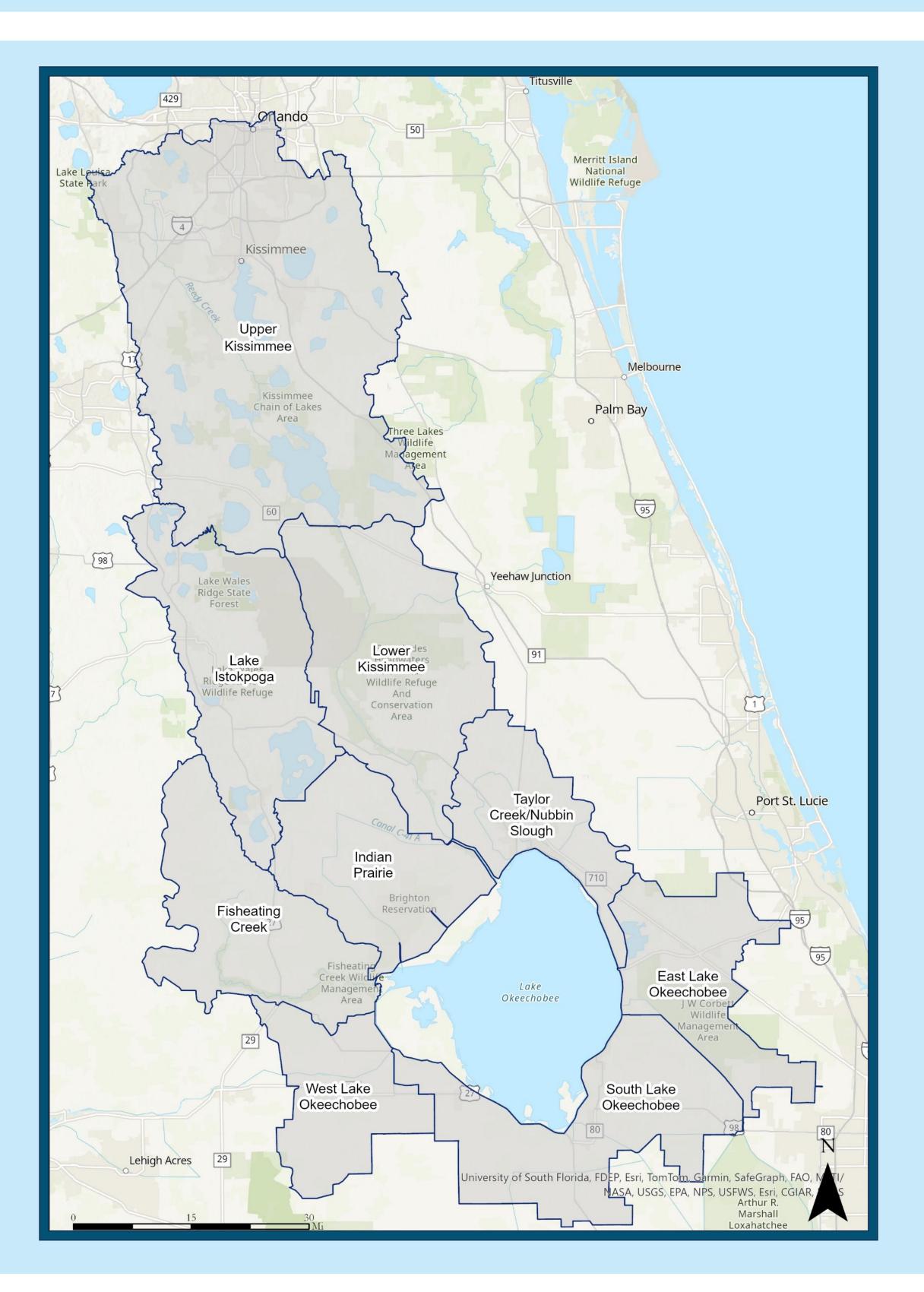
- Onsite Sewage Treatment and Disposal Systems: No new installations of conventional septic systems on lots 1 acre or less.
- Wastewater Treatment Facilities: Facilities must meet certain effluent limitations.
- Agriculture Best Management Practices (BMP) Enrollment: This program is mandatory in BMAP areas, assumes certain efficiencies as described in the BMAP.
- **Other Agriculture:** Agricultural sources that are not addressed through BMP enrollment and implementation will need to be addressed through activities such as regional projects, cost-share BMPs or innovative technologies.
- Urban Stormwater: Ordinances, education, street sweeping and structural stormwater improvements.



LAKE OKEECHOBEE **BASIN MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN (BMAP) REQUIRED REDUCTIONS AND MILESTONES**

Subwatershed Required Reductions

		Targets in 2020 BMAP				Targets Updated with 2023 SFER Data			
	WY2014 - WY2018 TP Load (mt/yr)	% Contribution of Load	TP Load Required Reduction (mt/yr)		WY2019 - WY2023 TP Load (mt/yr)	% Contribution of Load	TP Load Required Reduction (mt/yr)	TP Target (mt/yr)	
	72.4	12	59.7	12.7	39.7	11	28.3	11.4	
	102.5	17	84.5	18.0	48.1	13	34.3	13.8	
	47.7	8	39.3	8.4	34.5	9	24.6	9.9	
	125.9	21	103.8	22.1	80.0	22	57.1	22.9	
	113.6	19	93.7	19.9	58.2	16	41.6	16.6	
	90.5	15	74.6	15.9	79.8	22	57.0	22.8	
ee	16.8	3	13.9	2.9	15.4	4	11.0	4.4	
obee	29.0	5	23.9	5.1	11.5	3	8.2	3.3	
bee	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
	598.4	100	493.4	105.0	367.2	100	262.2	105.0	



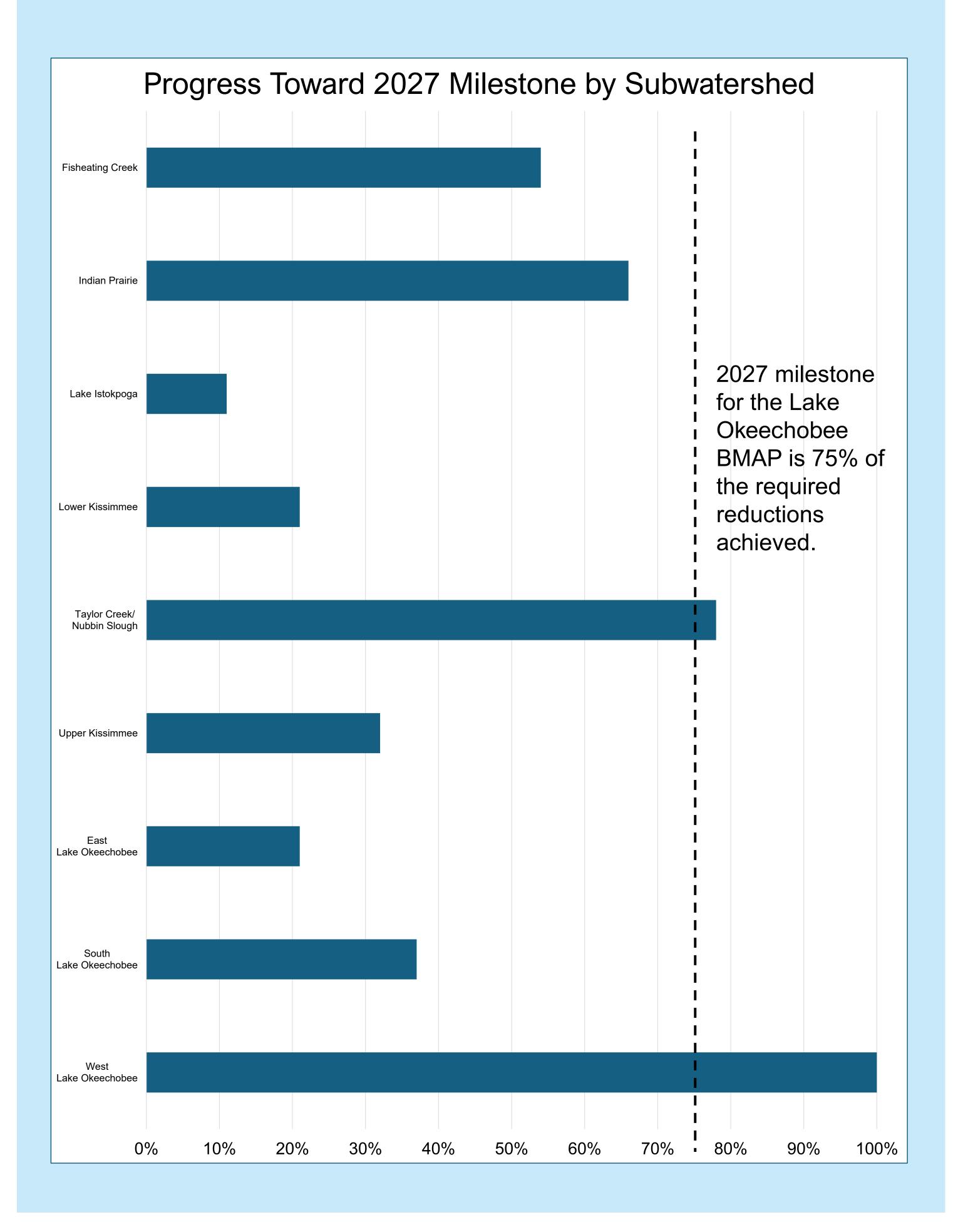


2027 Milestone – 75% Reduction Achieved

Responsible entities are required to provide lists of projects that demonstrate how they plan to achieve their required reductions for the next five-year milestone.

It is important that all projects needed to achieve milestone targets are included in the STAR, even if a funding mechanism is not currently identified. This information provides the state an understanding of what support is necessary to achieve BMAP goals and assists with the prioritization of projects.

Estimated reductions in the progress chart below reflect projects entered through December 2023.





Lake Okeechobee Basin Management Action Plan (BMAP) Meeting Summary

Okeechobee County Board of County Commission Chambers Room 270 304 NW 2nd Street, Okeechobee, FL 34972 Tuesday, November 19, 2024 2:00 pm – 3:30 pm

Participants

Ernie Barnett, FLC Evelyn Becerra, DEP Anthony Betts, SFWMD Linda Crane, Citizen Lisa Diaz, Lewis Longman & Walker Rebecca Dougherty, SFWMD Amy Eason, Martin County Rebecca Elliott, FDACS Yesenia Escribano, FDACS Jake Fojtik, Florida Farm Bureau Marcy Frick, Tetra Tech Paul Gray, Audubon Christopher Guth, Federico & Associates Ray Hodge, United Dairy Farmers Moira Homann, DEP Megan Jacoby, SFWMD Shiela Kitalf, FDACS

Jacob Landfield, SFWMD Celeste Lyon, RES Jonathan Madden, SFWMD Deborah Manzo, Okeechobee County Stef Matthes, Okeechobee County Valentina Miele, FL Oceanographic Society Nick Muzia, Sea & Shoreline Steffany Olson, SFWMD Libby Pigman, SFWMD Richard Reade, Okeechobee County Mikayla Rogers, FFVA Jennifer Thera, FDACS Raychel Thomas, Pavese Law Tony Tomalewski, DEP Diana Turner, DEP Lori Wenkert, SFWMD Benita Whalen, FCA

Welcome and Introductions

Marcy Frick welcomed everyone to the Lake Okeechobee BMAP meeting, and the participants introduced themselves and the entity they represent.

Agency Presentations

Diana Turner summarized recent legislative requirements that will be included in the BMAP updates, including five-year milestones. The Lake Okeechobee BMAP does not have entity-specific allocations so the current five-year milestones for the subwatersheds will continue to be used. The Coordinating Agencies have been working on regional projects. The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) has been conducting water quality analyses to evaluate progress including the targeted restoration area (TRA), hotspot, and trend evaluations. She noted that the Lake Okeechobee BMAP 5-Year Review document was provided for review a few weeks ago and comments are due on Friday. Diana reviewed the BMAP update schedule, which includes technical meetings this week, draft BMAP update in January for review, another round of public meetings to present on the draft BMAP document, public comment period, and then finalization by July 1, 2025. The BMAP project collection portal was opened early for BMAP updates and it will remain open until mid-January for the Statewide Annual Report (STAR). Diana stated that the numbers on the poster for the project reductions are reflective of the last STAR through December 31, 2023, and do not include the new project information that stakeholders recently provided.

Megan Jacoby stated that the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) is conducting the five-year update for Lake Okeechobee Watershed Construction Project (LOWCP). They have been

providing updates on the projects annually in the South Florida Environmental Report (SFER) to promote transparency, provide accountability to stakeholders, and help achieve the total maximum daily loads (TMDLs). The LOWCP has 2 projects in planning, 3 in design, and 20 in operations. These are all SFWMD led projects but they also have projects in conjunction with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers including the Lake Okeechobee Component A Storage Reservoir (LOCAR) and Lake Okeechobee Watershed Restoration Project (LOWRP). She noted that the dispersed water management project benefits include reducing runoff and promoting ecological enhancement. Projects to date have provided over 85,000 acre-feet of storage, with an additional 23,000 acre-feet of storage coming online soon. SFWMD is also updating the previous model from 2008–2009, and the updated model shows the estimated storage needed for this watershed from the previous modeling of 900,000 – 1.3 million is correct. The draft 2025 SFER is available for public comment through December 17.

Jennifer Thera reviewed the staff changes at the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS). She noted that they are working to update all 12 best management practice (BMP) manuals and the FDACS website has a rule development activities webpage with the latest details on the updates. They plan to have the updates completed early next year. FDACS is also updating the costshare program to create a system to evaluate projects and status to provide transparent information. Producers can apply for different measures and FDACS has a better tool to evaluate effectiveness to determine what projects are most needed. They also increased the cost-share limit including higher amounts if the producer agrees to monitoring. Jennifer showed the BMP enrollment status for each of the Lake Okeechobee BMAP subwatersheds. The FDACS website includes an interactive map showing enrollment, commodity type, and last implementation verification visit.

Poster Session

After the agency presentations, a poster session was held to allow participants to have one-on-one discussions with the agency staff, ask questions, and provide comments. No comment cards were submitted during the meeting.