# **CHAPTER 62-332**

# WATER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT AREA CREDIT TRANSACTIONS

1	62-332.100	Scope and Intent
2	62-332.200	Definitions
3	62-332.300	General Requirements
4	62-332.400	Enhancement Credit Generation and Valuation
5	62-332.500	Service Area and Enhancement Credit Locational Valuation Factor Adjustments
6	62-332.600	Enhancement Credit Transactions and Credit Use
7	62-332.700	Enhancement Credit Tracking
8	62-332.800	Enhancement Credit Monitoring and Continuing Credit Verification
9	62-332.900	Compliance and Enforcement
0	62-332.920	Surrender, Transfer, or Modification of Water Quality Enhancement Area Permits
1		
2		cope and Intent.  Chapter establishes the requirements for the permitting of water quality enhancement areas,
14	and the gener	ration, valuation, award, release, and use of water quality enhancement credits providing
15	offsite compe	ensatory treatment under Section 373.4134, Florida Statutes (F.S.) This chapter establishes
16	additional re	quirements for a water quality enhancement permit under Chapter 62-330, F.A.C.,
17	Environmenta	al Resource Permitting.
18	(2) The en	nhancement credit transactions authorized in this chapter are intended to provide flexibility
19	to applicants	for the purpose of achieving net improvement under s. 373.414(1)(b)3., or satisfying
20	environmenta	al resource permit performance standards under Section 373.4131(3)(a), F.S.
21	(3) The r	requirements for the trading and use of water quality enhancement credits to meet the
22	allocations of	an adopted Basin Management Action Plan (BMAP) or adopted Reasonable Assurance Plan
23	(RAP) are set	forth in Chapter 62-306, F.A.C.
24	(4) This c	hapter is supplemental to rules promulgated under Part IV of Chapter 373, F.S., Chapter 62-
25	306, F.A.C., a	and Chapter 62-330, F.A.C., and does not supersede any requirements therein nor prohibit or
26	limit any acti	vities allowed therefrom.
7	(5) Nothi	ng in this rule is intended to limit any actions by federal, state, or local agencies, or affected

persons pursuant to other rules or regulations.

30 Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS. History-

31 <u>New\_\_\_\_</u>.

### **62-332.200 Definitions.**

- (1) "Applicant" means a governmental entity that seeks to purchase water quality enhancement credits to meet an assigned basin management action plan allocation or reasonable assurance plan or a governmental entity or a private sector entity that seeks to purchase water quality enhancement credits for the purpose of achieving net improvement under s. 373.414(1)(b)3. or satisfying environmental resource permit performance standards.
- (1) "Best management practice (BMP) for stormwater treatment" means a practice or combination of practices, based on research, field-testing, and expert review, to be the most effective and practicable, including economic and technological considerations, of improving water quality by reducing excess nutrient and other pollutant loads in water.
  - (2) "Department" means the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.
- (3) "Enhancement credit" or "credit" means the standard unit of measure that represents a quantity of pollutant removed annually from a permitted WQEA and which is greater than any reductions otherwise required under Chapter 62-330, F.A.C.
- (4) "Governmental entity" means any political subdivision of the state, including any state agency, department, county, municipality, special district, school district, utility authority, or other authority or instrumentality, agency, unit, or department thereof.
- (5) "Natural system" for the purpose of a water quality enhancement area, natural system means a designed, constructed, or altered ecological system supporting aquatic and wetland-dependent natural resources, including fish, aquatic and wetland-dependent wildlife habitats.
- (6) "Owner" means the entity that constructs, operates, maintains, and is responsible for the long-term management of a water quality enhancement area, having the real property interest described in 4.2.3(d) of Applicant's Handbook Volume I.
- (8) "Water quality enhancement area" or WQEA means a natural system constructed, operated, managed, and maintained for the purpose of providing offsite regional treatment for which enhancement credits may be generated pursuant to a water quality enhancement area permit.
  - (9) "Water quality enhancement area permit" means an environmental resource permit issued under

part IV of Chapter 373, F.S., and this rule chapter for a water quality enhancement area, which authorizes the construction, operation, management, and maintenance of a water quality enhancement area and the generation and sale of enhancement credits from the permitted WQEA in accordance with this chapter.

(10) "Water quality enhancement service area" for the purposes of trading within this chapter means the limited geographic area of hydrologically connected downstream waters within which the water quality enhancement area could reasonably be expected to offset pollutant contributions, via an enhancement credit transaction, which are causing the waterbody or water segment not to meet applicable state water quality criteria as determined by the Department. For purposes of trading and use of credits for BMAP or RAP allocations, the service area shall refer to rule 62-306 F.A.C.

Rulemaking Authority 373.4134 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134 FS. History-New\_\_\_\_\_.

## 62-332.300 General Requirements.

- (1) An applicant for a water quality enhancement permit shall generate and maintain enhancement credits by constructing and operating water quality improvement projects utilizing natural systems, including, but not limited to, constructed wetlands or waterbodies that reduce pollutants to a receiving waterbody or water segment.
- (2) The construction, operation, management, and maintenance of a WQEA will be approved by the Department through the environmental resource permit process pursuant to Chapter 62-330, F.A.C.
- (3) Enhancement credits may be generated and sold by an owner of a WQEA only in accordance with this chapter and the conditions of the owner's permit. The Department will determine the number of enhancement credits necessary for all credit transactions.
- (4) The issuance of a WQEA permit does not eliminate the owner's obligation to comply with all requirements of Chapter 62-330, F.A.C., pertaining to adverse impacts to water quantity, water quality and adjacent lands or wetlands.
- (5) The issuance of a WQEA permit does not preclude the responsibility of the owner to obtain other applicable federal, state, and local permits for construction activities associated with the WQEA.
- (6) Reductions in pollutant loading required under 62-330, F.A.C., or required by a BMAP, adopted RAP, or accepted pollutant reduction plan, are not eligible to generate enhancement credits.
- (7) Enhancement credits are expressed as the permitted average annual mass pollutant load reduction consistently expected by the WQEA that is greater than any reductions otherwise required for the WQEA

91 described in (6).

- 92 (8) Enhancement credits are perpetual only if the activities resulting in their creation continue to 93 provide at least the same level of pollutant load reduction authorized by the Department.
  - (9) WQEAs may not be located within areas designated for conservation, mitigation, restoration, or reclamation by state law or permit. WQEAs may not be located within areas purchased for conservation pursuant to the Florida Forever Act or the Florida Preservation 2000 Act.
  - (10) Before WQEA Credits may be sold from a WQEA or any phase of a WQEA, the Owner shall cause a conservation easement to be conveyed to both the Department and the District. The grantor of a conservation easement may convey a conservation easement to additional grantees, but such conveyance shall be subordinate to the conservation easement granted to the Department and the District.
  - (a) All conservation easements shall be granted in perpetuity without encumbrances, unless such encumbrances do not adversely affect the ecological viability of the WQEA. All conservation easements shall be of a form and content sufficient to ensure preservation of the WQEA according to the permit, and shall, at a minimum, meet requirements and restrictions of section 704.06, F.S.
  - (b) The conservation easement shall also provide that the Owner shall have access to the property and the authority to perform all acts necessary to ensure compliance with the WQEA Permit, and that the Agency shall have access and the authority to perform these acts if the Owner fails to do so.
  - (11) An ERP Applicant's project must provide reasonable assurance of meeting department rules for design and construction of all onsite stormwater management and provide a level of treatment necessary to meet the predevelopment condition pollutant loading on its site. Any additional treatment required by the applicant's ERP under Chapter 62-330, F.A.C., may then be achieved through WQEA credits..
  - (12) An enhancement credit transaction must ensure that no localized water quality violations will occur at the location of the applicant's permitted discharge as a result of the trade.
- 114 (13) Enhancement credits are not available for use by a applicant until the Department has authorized 115 their use in the applicant's environmental resource permit. An enhancement credit included in a previously 116 authorized credit transaction is not available for another transaction.

Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS. History—

119 <u>New\_\_\_\_.</u>

#### 62-332.400 Enhancement Credit Generation and Valuation

121

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

- (1) The department will award a number of enhancement credits to the proposed WQEA, or phases 122 123 thereof, based upon the information submitted by the applicant, and an assessment of the proposed WQEA 124 under the criteria of Section 373.4134, F.S., and the following criteria:
  - (a) The initial valuation of enhancement credits generated by a WQEA shall be based on standard numerical models or analytical tools that establish the ability of the WQEA to remove pollutants or their constituents.
  - (b) The initial valuation of enhancement credits shall be based on conservative estimates including, but not limited to expected hydrologic variations. The initial valuation of credits shall consider the uncertainty between the numerical models or other analytical tools used to estimate the expected removal of pollutants, and the actual pollutant removal from the WQEA.
    - (c) Credits must be based on standard unit of measure of the specific pollutants removed.
  - (d) Credits are based on quantity of pollutant removed annually, which is greater than any reductions that satisfy the requirements in Chapter 62-330, F.A.C. and, if applicable required by a BMAP or adopted RAP, or accepted pollutant reduction plan.
    - (e) The initial valuation of enhancement credits will be stated in the WQEA permit.
- (f) The number of enhancement credits necessary for a given credit transaction may be adjusted based 137 on appropriate location adjustment factors as described in Rule 62-332.500, F.A.C. 138
  - 1(2) If the WQEA is located within a BMAP or adopted RAP, the applicant must use the most recent numerical models or analytical tools used for that BMAP or adopted RAP in the WQEA permit application, except as provided in subsection (3).
  - (3) If the WQEA is not located within a BMAP or adopted RAP, or the Department determines that the numerical model or analytical tool used for the applicable BMAP or adopted RAP is not appropriate for use in determining the pollutant loading reductions for the proposed WQEA, the applicant must use another standard numerical model or analytical tool that has been approved by the Department for the proposed WQEA.
- (4) A WQEA permit application must identify and document the numerical model or analytical tool, 147 148 inputs, and results, used to establish the efficacy of the WQEA, including all information to support the 149 permit application required by Rule 62-330.054, F.A.C., and any other information required by this Rule relevant to substantiate the level of pollutant load reduction generated. At a minimum, the application 150 must contain:

- (a) Rainfall data over the longest period of record available, either from the National Centers for
   Environmental Information or collected from the closest site to the proposed WQEA, preferably within
   the same drainage basin.
  - (b) Anticipated water quality and quantity inflows over a wide range of climatic conditions that captures interannual variation to the proposed WQEA, based on published local data collected over a period of record that most closely matches the rainfall data collected under paragraph (a) above.
  - (c) Site-specific conditions affecting the anticipated performance of the proposed WQEA, including the proposed BMP for stormwater treatment and the anticipated associated reduction rates, as demonstrated by the performance of other areas where the same BMP treatment type has been established and operating over a minimum of two consecutive wet and dry seasons.
  - (d) Data provided under this subsection must be from monitoring stations the Department deems sufficient to determine flows and local water quality conditions.
    - (e) Any other supporting information deemed necessary by the Department.

166 <u>Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.067(9), 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS.</u>
167 <u>History–New</u>.

## 62-332.500 Service Area and Enhancement Credit Locational Valuation Factor Adjustments

- (1) The applicant's project using credits from a WQEA must be located within the water quality enhancement service area for the WQEA that generates the enhancement credits.
- (2) The extent of the water quality enhancement service area will be determined by modeling, provided by the owner, outlining the area within which the WQEA could reasonably be expected to reduce impacts given the attenuation of the applicable pollutant downstream of the WQEA.
- (a) Numerical models or other analytical tools must be capable of evaluating the fate and transport of the pollutant(s) of concern within hydrologically connected watersheds and shall be reviewed and approved by the department at the time of application.
- (b) Water Quality Enhancement Service Areas may overlap, and more than one water quality enhancement service area may be approved within a regional watershed.
- (3) The applicant's project must be hydrologically connected and downstream of the WQEA from which the enhancement credits are purchased. If the requirements in rule 62-332.300, F.A.C., are met, the following projects or activities shall be eligible to use a WQEA, notwithstanding the fact that they are not

- completely located within the Water Quality Enhancement Service Area, provided a demonstration is
  provided to the Department that the applicant's project will not cause or contribute to a localized
  exceedance of water quality standards within the watershed or downstream waterbody of concern:
  - (a) Linear projects with impacts partially located within the Water Quality Enhancement Service Area; such as; roadways, transmission lines, distribution lines, pipelines, or railways; only those segments of the project located within the service area may use WQEA Credits;
  - (b) Projects that are hydrologically connected upstream of a WQEA that is servicing an OFW designated as an aquatic preserve, but only for those additional credits needed in reaching the greater OFW treatment requirements.
  - (4) The Department will adjust the amount of the applicant's credits needed for the transaction by the applicable locational valuation factor (LVF) so that the credits will provide equivalent water quality improvement at the applicant's point of discharge. The WQEA will provide reasonable assurance that the WQEA's credited pollutant load reduction will be achieved annually. The applicant will provide reasonable assurance they will not cause or contribute to a violation of state water quality standards at the location of the applicant's permitted discharge as a result of the transaction.
- 198 (a) The location valuation factor will be based on numerical models or other analytical tools done by
  199 the WQEA at the time of the WQEA's permit that account for uptake of the pollutants over a distance
  200 and shall account for the pollutant reduction from the WQEA to the farthest downstream point of the
  201 WQEA's service area.
- 202 (b) The LVF must ensure that no localized water quality violations will occur at the location of the applicant's permitted discharge.
- (c) The LVF is calculated and applied independently for each pollutant subject to a trade and is calculated as:
- $\underline{LVF} = \overline{TF} * \overline{VF},$

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

208

212

- 207 Where TF is the Transport Factor and VF is the Variability Factor.
  - 1. The TF shall be calculated as
- 209 TF = 1/(1-Atten),
- Where Atten is the attenuation of the given pollutant between the WQEA point of discharge and the applicant's point of discharge.
  - a. Atten is the modeled attenuation factor between the WQEA and applicant's points of discharge. A modeled attenuation factor is the rate at which pollutants are reduced through

214	biotic and abiotic factors during downstream transport in water. Attenuation factors range	
215	from 0 - 1, with zero representing no reduction, and 1 representing complete removal.	
216	b. The applicant's and WQEA waterbody segments must be hydrologically connected.	
217	2. The VF shall be calculated as the 95th percentile concentration divided by the arithmetic mean	
218	concentration within the applicant's WBIDs for the pollutant to be traded.	
219	a. The period of record used to calculate the VF will be reviewed and approved by the	
220	Department; however, at a minimum it must consist of at least 5 years of measured or	
221	modelled data reflecting current conditions within the applicant's WBID.	
222	b. The 95 <sup>th</sup> percentile shall be set to the maximum result if there are fewer than 10 values in	
223	the available period of record.	
224	c. For nutrients, the values used to calculate the arithmetic mean and 95th percentile shall be	
225	annual geometric means (AGMs) concentrations.	
226	3. The LVF shall be set to 1.0 if the calculated LVF is less than 1.0	
227	(c) The number of credits needed for a proposed transaction must be calculated as follows: Number	
228	of Credits Needed = (Number of standard units of measure for pollutant removed annually required for	
229	treatment) x LVF.	
230	(d) This formula may not be used to reduce the number of credits needed below the quantity of	
231	pollutant removed annually required for treatment.	
232	(e) Authorized number of credits will be reflected in the applicant's environmental resource permit(s),	
233	if applicable, and the enhancement credit tracking ledger.	
234	(f) The numerical models to determine the LVFs described in (a) shall be updated at least every 10	
235	years by the WQEA.	
236	years by the WQLIL	
237	Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.067(9), 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS.	
238	History-New	
239	This is a second of the second	
240	62-332.600 Enhancement Credit Transactions and Credit Use.	
240	(1) Purchase of enhancement credits is voluntary.	
242	(2) Enhancement credits may be used only for the purpose of achieving net improvement under	
243	Section 373.414(1)(b)3., F.S., or satisfying environmental resource permit performance standards under	
244	Section 373.4131(3)(a), F.S. or the requirements for credit trading to meet the allocations of an adopted	

245 BMAP or adopted RAP.

260

261

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

- 246 (3) <u>Credits shall be withdrawn from the WQEA as a minor modification of the WQEA permit.</u>
- 247 (4) The Department will verify whether the WQEA owner has credits available in accordance with this chapter.
- 249 (6) Upon authorization for the use of enhancement credits the Department will verify the final number 250 of credits needed of the enhancement credits for the applicant's use as described in Rule 62-332.500, 251 F.A.C.
- 252 (a) The applicant's project, discharge point(s), and discharge characterization (including, but not
  253 limited to, pollutant concentration and flow) must be provided to the Department before the credit
  254 transaction will be approved.
- 255 (b) Modification of the applicant's project, discharge point(s), or discharge characterization may result 256 in the Department's revaluation of the credit transaction and modification of the applicant's permit(s).
- 257 (7) The WQEA owner must submit to the Department, as part of its permit application or any modification or renewal application, information on the terms of credit transactions as described in Rule 62-332.800, F.A.C.
  - (8) If the applicant proposes to change the source of credits, it must immediately notify the Department of its intention in writing, including a letter of commitment from the new credit source for the number of enhancement credits necessary, and that the new credit source has those credits available in accordance with a WQEA permit. The new credit transaction is not final until the Department authorizes it in accordance with this chapter and Chapter 62-330, F.A.C.
  - (9) A governmental entity may be an owner of an WQEA and use those generated credits for its own water quality needs, such as but not limited to: providing off site water quality compensation for that government's own development projects. However, a governmental entity may not sponsor, fund, or otherwise construct, operate, manage, or maintain a WQEA for the purpose of selling enhancement credits to third parties.
- 270 (10) Enhancement credits may not be used by point source dischargers to satisfy regulatory
  271 requirements other than those necessary to obtain an environmental resource permit for construction and
  272 operation of a surface water management system.
- 273 (11) Some Enhancement Credits may be released for use prior to meeting all of the performance 274 criteria specified in the WQEA permit. The initial withdrawal of a credit, or any portion thereof, begins 275 the timeframe to reach final success as assessed using Rule 62-332.800, F.A.C. The complete release of

- 276 <u>all enhancement credits awarded will only occur after the WQEA meets all of the success criteria specified</u>
- 277 <u>in the permit. The number of credits and schedule for release shall be determined based upon the</u>
- 278 performance criteria for the WQEA, the success criteria for each activity, and consideration of the factors
- 279 <u>listed in Section 373.4136(5)</u>, F.S. However, no credits shall be released until the requirements of Rules
- 280 62-332.900 (1) and (2) F.A.C., are met.

281

- 282 <u>Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.067(9), 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS.</u>
- 283 History–New .

284

285

- 62-332.700 Enhancement Credit Tracking.
  - (1) The Department will track all credit transactions in a ledger.
- 287 (2) The withdrawal of WQEA credits from a WQEA shall be accomplished as a minor modification
- of the WQEA permit. A processing fee shall not be required by the department or water management
- 289 district for this minor modification.
- 290 (3) If credits are used by a applicant for net improvement or their ERP performance standard, those
- 291 <u>credits must be reflected in their permit.</u>
- 292 (4) Information tracked related to credit transactions must include at a minimum:
- 293 (a) The names and street addresses of all parties.
- (b) Locations of permitted activities and discharges.
- (c) Receiving waterbody.
- 296 (d) Pollutants involved.
- (e) The amount and type of credits purchased.
- 298 (f) Permit number of applicant(s) if applicable.
- 299 (5) For tracking in the department ledger and the WQEA ledger this information tracked related to
- 300 <u>credit transactions must include.</u>
- 301 (a) All items listed in (4) above.
- 302 (b) Number of credits still available in the WQEA.
- 303 (c) The amount and type of credits generated in the WQEA.
- (d) A description of the actions that generated credits in the WQEA.
- 305 (e) The date credits become available for purchase.
- 306 (f) The date of the most recent inspection for the WQEA.

307	
308	Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.067(9), 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS.
309	History–New
310	
311	62-332.800 Enhancement Credit Monitoring and Continuing Credit Verification.
312	(1) Annually, the WQEA owner must demonstrate the achievement of pollutant reductions of no less
313	than the number of the credits sold.
314	(2) Enhancement credits shall be directly measured by the WQEA owner in accordance with a
315	Department-approved monitoring plan.
316	(a) An applicant for a WQEA permit must propose a performance and success criteria monitoring and
317	verification plan in its application, including protocols and monitoring frequency, to be implemented once
318	the WQEA is permitted and operational.
319	(b) The plan must be sufficient to demonstrate that the WQEA meets defined performance or success
320	criteria for the pollutant reductions on which enhancement credits are based.
321	(2) The monitoring and verification protocols must be able to measure the difference in water quality
322	and flows before water enters the WQEA and is discharged from the WQEA in order to accurately
323	demonstrate the WQEA's pollutant reductions and ensure that all credited pollutant reductions have been
324	achieved. At a minimum, monitoring must include flow and concentration data into and out of the
325	WQEA.(3) The WQEA owner must implement the approved monitoring and verification plan in
326	perpetuity.
327	
328	Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.067(9), 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS.
329	<u>History–New</u>
330	
331	62-332.900 Compliance and Enforcement.
332	(1) The owner must designate a responsible long-term maintenance entity supported by an endowment
333	or other long-term financial assurance mechanism sufficient for perpetual operation and maintenance as
334	described in Rule 62-342.700, F.A.C., mitigation bank financial responsibility, and any subsequent
335	amendments, wherein the term "banker" or "mitigation bank" will refer to the "owner" or "Water Quality
336	Enhancement Area" respectively. The owner must provide documentation of the financial assurance

(2) The owner must also demonstrate to the Department sufficient legal or equitable interest in

instrument to the Department.

337

property to ensure access and perpetual protection and management of the land within or associated with the WQEA including, as necessary, permanent preservation of the WQEA pursuant to the requirements of Section 704.06, F.S.

- (3) The owner must certify and submit annually to the Department that the control devices and systems, technologies, best management practices, or other activities on which the enhancement credits are based continue to be fully implemented and properly operated and maintained, and that pollutant load reductions continue to be achieved at the authorized level.
- (3) The owner must report annually to the Department the pollutant loads of their targeted pollutant, in the standard units of measure for the WQEA at a frequency required by the permit to demonstrate pollutant load reduction resulting in credits.
- (4) The owner must maintain records demonstrating that the control devices and systems, technologies, best management practices, or other management actions upon which credits are based continue to be fully implemented and properly operated and maintained in perpetuity. The owner must notify the Department in writing within 30 calendar days of any changes to the size, nature, function, or treatment capabilities of the WQEA. Any such changes may result in a permit modification under Rule 62-330.315, F.A.C., for the WQEA permit to ensure credit transactions maintain at least their approved level of pollutant load reduction. The owner must allow the Department, water management district, or Department's agent, to inspect the records and the control devices and systems, technologies, best management practices, or other management actions during regular business hours.
  - (5) The owner is responsible for achieving the pollutant load reductions on which the credits are based, and complying with the terms of its permit, including any associated financial assurance instruments, in perpetuity. In the event the Department determines the purchased credits are invalid because the owner has failed to comply with its monitoring and verification plan, has failed to demonstrate that the enhancement area is meeting defined performance or success criteria for the reduction of pollutants on which credits are based, or otherwise has failed to meet the conditions of its permit, including financial assurances, the Department may suspend the authorization to sell enhancement credits until such time as the owner returns to compliance and credits have been reevaluated.
  - (6) The applicant of enhancement credits is responsible for complying with all terms of the enhancement credit transaction and the environmental resource permit associated with its project. If the applicant otherwise is meeting applicable regulatory requirements, the revocation of authorization of sale of enhancement credits in accordance with subsection (5) for the WQEA, does not constitute a permit

370	violation for the applicant.				
371	(7) The WQEA may request the surrender or transfer of their WQEA permit as described in Rule 62-				
372	342.800, F.A.C., and any subsequent amendments, wherein the term "banker" or "mitigation bank" will				
373	refer to the "owner" or "Water Quality Enhancement Area" respectively.				
374					
375	Rulemaking Authority 373.4134, 403.067(9), 403.805 FS. Law Implemented 373.4134, 403.067 FS.				
376	<u>History–New</u>				
377					