

# **GROUND WATER GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS**

**FLORIDA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
DIVISION OF WATER FACILITIES**

**Bureau of Drinking Water and Ground Water Resources  
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## INTRODUCTION

In 1986, the Department of Environmental Regulation (DER) published a table listing the current primary and secondary ground water standards and 127 guidance concentrations for parameters lacking a numeric standard. The guidance concentrations were compiled from various public health based data sources to alert DER District office personnel to concentrations of synthetic organics and inorganics in effluent and ground water that warranted further inquiry. The guidance concentrations were to be used as screening tools and interim guidelines for ground water minimum criteria until precise numeric standards could be developed.

This table was updated and printed as a booklet titled, Ground Water Guidance Concentrations in 1989. The table had been expanded to include 220 different guidance concentrations.

This **1993 edition** updates the 1989 document and now lists 267 different guidance concentrations as well as incorporating newly adopted Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs). **The primary and secondary MCLs are enforceable standards.** The guidance concentrations are not standards but can be designated as site specific minimum criteria by the Department.

The Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) and the Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST), toxicological databases maintained by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), served as the primary (and nearly exclusive) sources for this document. Both sources list the chronic oral reference doses (Oral RfDs) and cancer potency slope factors from which the guidance concentrations are derived. Some parameters are calculated from information provided by the EPA Environmental Criteria and Assessment Office (ECAP) in Cincinnati. Guidance Concentrations listed in the 1989 booklet and not currently found in IRIS or HEAST remain unchanged in this edition.

Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs) listed in this booklet are an estimate of the lowest concentration routinely quantifiable by most analytical laboratories. Two sources of information were consulted for PQL information; The Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) Chemistry Laboratory, and the Environmental Monitoring Methods Index (EMMI) - an EPA database. PQLs listed in the 1989 booklet and not currently listed by the DEP lab or EMMI remain unchanged in this edition.

For those parameters where the health based guidance concentration is lower than what can reasonably be measured in a laboratory, the PQL has been designated as the guidance concentration. The calculated health based limit is also reported as a reference. As measurement techniques improve and PQLs are lowered the guidance concentration in these cases will also be lowered.

This 1993 edition is organized into five different chapters; Primary Standards, Secondary Standards, Carcinogens, Organoleptics, and Systemic Toxicants. This arrangement reflects the categories regulated by Rule 17-520, Florida Administrative Code, (F.A.C.). These governing regulations are expanded upon at the beginning of each chapter. An alphabetical listing of all the parameters are listed in the index. This booklet has been three-hole punched to allow the user to rearrange the chapters into the sequence which proves most useful.

This booklet will be available as ASCII text file and will be posted to the Ground Water Quality Background Monitoring Electronic Bulletin Board. Access to the bulletin board is described on the final page of this booklet.

We would like to thank Andy Reich with the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services Environmental Epidemiology section for contributing the Toxicological Perspective text. We would also like to thank Ligia Mora-Applegate with the FDEP Division of Waste Management for her comments and review throughout the preparation of this document.

Requests for assistance in the interpretation and application of this Ground Water Guidance Concentrations booklet should be directed to either Bryan Baker or Jim McNeal with the Bureau of Drinking Water and Ground Water Resources (904/488-3601, SC 278-3601).

## **GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS: A TOXICOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVE**

When evaluating the health threat from exposure to environmental contaminants, there are no "magic bullet" media values appropriate in all circumstances. Most documents listing guidance, or action concentrations, do not consider the appropriateness or limitations of the toxicological assumptions and health risk assessment procedures and by necessity must list a generic value. However, there is still a great need for environmental professionals to have at their disposal a reference listing these values, to give a reasonable perspective on the threshold of health concern from contaminants found in ground and drinking water.

There are established methods of assessing risk that are essential in the proper evaluation of potential adverse health impacts. The Agency for Toxic Substances (ASTDR) within the Public Health Service has been instrumental, along with the EPA, in identifying these basic points. These include:

- a) the intrinsic toxicity of the compound(s);
- b) a susceptible receptor (population at risk - people);
- c) an adequate dose; and,
- d) a complete exposure pathway.

Chemicals may express a toxic response due to a wide variety of mechanisms and endpoints. Animal studies have identified carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic compounds. Carcinogens have further been classified as those being genetic and epigenetic in nature. The genetic agents act directly on the DNA or related material and are thought to not have a threshold. This means that at very low doses, even one molecule, a compound of this type may increase the cancer risk. Epigenetic carcinogens act through mechanisms not affecting the genetic material such as by overwhelming cellular repair or augmenting normal hormonal responses. If these epigenetic agents are not present in sufficient quantities to produce the toxic response, the carcinogenic risk factor is zero.

Non-carcinogenic compounds are even more varied in their intrinsic toxicity. Some act directly on cellular functions such as changing the permeability of cell membranes; others affect the normal performance of enzyme systems; still others act to block transport of essential nutrients or other needed metabolic compounds.

In order for the toxic agents to elicit an effect, the exposed animal needs to be susceptible to the agent, i.e.

the physiological characteristic that can be affected needs to be present in the animal. Some animals possess metabolic pathways and enzyme systems that others do not; some metabolic characteristics are present during certain periods in the normal life span of an organism; developmental phase of the fetus also affects the response. The ability for the compound to cause a toxic response is therefore dependent on which species is exposed and at what phase of the life span.

There is an old adage in Toxicology that the dose determines the poison. In order for a certain compound to provoke a toxic response, it needs to be present at a certain minimum concentration, or threshold (adequate dose). Animals, humans included, are not passive organisms, and are subjected to a constant onslaught of these toxic agents, some exceeding the adequate dose. When this occurs, there are a multitude of metabolic and physical mechanisms available to actively protect the organism from toxic agents. These include detoxifying enzyme systems present in many organs of the body including the blood, lungs, and of course, the liver. Physical system responses include cough reflex, chemotactic response of the stomach and esophagus resulting in vomiting, mucocilliary escalator, etc.

The following are assumptions and important points to remember when utilizing the guidance concentrations. These need to be considered when determining the appropriateness of the values in assessing the potential for health impact from exposure to environmental contaminants.

- Users are encouraged to consult with the Toxicology and Hazard Assessment Section of Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services (HRS), at (904) 488-3385, **before utilizing these guidance concentrations for purposes other than initial screening for potential public health threats.**
- The guidance concentrations are based on continuous exposure to a 70 kilogram healthy adult male ingesting 2 liters of water per day.
- The guidance concentrations were developed to set levels that would be below those known or anticipated to produce adverse health effects.
- Some guidance concentrations are based on effects to high risk populations such as infants less than 6 months old (nitrate/nitrite toxicity).
- Intermittent exposures may result in significantly different guidance concentrations.
- The health of the receptor (human) may change the sensitivity to toxic compounds. These include

nutritional deficiencies, life styles factors, age, sex, or pre-existing disease.

- For non-carcinogens, guidance concentrations are based on the assumption of 20% exposure via drinking water and 80% exposure via other routes such as inhalation, ingestion of food residues, dermal uptake.
- Cancer risk is based on lifetime (70 years) exposure.
- Past exposures may have lead to storage of toxic compounds and could be released during metabolic changes such as pregnancy, diet, illness, etc. Additional exposures may result in adverse impacts due to exceedances of threshold level (lead, chlorinated pesticides, chlorinesterase inhibitors).
- Routes of exposure dramatically alter the toxicological impact of certain compounds. Some toxic agents act exclusively through specific routes, some compounds need to be biotransformed for toxic action to be evident.
- Some compounds when mixed could have deleterious effects significantly below the guidance concentrations.
- The intrinsic validity of the guidance concentration varies with the strength of the supporting documentation. When comparing compounds, there maybe significant differences in the quality of the data used to derive the guidance concentrations, including the availability of human epidemiological studies, animal models used, exposure does and duration, pathology reported, interpretation of results, etc.
- Identifying contaminants of concern requires the examination of contaminant concentrations at the site, the quality of environmental sampling data, and the potential for human exposure.

Common abbreviations, definitions, and symbols used in this booklet:

*	PQL derived from Environmental Monitoring Methods Index database.
**	PQL reprinted from 1989 Ground Water Guidance Concentrations document.
A	Human carcinogen
B1	Probable human carcinogen
B2	Probable human carcinogen
C	Possible human carcinogen
CAS #	American Chemical Society's Chemical Abstract Services number
E	Environmental Criteria and Assessment Office - EPA Cincinnati
F	1989 Florida Ground Water Guidance Concentrations booklet
H	Health Affects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST)
HBL	Health Based Level; the calculated guidance concentration, listed when the guidance concentration is less than the listed PQL.
I	Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
Organoleptic	Taste and odor
Organoleptic Detection Level	Concentration at which taste and odor can be detected, but is less than the PQL.
pCi/L	Picocuries per liter
PQL	Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs) listed in this booklet are an estimate of the lowest concentration routinely quantifiable by most analytical laboratories. The Practical Quantitation Level can be estimated to be five times the Method Detection Limit.
ug/L	Micrograms per Liter



## CHAPTER 1

### PRIMARY STANDARDS

Rule 17-520.420(1), F.A.C., Ground Water Classes, Standards, and Exemptions, designates the primary and secondary drinking water standards, found in Rules 17-550.310 and .320, as enforceable ground water standards. This designation is made to ensure and protect the quality of Florida's Class G-I and G-II (<10,000 mg/l Total Dissolved Solids) ground water resources as potential drinking water supplies. Ground water supplies 90% of Florida's drinking water needs. **These are enforceable standards.**

Notes on this chapter:

Fluoride, ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylenes also have associated (and enforceable) secondary standards and are also listed in Chapter 2.

Total trihalomethanes equals the sum of the concentrations of bromodichloromethane, dibromochloromethane, tribromomethane (bromoform) and trichloromethane (chloroform).

The MCL for man-made radionuclides in ground water is the average annual concentration of beta particles and photon radioactivity from man-made radionuclides which does not produce a total annual exposure greater than 4 millirem per year.

The MCL for Total Coliform Bacteria in ground water is 4 per 100 milliliters.

The drinking water standard for asbestos does not apply to ground water.

<b>PRIMARY STANDARDS</b>			
<b>CAS #</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>MCL ug/L</b>	<b>PQL ug/L</b>
<b>A</b>			
15972-60-8	Alachlor	2	1.5
7440-36-0	Antimony	6	5
7440-38-2	Arsenic	50	5
1912-24-9	Atrazine	3	0.25
<b>B</b>			
7440-39-3	Barium	2,000	2
71-43-2	Benzene	1	1
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.2	4
7440-41-7	Beryllium	4	2
<b>C</b>			
7440-43-9	Cadmium	5	0.4
1563-66-2	Carbofuran	40	5
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride (Tetrachloromethane)	3	1
57-74-9	Chlordane	2	0.05
75-01-4	Chloroethylene (Vinyl Chloride)	1	1
16065-83-1	Chromium	100	50
	Coliforms, Total	see text	
57-12-5	Cyanide	200	10
<b>D</b>			
94-75-7	2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	70	4
75-99-0	Dalapon (2,2-Dichloropropionic acid)	200	29*
96-12-8	Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	0.2	0.02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB, Ethylene Dibromide)	0.02	0.02
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)	600	4
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene (p-Dichlorobenzene)	75	4
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)	3	1
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene (Vinylidene chloride)	7	1
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	70	4
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	100	4
75-09-2	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	5	1
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	5	0.5
103-23-1	Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	400	60*
117-81-7	Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	6	10
88-85-7	Dinoseb	7	60
1746-01-6	Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	3x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
88-00-7	Diquat	20	5
<b>E</b>			
106-93-4	EDB (Ethylene dibromide, 1,2-Dibromoethane)	0.02	0.02
145-73-3	Endothall	100	30*

<b>PRIMARY STANDARDS</b>			
<b>CAS #</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>MCL ug/L</b>	<b>PQL ug/L</b>
72-20-8	Endrin	2	0.1
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	700	4
107-06-2	Ethylene dichloride (1,2-Dichloroethane)	3	1
<b>F</b>			
7782-41-4	Fluoride	4,000	100
<b>G</b>			
1071-83-6	Glyphosate (Roundup)	700	40
14127-62-9	Gross Alpha	15 pCi/L	1.25*
<b>H</b>			
76-44-8	Heptachlor	0.4	0.05
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epoxide	0.2	0.1
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	1	4
58-89-9	gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)	0.2	0.05
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	50	10
<b>L</b>			
7439-92-1	Lead	15	2
58-89-9	Lindane (gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.2	0.05
<b>M</b>			
7439-97-6	Mercury	2	0.2
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	40	0.4
75-09-2	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)	5	1
108-90-7	Monochlorobenzene	100	
<b>N</b>			
7440-02-0	Nickel	100	10
14797-55-8	Nitrate (as N)	10,000	60
14797-65-0	Nitrite (as N)	1,000	60
	Total Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	10,000	60
<b>O</b>			
23135-22-0	Oxamyl	200	5
<b>P</b>			
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	1	15
127-18-4	Perchloroethylene (Tetrachloroethylene)	3	1
1918-02-1	Picloram	500	200
1336-36-3	Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB)	0.5	0.5
<b>R</b>			
7440-14-4	Radium	5 pCi/L	0.5*

## PRIMARY STANDARDS

CAS #	PARAMETER	MCL ug/L	PQL ug/L
1071-83-6	Roundup (Glyphosate)	<b>700</b>	40
<b>S</b>			
7782-49-2	Selenium	<b>50</b>	5
93-72-1	Silvex (2,4,5-TP)	<b>50</b>	4
122-34-9	Simazine	<b>4</b>	0.25
7440-23-5	Sodium	<b>160,000</b>	200
100-42-5	Styrene (Vinyl benzene)	<b>100</b>	50
<b>T</b>			
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	<b>3</b>	1
56-23-5	Tetrachloromethane (Carbon Tetrachloride)	<b>3</b>	1
7440-28-0	Thallium	<b>2</b>	5
108-88-3	Toluene	<b>1,000</b>	4
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	<b>3</b>	1
93-72-1	2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	<b>50</b>	4
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<b>70</b>	4
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<b>200</b>	4
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<b>5</b>	1
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene (Trichloroethene, TCE)	<b>3</b>	1
	Trihalomethanes, Total	<b>100</b>	
<b>V</b>			
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene)	<b>1</b>	1
<b>X</b>			
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	<b>10,000</b>	4



## CHAPTER 2

### SECONDARY STANDARDS

Rule 17-520.420(1), F.A.C., Ground Water Classes, Standards, and Exemptions, designates the primary and secondary drinking water standards, found in Rules 17-550.310 and .320, as enforceable ground water standards. This designation is made to ensure and protect the quality of Florida's ground water resources as potential drinking water supplies. Ground water supplies 90% of Florida's drinking water needs. The Secondary Standards relate to the organoleptic or other undesirable properties of ground water. **These are enforceable standards** except as exempted under Rule 17-520.520, F.A.C.

Notes on this chapter:

Fluoride, ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylenes also have public health related primary standards.

The secondary MCL for Color is 15 color units.

The secondary MCL for Foaming Agents is 0.5 mg/L.

The secondary MCL for Odor is 3 (odor threshold number).

The secondary MCL for Total Dissolved Solids is 500 mg/L. This standard may be exceeded if no other MCL is exceeded.

## SECONDARY STANDARDS

CAS #	PARAMETER	MCL ug/L	PQL ug/L
7429-90-5	Aluminum	<b>200</b>	100
16887-00-6	Chloride	<b>250,000</b>	2,000
7440-50-8	Copper	<b>1,000</b>	25
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	<b>30</b>	4
7782-41-4	Fluoride	<b>2,000</b>	100
7439-89-6	Iron	<b>300</b>	10
7439-96-5	Manganese	<b>50</b>	10
C-006	pH	<b>6.5 - 8.5</b>	
7440-22-4	Silver	<b>100</b>	10
14808-79-8	Sulfate	<b>250,000</b>	5,000
108-88-3	Toluene	<b>40</b>	4
C-010	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	<b>500,000</b>	50
1330-20-7	Xylenes	<b>20</b>	4
7440-66-6	Zinc	<b>5,000</b>	10

## CHAPTER 3

### CARCINOGENS

Rule 17-520.400, F.A.C., Ground Water Classes, Standards, and Exemptions, addresses protective minimum criteria for ground water.

17-520.400(1) - All ground water shall at all places and at all times be free from domestic, industrial, agricultural, or other man-induced non-thermal components of discharges in concentrations which, alone or in combination with other substances, or components or discharges (whether thermal or non-thermal):

(b) - Are carcinogenic, mutagenic, teratogenic, or toxic to human beings, unless specific criteria are established for such components in Rule 17-520.420, F.A.C. (see chapters 1 and 2).

This chapter lists guidance concentrations for carcinogens categorized into four classes. These concentrations are not listed numeric standards but can be implemented as site specific minimum criteria under Rule 17-520.400(1)(b), F.A.C., through procedures established in Rule 17-520.400(3), F.A.C.

Class A - Human carcinogen, sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in humans.

Class B1 - Probable human carcinogen, limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans.

Class B2 - Probable human carcinogen, sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animals, but inadequate or lack of evidence in humans.

Class C - Possible human carcinogen, limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animals and inadequate or lack of human data.

Carcinogens are non-threshold agents, where only zero exposure carries no cancer risk. Since zero exposure is usually impossible or unreasonable to achieve Florida's guidance concentrations for carcinogens in water have been developed corresponding to an upper-bound increased lifetime risk of  $1 \times 10^{-6}$ . This is the risk that one person in a population of one million **may** develop cancer during a

lifetime. This number is within the range of lifetime risk levels (10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup>) recommended by the EPA.

The guidance concentration is calculated assuming an average body weight of 70 kilograms and an average water consumption of 2 liters per day and uses the cancer potency slope factor found in IRIS or HEAST. The slope factor is projected from a dose-response model for each carcinogen.

The formula for calculation is:

$$\text{ug/L} = \frac{1 \times 10^{-6} (\text{Lifetime Risk Level}) \times 70 \text{ kg} \times 1000 \text{ ug/mg}}{(\text{slope factor}) \text{ in } (\text{mg/kg/day})^{-1} \times 2 \text{ L/day}}$$

For those parameters where the health based guidance concentration is lower than what can reasonably be measured in a laboratory, the PQL has been designated as the guidance concentration. The calculated health based limit is reported in the Cancer Class / HBL column for reference purposes. As measurement techniques improve and PQLs are lowered the guidance concentration in these cases will also be lowered.



<b>CARCINOGENS</b>					
<b>CAS #</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>GUIDANCE CONCENTRATION ug/L</b>	<b>PQL ug/L</b>	<b>CANCER CLASS / HBL ug/L</b>	<b>BASIS</b>
<b>A</b>					
30560-19-1	Acephate	7.5	7.5	C / 4	I
5094-66-6	Acifluorfen (Blazer)	4	4	1	F
79-06-1	Acrylamide (2-Propeneamide)	1	1	B2 / 0.008	I
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	8	8	B1 / 0.06	I
309-00-2	Aldrin	0.05	0.05	B2 / 0.002	I
62-53-3	Aniline	6	4	B2	I
103-33-3	Azobenzene	4	4	B2 / 0.3	I
<b>B</b>					
92-87-5	Benzidine	250	250	A / 0.0002	I
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene	4	4	B2 / 0.05	E
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4	4	B2 / 0.05	E
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4	4	B2 / 0.5	E
100-44-7	Benzyl Chloride	0.5	0.5*	B2 / 0.2	I
319-84-6	BHC (alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.05	0.05	B2/0.006	I
319-85-7	BHC (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.1	0.1	C/0.02	I
111-44-4	Bis(chloroethyl) ether (BCEE)	1.5	1.5*	B2 / 0.03	I
39638-32-9	Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	7.5	7.5	C / 0.5	H
542-88-1	Bis(chloromethyl) ether (Dichloromethyl ether, BCME)	10	10**	A / 0.00016	I
5094-66-6	Blazer (Acifluorfen)	4	4	1	F
1897-45-6	Bravo (Chlorothalonil)	3.18	0.2	B2	H
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	0.6	0.5*	B2	I
75-25-2	Bromoform	4	0.5*	B2	I
<b>C</b>					
2425-06-1	Captafol	100	100*	C / 4.1	H
133-06-2	Captan	250	250*	B2 / 10	H
86-74-8	Carbazole	7.5	7.5	B2 / 1.75	H
510-15-6	Chlorobenzilate	0.13	0.1	B2	H

<b>CARCINOGENS</b>					
<b>CAS #</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>GUIDANCE CONCENTRATION ug/L</b>	<b>PQL ug/L</b>	<b>CANCER CLASS / HBL ug/L</b>	<b>BASIS</b>
106-89-8	1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (Epichlorohydrin)	3	0.04*	B2	I
67-66-3	Chloroform	6	1	B2	I
74-87-3	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	2.7	1	C	H
100-00-5	p-Chloronitrobenzene	250	250*	B2 / 1.94	H
1897-45-6	Chlorothalonil (Bravo)	3.18	0.2	B2	H
218-01-9	Chrysene	5	4	B2	E
<b>D</b>					
72-54-8	DDD (p,p'-Dichlorodiphenyl dichloroethane)	0.1	0.05	B2	I
72-55-9	DDE (p,p'-Dichlorodiphenyl dichloroethylene)	0.1	0.1	B2	I
50-29-3	DDT (p,p'-Dichlorodiphenyl trichloroethane)	0.1	0.1	B2	I
2303-16-4	Diallate	0.57	0.025*	B2	H
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	7.5	7.5	B2 / 0.005	E
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1	1	C / 0.4	I
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	7.5	7.5	B2 / 0.08	I
542-88-1	Dichloromethyl ether [Bis(chloromethyl) ether, BCME]	10	10**	A / 0.00016	I
542-75-6	1,3-Dichloropropene (DCP, Telone)	1	1	B2 / 0.19	H
62-73-7	Dichlorvos	0.1	0.02*	B2	I
60-57-1	Dieldrin	0.1	0.1	B2 / 0.002	I
56-53-1	Diethylstilbesterol	100	100*	A / 7E-6	H
119-90-4	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	250	250*	B2 / 2.5	H
119-93-7	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	250	250	B2 / 0.004	H
	Dinitrotoluene mixture 2,4- + 2,6-	0.2	0.2	B2 / 0.05	I
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	5	5*	B2 / 3	I
1746-01-6	Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	0.000003	0.000003	B2/2E-7	H
122-66-7	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	10	10	B2 / 0.05	I
<b>E</b>					
106-89-8	Epichlorohydrin (1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane)	3	0.04*	B2	I
75-21-8	Ethylene oxide (1,2-Epoxyethane)	10	10**	B2 / 0.03	H

<b>CARCINOGENS</b>					
<b>CAS #</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>GUIDANCE CONCENTRATION ug/L</b>	<b>PQL ug/L</b>	<b>CANCER CLASS / HBL ug/L</b>	<b>BASIS</b>
96-45-7	Ethylene thiourea (2-Imadazoli-dinethione)	15	15	B2 / 0.06	H
<b>H</b>					
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	15	15	C / 0.5	I
319-84-6	alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC)	0.05	0.05	B2/0.006	I
319-85-7	beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC)	0.1	0.1	C / 0.02	I
19408-74-3	Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0.00025	0.00025*	B2 / 6E-6	I
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	10	10	C / 3.0	I
121-82-4	Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)	10	10*	C / 0.3	I
<b>I</b>					
96-45-7	2-Imadazoli-dinethione (Ethylene thiourea)	15	15	B2/0.06	H
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.5	7.5	B2 / 0.05	E
78-59-1	Isophorone	40	4	C	I
<b>M</b>					
99-59-2	2-Methoxy-5-nitroaniline	50	50*	B2 / 0.76	H
95-53-4	2-Methylaniline (o-Toluidine)	50	50*	B2 / 0.15	H
74-87-3	Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)	2.7	1	C	H
101-14-4	4,4'-Methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline)	50	50*	B2 / 0.27	H
60-34-4	Methyl hydrazine	10	10**	0.03	H
2385-85-5	Mirex	0.1	0.1	B2 / 0.02	H
<b>N</b>					
55-18-5	n-Nitrosodiethylamine	4	4	B2 / 0.0002	I
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	7.5	7.5	B2 / 0.0007	I
924-16-3	n-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	4	4	B2 / 0.006	I
621-64-7	n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	4	4	B2 / 0.005	I
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	7	4	B2	I
10595-95-6	n-Nitroso-n-methylethylamine	7.5	7.5	B2 / 0.002	I
930-55-2	n-Nitrosopyrrolidine	4	4	B2 / 0.02	I

<b>CARCINOGENS</b>					
<b>CAS #</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>GUIDANCE CONCENTRATION ug/L</b>	<b>PQL ug/L</b>	<b>CANCER CLASS / HBL ug/L</b>	<b>BASIS</b>
<b>P</b>					
82-68-8	Pentachloronitrobenzene	<b>15</b>	15	C / 0.13	H
90-43-7	2-Phenylphenol	<b>18</b>	0.05*	C	H
79-06-1	2-Propeneamide (Acrylamide)	<b>1</b>	1	B2 / 0.008	I
75-56-9	Propylene oxide	<b>5,000</b>	5,000*	B2 / 0.1	I
<b>R</b>					
121-82-4	RDX (Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine)	<b>10</b>	10*	C / 0.3	I
<b>T</b>					
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-TCDD (Dioxin)	<b>0.000003</b>	0.000003*	B2 / 2E-7	H
542-75-6	Telone (DCP, 1,3-Dichloropropene)	<b>1</b>	1	B2 / 0.19	H
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	<b>1</b>	0.25	C	I
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<b>0.2</b>	0.05	C	I
95-80-7	Toluene-2,4-diamine	<b>100</b>	100*	B2 / 0.01	H
95-53-4	o-Toluidine (2-Methylaniline)	<b>50</b>	50*	B2/0.15	H
106-49-0	p-Toluidine	<b>150</b>	150*	C / 0.18	H
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	<b>10</b>	10	B2 / 3	I
1582-09-8	Trifluralin	<b>5</b>	0.1	C	I
512-56-1	Trimethyl phosphate	<b>50</b>	50*	B2 / 0.95	H
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	<b>10</b>	10*	C / 1	I

## CHAPTER 4

### ORGANOLEPTICS

Rule 17-520.400, F.A.C., Ground Water Classes, Standards, and Exemptions, addresses protective minimum criteria for ground water.

17-520.400(1) - All ground water shall at all places and at all times be free from domestic, industrial, agricultural, or other man-induced non-thermal components of discharges in concentrations which, alone or in combination with other substances, or components or discharges (whether thermal or non-thermal):

(e) - Create or constitute a nuisance; or

(f) - Impair the reasonable and beneficial use of adjacent waters.

This chapter lists guidance concentrations for parameters where organoleptic (taste and odor) and other deleterious thresholds are lower, sometimes significantly, than a health based guidance concentration. In these cases public health is not the only issue, but impairment of the use of the resource is the main concern. **These concentrations are not listed numeric standards** but can be designated as site specific minimum criteria by the Department.

For those parameters where the organoleptic threshold is lower than what can reasonably be measured in a laboratory, the PQL has been designated as the guidance concentration. The concentration at which the organoleptic threshold is exceeded is reported in the Detection Level column. As measurement techniques improve and PQLs are lowered the guidance concentration in these cases will also be lowered.

## ORGANOLEPTICS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE	PQL	ORGANOLEPTIC
		CONCENTRATION		DETECTION
		ug/L	ug/L	LEVEL
				ug/L
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	20	4	
107-02-8	Acrolein (Propenal)	110	20	
92-52-4	1,1-Biphenyl	0.5	0.2*	
123-86-4	n-Butyl acetate	2,500	2,500*	43
108-95-2	Carbolic acid (Phenol)	10	4	
59-50-7	4-chloro-3-methyl phenol	3,000	4	
108-43-0	3-Chlorophenol	10	10	0.1
106-48-9	4-Chlorophenol	5.5	5.5*	0.1
76-06-2	Chloropicrin	7.3	0.02	
98-82-8	Cumene (Isopropyl benzene)	0.8	0.25*	
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene (m-Dichlorobenzene)	10	4	
576-24-9	2,3-Dichlorophenol	10	10	0.04
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	4	4	0.3
583-78-8	2,5-Dichlorophenol	10	10	0.5
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	4	4	0.2
95-77-2	3,4-Dichlorophenol	10	10	0.3
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethyl phenol (m-Xylenol)	400	15	
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	5,000	5,000*	0.4
60-29-7	Ethyl ether	750	250*	
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	600	15	
110-54-3	n-Hexane	10	10**	6.4
98-82-8	Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.8	0.25*	
79-20-9	Methyl acetate	5,000	5,000*	3,000
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	25	25*	
1634-04-4	MTBE (Methyl tertiary-butyl ether)	50	10	
91-20-3	Napthalene	6.8	4	
108-95-2	Phenol (Carbolic acid)	10	4	
107-02-8	Propenal (Acrolein)	110	20	

## ORGANOLEPTICS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE	PQL	ORGANOLEPTIC
		CONCENTRATION		DETECTION
		ug/L	ug/L	LEVEL
		ug/L		ug/L
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	4	4	1
	Trimethyl benzenes	10	10**	0.24
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	250	250*	88
105-67-9	m-Xylenol (2,4-Dimethyl phenol)	400	15	

## CHAPTER FIVE

### SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

Rule 17-520.400, F.A.C., Ground Water Classes, Standards, and Exemptions, addresses protective minimum criteria for ground water.

17-520.400(1) - All ground water shall at all places and at all times be free from domestic, industrial, agricultural, or other man-induced non-thermal components of discharges in concentrations which, alone or in combination with other substances, or components or discharges (whether thermal or non-thermal):

(d) - Pose a serious danger to the public health, safety, or welfare.

This chapter lists guidance concentrations for parameters where an appreciable risk for deleterious effects exists to a human population with daily exposure. **These concentrations are not listed numeric standards** but can be designated as site specific minimum criteria by the Department.

Guidance concentrations for systemic toxicants in water have been derived similarly to the EPA Drinking Water Lifetime Health Advisory Level (HAL) for threshold contaminants. The guidance concentration assumes an average body weight of 70 kilograms, and an average water consumption of 2 liters per day, and is calculated using the chronic oral reference dose found in IRIS or HEAST. The chronic oral reference dose is a provisional estimate of the daily exposure to the human population that is likely to be without appreciable risk of deleterious effects during a lifetime. The calculation uses a 20% Relative Source Contribution factor which adjusts for the likelihood that exposure to the chemical also comes from non-drinking water sources such as food or air. In the absence of chemical specific data it is assumed that 20% of exposure comes from drinking water.

The formula for calculation is:

$$\text{ug/L} = \frac{\text{RfD (mg/kg/day)} \times 70 \text{ kg} \times 20\% \times 1000 \text{ ug/mg}}{2 \text{ L/day}}$$



For those parameters where the health based guidance concentration is lower than what can reasonably be measured in a laboratory, the PQL has been designated as the guidance concentration. The calculated health based limit is reported in the HBL column for reference purposes. As measurement techniques improve and PQLs are lowered the guidance concentration in these cases will also be lowered.

# SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE			
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L	BASIS	HBL ug/L
<b>A</b>					
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	10	4	F	
67-64-1	Acetone	700	100	I	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile	500	500*	I	42
98-86-2	Acetophenone	700	4	I	
116-06-3	Aldicarb (Temik)	7	5	I	
1646-88-4	Aldicarb sulfone	7	5	F	
1646-87-3	Aldicarb sulfoxide	10	10	F	
107-18-6	Allyl alcohol	250	250*	I	35
834-12-8	Ametryn	63	7.5	I	
120-12-7	Anthracene	2,100	4	I	
<b>B</b>					
114-26-1	Baygon (Propoxur)	28	10	I	
17804-35-2	Benomyl	350	120	I	
25057-89-0	Bentazon	17.5	4	I	
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	700	50*	I	
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10	7.5	F	
65-85-0	Benzoic acid	28,000	250*	I	
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	2,100	7.5	H	
319-86-8	BHC (delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.05	0.05	F	
141-66-2	Bidrin	1	1*	I	0.7
111-91-1	Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane	10	4	F	
80-05-7	Bisphenol A	350	200*	I	
7440-42-8	Boron (and Borates)	630	500*	I	
314-40-9	Bromacil	90	45	F	

## SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE			HBL ug/L
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L	BASIS	
101-55-3	p-Bromodiphenyl ether	10	4	F	
74-83-9	Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	10	4	I	
1689-84-5	Bromoxynil	140	50*	I	
71-36-3	n-Butanol (1-Butanol)	700	500*	I	
78-93-3	2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone)	4,200	100	I	
2008-41-5	Butylate	350	7.5	I	
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	1,400	850	I	
85-70-1	Butylphthalyl butylglycolate	7,000	10**	I	
<b>C</b>					
63-25-2	Carbaryl (Sevin)	700	10	I	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	700	5	I	
5234-68-4	Carboxin	700	10**	I	
75-69-4	CFC 11 (Trichlorofluoromethane)	2,100	4	I	
75-71-8	CFC 12 (Dichlorodifluoromethane)	1400	25*	I	
133-90-4	Chloramben	105	10**	I	
506-77-4	Chlorine cyanide	350	25*	I	
79-11-8	Chloroacetic acid	14	0.25*	H	
106-47-8	p-Chloroaniline	28	4	I	
75-00-3	Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)	140	4	E	
110-75-8	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether (Vinyl 2-chloroethyl ether)	1	1	F	
94-74-6	4-Chloro-2-methylphenoxy acetic acid (MCPA)	1,000	1,000**	F	4
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	560	4	I	
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	35	4	I	
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether	10	4	F	
95-49-8	o-Chlorotoluene	140	4	I	
2921-88-2	Chlorpyrifos	21	15	I	
5598-13-0	Chlorpyrifos methyl	70	15	H	

# SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE			
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L	BASIS	HBL ug/L
108-39-4	m-Cresol (3-Methylphenol)	350	4	I	
95-48-7	o-Cresol (2-Methylphenol)	350	4	I	
106-44-5	p-Cresol (4-Methylphenol)	35	4	H	
21725-46-2	Cyanazine	14	0.5	H	
460-19-5	Cyanogen	10,000	10,000*	I	280
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	35,000	5,000*	I	
108-91-8	Cyclohexylamine	5,000	5,000*	I	1,400
52315-07-8	Cypermethrin	70	7	I	
<b>D</b>					
1861-32-1	Dacthal (DCPA)	3,500	1	I	
333-41-5	Diazinon	6.3	0.25	H	
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate (Di-n-butyl phthalate)	700	13	I	
1918-00-9	Dicamba	210	200	I	
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC 12)	1400	25*	I	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	700	4	H	
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	5,600	13	I	
60-51-5	Dimethoate	5	5	I	1.4
70-38-2	Dimethrin	2,000	10**	F	
121-69-7	N-N-Dimethylaniline	12,500	12,500*	I	14
68-12-2	N-N-Dimethylformamide	700	50*	H	
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	70,000	850	H	
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl phthalate (Dibutyl phthalate)	700	13	I	
99-65-0	m-Dinitrobenzene (3-Dinitrobenzene)	50	50*	I	0.7
528-29-0	o-Dinitrobenzene (2-Dinitrobenzene)	200	200*	H	2.8
100-25-4	p-Dinitrobenzene (4-Dinitrobenzene)	50	50*	H	2.8
131-89-5	4,6-Dinitro-o-cyclohexyl phenol	500	500*	I	14

## SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE			
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L	BASIS	HBL ug/L
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	30	30	I	14
117-84-0	Di-n-octyl phthalate	140	4	H	
957-51-7	Diphenamid	210	10**	I	
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	175	4	I	
298-04-4	Disulfoton	0.5	0.5	I	0.28
330-54-1	Diuron	14	13	I	
<b>E</b>					
115-29-7	Endosulfan	0.35	0.05	H	
1031-07-8	Endosulfan sulfate	0.3	0.1	F	
7421-93-4	Endrin aldehyde	0.1	0.1	F	
563-12-2	Ethion	3.5	0.25	I	
110-80-5	2-Ethoxyethanol	25,000	25,000*	H	2,800
75-00-3	Ethyl chloride (Chloroethane)	140	4	E	
107-15-3	Ethylene diamine	10,000	10,000*	H	140
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	14,000	5,000*	I	
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	630	250*	H	
84-72-0	Ethylphthalyl ethylglycolate	21,000	10**	I	
2104-64-5	Ethyl p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphorothioate (EPN)	0.2	0.2*	I	0.07
<b>F</b>					
22224-92-6	Fenamiphos	1.75	1.5	I	
2164-17-2	Fluometuron	91	13	I	
206-44-0	Fluoranthene (ldryl)	280	4	I	
86-73-7	Fluorene	280	4	I	
944-22-9	Fonofos	14	7.5	I	

# SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE		BASIS	HBL ug/L
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L		
64-18-6	Formic acid	14,000	5,000*	H	
<b>H</b>					
319-86-8	delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC)	0.05	0.05	F	
70-30-4	Hexachlorophene	6	6*	I	2.1
51235-04-2	Hexazinone (Velpar)	231	30	I	
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide	10,000	10,000*	I	140
123-31-9	Hydroquinone	280	125*	H	
<b>I</b>					
206-44-0	Idryl (Fluoranthene)	280	4	I	
36734-19-7	Iprodione	280	75	I	
78-83-1	Isobutyl alcohol	2,100	500*	I	
33820-53-0	Isopropalin	105	12.5*	I	
<b>L</b>					
330-55-2	Linuron	14	13	I	
<b>M</b>					
121-75-5	Malathion	140	15	I	
12427-38-2	Maneb	75	75*	I	35
94-74-6	MCPA (4-Chloro-2-methylphenoxy acetic acid)	1,000	1,000**	F	4
57837-19-1	Metalaxyl	420	90	I	
126-98-7	Methacrylonitrile	50	50*	I	0.7
10265-92-6	Methamidophos	5	5	I	0.35
67-56-1	Methanol	5,000	5,000*	I	3,500

## SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE			
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L	BASIS	HBL ug/L
16752-77-5	Methomyl	175	10	I	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	10	4	F	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone)	4,200	100	I	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone (4-Methyl-2-pentanone)	350	10	H	
298-00-0	Methyl parathion	10	10**	I	1.75
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	350	4	I	
108-39-4	3-Methylphenol (m-Cresol)	350	4	I	
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)	35	4	I	
51218-45-2	Metolachlor	1,050	45	I	
21087-64-9	Metribuzin	175	30	I	
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	35	5	I	
<b>N</b>					
300-76-5	Naled	14	1.5	I	
10102-43-9	Nitric oxide	10,000	10,000*	I	700
88-74-4	o-Nitroaniline (2-Nitroaniline)	7.5	7.5	H	0.42
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	9.5	9.5*	I	3.5
10102-44-0	Nitrogen dioxide	7,000	2,500*	I	
88-75-5	o-Nitrophenol (2-Nitrophenol)	20	7.5	F	
100-02-7	p-Nitrophenol (4-Nitrophenol)	15	15	F	10
27314-13-2	Norflurazon	280	45	I	
<b>O</b>					
152-16-9	Octomethylpyrophosphoramidate	1,000	1,000*	H	14
19044-88-3	Oryzalin	350	0.8	I	
19666-30-9	Oxadiazon	35	3.3	I	

# SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE		BASIS	HBL ug/L
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L		
<b>P</b>					
1910-42-5	Paraquat	31.5	5	I	
56-38-2	Parathion	42	15	H	
40487-42-1	Pendimethalin	280	200	I	
608-93-5	Pentachlorobenzene	5.6	4	I	
52645-53-1	Permethrin	350	200	I	
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	10	4	F	
106-50-3	p-Phenylenediamine	1,330	50*	H	
298-02-2	Phorate	1.4	0.25	H	
732-11-6	Phosmet	140	5*	I	
7803-51-2	Phosphine	125	125*	I	2.1
85-44-9	Phthalic anhydride	14,000	500*	I	
1610-18-0	Prometon	105	1.5*	I	
7287-19-6	Prometryn	28	15	I	
23950-58-5	Pronamide	525	45	I	
1918-16-7	Propachlor	91	10**	I	
139-40-2	Propazine	140	10**	I	
122-42-9	Propham	140	10**	I	
114-26-1	Propoxur (Baygon)	28	10	I	
129-00-0	Pyrene	210	4	I	
100-86-1	Pyridine	7	4	I	
<b>R</b>					
83-79-4	Rotenone	28	8*	I	
<b>S</b>					



## SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE			
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	PQL ug/L	BASIS	HBL ug/L
63-25-2	Sevin (Carbaryl)	700	10	I	
7440-24-6	Strontium	4,200	10	I	
<b>T</b>					
93-76-5	2,4,5-T (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	70	4	I	
34014-18-1	Tebuthiuron	490	10**	I	
116-06-3	Temik (Aldicarb)	7	5	I	
5902-51-2	Terbacil	91	10**	I	
13071-79-9	Terbufos	0.18	0.5	H	
95-94-3	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	4	4	I	2.1
58-90-2	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	210	7.5	I	
3689-24-5	Tetraethyldithiopyrophosphate	3.5	0.35*	I	
21564-17-0	2-(Thiocyanomethylthio)-Benzothiazole	210	5*	H	
137-26-8	Thiram	35	11*	I	
	Tin and compounds	4,200	4,000	H	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane (CFC 11)	2,100	4	I	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	42	25*	I	
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	500,000	500,000*	I	210,000
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	60	60	I	0.35
786-19-6	Trithion	12	0.05	F	
<b>V</b>					
7440-62-2	Vanadium	49	10	H	
51235-04-2	Velpar (Hexazinone)	231	30	I	
110-75-8	Vinyl 2-chloroethyl ether (2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether)	1	1	F	
<b>Z</b>					

## SYSTEMIC TOXICANTS

CAS #	PARAMETER	GUIDANCE	PQL	BASIS	HBL
		CONCENTRATION ug/L	ug/IL		ug/L
12122-67-7	Zineb	350	20.5*	I	

CHAPTER 6

GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS INDEX

# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
<b>A</b>			
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	20	Organoleptic
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	10	Systemic Toxicant
30560-19-1	Acephate	7.5	Carcinogen
67-64-1	Acetone	700	Systemic Toxicant
75-05-8	Acetonitrile	500	Systemic Toxicant
98-86-2	Acetophenone	700	Systemic Toxicant
5094-66-6	Acifluorfen (Blazer)	4	Carcinogen
107-02-8	Acrolein (Propenal)	110	Organoleptic
79-06-1	Acrylamide (2-Propeneamide)	1	Carcinogen
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	8	Carcinogen
<b>15972-60-8</b>	<b>Alachlor</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
116-06-3	Aldicarb (Temik)	7	Systemic Toxicant
1646-88-4	Aldicarb sulfone	7	Systemic Toxicant
1646-87-3	Aldicarb sulfoxide	10	Systemic Toxicant
309-00-2	Aldrin	0.05	Carcinogen
107-18-6	Allyl alcohol	250	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7429-90-5</b>	<b>Aluminum</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
834-12-8	Ametryn	63	Systemic Toxicant
62-53-3	Aniline	6	Carcinogen
120-12-7	Anthracene	2,100	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7440-36-0</b>	<b>Antimony</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>7440-38-2</b>	<b>Arsenic</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>1912-24-9</b>	<b>Atrazine</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
103-33-3	Azobenzene	4	Carcinogen
<b>B</b>			
<b>7440-39-3</b>	<b>Barium</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>

# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
114-26-1	Baygon (Propoxur)	28	Systemic Toxicant
17804-35-2	Benomyl	350	Systemic Toxicant
25057-89-0	Bentazon	17.5	Systemic Toxicant
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	700	Systemic Toxicant
<b>71-43-2</b>	<b>Benzene</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
92-87-5	Benzidine	250	Carcinogen
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene	4	Carcinogen
<b>50-32-8</b>	<b>Benzo(a)pyrene</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4	Carcinogen
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10	Systemic Toxicant
65-85-0	Benzoic acid	28,000	Systemic Toxicant
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4	Carcinogen
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	2,100	Systemic Toxicant
100-44-7	Benzyl chloride	0.5	Carcinogen
<b>7440-41-7</b>	<b>Beryllium</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
319-84-6	BHC (alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.05	Carcinogen
319-85-7	BHC (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.1	Carcinogen
319-86-8	BHC (delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.05	Systemic Toxicant
141-66-2	Bidrin	1	Systemic Toxicant
92-52-4	1,1-Biphenyl	0.5	Organoleptic
111-91-1	Bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	10	Systemic Toxicant
111-44-4	Bis(chloroethyl) ether (BCEE)	1.5	Carcinogen
39638-32-9	Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	7.5	Carcinogen
542-88-1	Bis(chloromethyl) ether (Dichloromethyl ether, BCME)	10	Carcinogen
80-05-7	Bisphenol A	350	Systemic Toxicant
5094-66-6	Blazer (Acifluorfen)	4	Carcinogen
7440-42-8	Boron (and Borates)	630	Systemic Toxicant
1897-45-6	Bravo (Chlorthalonil)	3.18	Carcinogen
314-40-9	Bromacil	90	Systemic Toxicant
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	0.6	Carcinogen

## GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
75-25-2	Bromoform	4	Carcinogen
101-55-3	p-Bromodiphenyl ether	10	Systemic Toxicant
74-83-9	Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	10	Systemic Toxicant
1689-84-5	Bromoxynil	140	Systemic Toxicant
71-36-3	n-Butanol (1-Butanol)	700	Systemic Toxicant
78-93-3	2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone)	4,200	Systemic Toxicant
123-86-4	n-Butyl acetate	2,500	Organoleptic
2008-41-5	Butylate	350	Systemic Toxicant
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	1,400	Systemic Toxicant
85-70-1	Butylphthayl butylglycolate	7,000	Systemic Toxicant
<b>C</b>			
<b>7440-43-9</b>	<b>Cadmium</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
2425-06-1	Captan	100	Carcinogen
133-06-2	Captan	250	Carcinogen
63-25-2	Carbaryl (Sevin)	700	Systemic Toxicant
86-74-8	Carbazole	7.5	Carcinogen
<b>1563-66-2</b>	<b>Carbofuran</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
108-95-2	Carbolic acid (Phenol)	10	Organoleptic
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	700	Systemic Toxicant
<b>56-23-5</b>	<b>Carbon tetrachloride (Tetrachloromethane)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
5234-68-4	Carboxin	700	Systemic Toxicant
75-69-4	CFC 11 (Trichlorofluoromethane)	2,100	Systemic Toxicant
75-71-8	CFC 12 (Dichlorodifluoromethane)	1400	Systemic Toxicant
133-90-4	Chloramben	105	Systemic Toxicant
<b>57-74-9</b>	<b>Chlordane</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>16887-00-6</b>	<b>Chloride</b>	<b>250,000</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
506-77-4	Chlorine cyanide	350	Systemic Toxicant

## **GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS**

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
79-11-8	Chloroacetic acid	14	Systemic Toxicant
106-47-8	p-Chloroaniline	28	Systemic Toxicant
510-15-6	Chlorobenzilate	0.13	Carcinogen
106-89-8	1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (Epichlorohydrin)	3	Carcinogen
75-00-3	Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)	140	Systemic Toxicant
<b>75-01-4</b>	<b>Chloroethylene (Vinyl Chloride)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
110-75-8	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether (Vinyl 2-chloroethyl ether)	1	Systemic Toxicant
67-66-3	Chloroform	6	Carcinogen
74-87-3	Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	2.7	Carcinogen
59-50-7	4-chloro-3-methyl phenol	3,000	Organoleptic
94-74-6	4-Chloro-2-methylphenoxy acetic acid (MCPA)	1,000	Systemic Toxicant
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	560	Systemic Toxicant
100-00-5	p-Chloronitrobenzene	250	Carcinogen
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	35	Systemic Toxicant
108-43-0	3-Chlorophenol	10	Organoleptic
106-48-9	4-Chlorophenol	5.5	Organoleptic
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether	10	Systemic Toxicant
76-06-2	Chloropicrin	7.3	Organoleptic
95-49-8	o-Chlorotoluene	140	Systemic Toxicant
2921-88-2	Chlorpyrifos	21	Systemic Toxicant
5598-13-0	Chlorpyrifos-methyl	70	Systemic Toxicant
1897-45-6	Chlorthalonil (Bravo)	3.18	Carcinogen
<b>16065-83-1</b>	<b>Chromium</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
218-01-9	Chrysene	5	Carcinogen
<b>7440-50-8</b>	<b>Copper</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
108-39-4	m-Cresol	350	Systemic Toxicant
95-48-7	o-Cresol	350	Systemic Toxicant
106-44-5	p-Cresol	35	Systemic Toxicant
98-82-8	Cumene (Isopropyl benzene)	0.8	Organoleptic
21725-46-2	Cyanazine	14	Systemic Toxicant

# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
<b>57-12-5</b>	<b>Cyanide</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
460-19-5	Cyanogen	<b>10,000</b>	Systemic Toxicant
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	<b>35,000</b>	Systemic Toxicant
108-91-8	Cyclohexylamine	<b>5,000</b>	Systemic Toxicant
52315-07-8	Cypermethrin	<b>70</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>D</b>			
<b>94-75-7</b>	<b>2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
1861-32-1	Dacthal (DCPA)	<b>3,500</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>75-99-0</b>	<b>Dalapon (2,2-Dichloropropionic acid)</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
72-54-8	DDD (p,p'-Dichlorodiphenyl dichlorethane)	<b>0.1</b>	Carcinogen
72-55-9	DDE (p,p'-Dichlorodiphenyl dichloroethylene)	<b>0.1</b>	Carcinogen
50-29-3	DDT (p,p'-Dichlorodiphenyl trichloroethane)	<b>0.1</b>	Carcinogen
2303-16-4	Diallate	<b>0.57</b>	Carcinogen
333-41-5	Diazinon	<b>6.3</b>	Systemic Toxicant
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	<b>7.5</b>	Carcinogen
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	<b>1</b>	Carcinogen
<b>96-12-8</b>	<b>Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>106-93-4</b>	<b>1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB, Ethylene Dibromide)</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate (Di-n-butyl phthalate)	<b>700</b>	Systemic Toxicant
1918-00-9	Dicamba	<b>210</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>95-50-1</b>	<b>1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-Dichlorobenzene)</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene (m-Dichlorobenzene)	<b>10</b>	Organoleptic
<b>106-46-7</b>	<b>1,4-Dichlorobenzene (p-Dichlorobenzene)</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<b>7.5</b>	Carcinogen
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC 12)	<b>1400</b>	Systemic Toxicant
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	<b>700</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>107-06-2</b>	<b>1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>



# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
<b>75-35-4</b>	<b>1,1-Dichloroethylene (Vinylidene chloride)</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>156-59-2</b>	<b>cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>156-60-5</b>	<b>trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>75-09-2</b>	<b>Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
542-88-1	Dichloromethyl ether (Bis(chloromethyl)ether, BCME)	10	Carcinogen
576-24-9	2,3-Dichlorophenol	10	Organoleptic
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	4	Organoleptic
583-78-8	2,5-Dichlorophenol	10	Organoleptic
87-65-0	2,6-Dichlorophenol	4	Organoleptic
95-77-2	3,4-Dichlorophenol	10	Organoleptic
<b>78-87-5</b>	<b>1,2-Dichloropropane</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
542-75-6	1,3-Dichloropropene (DCP, Telone)	1	Carcinogen
62-73-7	Dichlorvos	0.1	Carcinogen
60-57-1	Dieldrin	0.1	Carcinogen
<b>103-23-1</b>	<b>Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>117-81-7</b>	<b>Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	5,600	Systemic Toxicant
56-53-1	Diethylstilbesterol	100	Carcinogen
60-51-5	Dimethoate	5	Systemic Toxicant
119-90-4	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	250	Carcinogen
70-38-2	Dimethrin	2,000	Systemic Toxicant
121-69-7	N-N-Dimethylaniline	12,500	Systemic Toxicant
119-93-7	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	250	Carcinogen
68-12-2	N-N-Dimethylformamide	700	Systemic Toxicant
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol (m-Xylenol)	400	Organoleptic
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	70,000	Systemic Toxicant
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl phthalate (Dibutyl phthalate)	700	Systemic Toxicant
99-65-0	m-Dinitrobenzene (3-Dinitrobenzene)	50	Systemic Toxicant
528-29-0	o-Dinitrobenzene	200	Systemic Toxicant
100-25-4	p-Dinitrobenzene	50	Systemic Toxicant

## **GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS**

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
131-89-5	4,6-Dinitro-o-cyclohexyl phenol	500	Systemic Toxicant
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	30	Systemic Toxicant
	Dinitrotoluene mixture 2,4- + 2,6-	0.2	Carcinogen
117-84-0	Di-n-octyl phthalate	140	Systemic Toxicant
<b>88-85-7</b>	<b>Dinoseb</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	5	Carcinogen
1746-01-6	Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	0.000003	Carcinogen
957-51-7	Diphenamid	210	Systemic Toxicant
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	175	Systemic Toxicant
122-66-7	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	10	Carcinogen
<b>85-00-7</b>	<b>Diquat</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
298-04-4	Disulfoton	0.5	Systemic Toxicant
330-54-1	Diuron	14	Systemic Toxicant
<b>E</b>			
<b>166-93-4</b>	<b>EDB (Ethylene dibromide, 1,2-Dibromoethane)</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
115-29-7	Endosulfan	0.35	Systemic Toxicant
1031-07-8	Endosulfan sulfate	0.3	Systemic Toxicant
<b>145-73-3</b>	<b>Endothall</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>72-20-8</b>	<b>Endrin</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
7421-93-4	Endrin aldehyde	0.1	Systemic Toxicant
106-89-8	Epichlorohydrin (1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane)	3	Carcinogen
563-12-2	Ethion	3.5	Systemic Toxicant
110-80-5	2-Ethoxyethanol	25,000	Systemic Toxicant
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	5,000	Organoleptic
<b>100-41-4</b>	<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>100-41-4</b>	<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
75-00-3	Ethyl chloride (Chloroethane)	140	Systemic Toxicant

# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
107-15-3	Ethylene diamine	10,000	Systemic Toxicant
<b>107-06-2</b>	<b>Ethylene dichloride (1,2-Dichloroethane)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	14,000	Systemic Toxicant
75-21-8	Ethylene oxide (1,2-Epoxyethane)	10	Carcinogen
96-45-7	Ethylene thiourea (2-Imadazoli-dinethione)	15	Carcinogen
60-29-7	Ethyl ether	750	Organoleptic
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	630	Systemic Toxicant
84-72-0	Ethylphthalyl ethylglycolate	21,000	Systemic Toxicant
2104-64-5	Ethyl p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphorothioate (EPN)	0.2	Systemic Toxicant
<b>F</b>			
22224-92-6	Fenamiphos	1.75	Systemic Toxicant
2164-17-2	Fluometuron	91	Systemic Toxicant
206-44-0	Fluoranthene (Idryl)	280	Systemic Toxicant
86-73-7	Fluorene	280	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7782-41-4</b>	<b>Fluoride</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>7782-41-4</b>	<b>Fluoride</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
944-22-9	Fonofos	14	Systemic Toxicant
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	600	Organoleptic
64-18-6	Formic acid	14,000	Systemic Toxicant
<b>G</b>			
1071-83-6	Glyphosate (Roundup)	700	Primary Standard
14127-62-9	Gross Alpha	15 pCi/L	Primary Standard
<b>H</b>			
76-44-8	Heptachlor	0.4	Primary Standard
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epoxide	0.2	Primary Standard
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	1	Primary Standard

# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	15	Carcinogen
319-84-6	alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC)	0.05	Carcinogen
319-85-7	beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC)	0.1	Carcinogen
319-86-8	delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC)	0.05	Systemic Toxicant
<b>58-89-9</b>	<b>gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>77-47-4</b>	<b>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
19408-74-3	Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0.00025	Carcinogen
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	10	Carcinogen
70-30-4	Hexachlorophene	6	Systemic Toxicant
121-82-4	Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)	10	Carcinogen
110-54-3	n-Hexane	10	Organoleptic
51235-04-2	Hexazinone (Velpar)	231	Systemic Toxicant
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide	10,000	Systemic Toxicant
123-31-9	Hydroquinone	280	Systemic Toxicant
<b>I</b>			
206-44-0	Idryl (Fluoranthene)	280	Systemic Toxicant
96-45-7	2 Imadazoli-dinethione (Ethylene thiourea)	15	Carcinogen
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.5	Carcinogen
36734-19-7	Iprodione	280	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7439-89-6</b>	<b>Iron</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
78-83-1	Isobutyl alcohol	2,100	Systemic Toxicant
78-59-1	Isophorone	40	Carcinogen
33820-53-0	Isopropalin	105	Systemic Toxicant
98-82-8	Isopropyl benzene (Cumene)	0.8	Organoleptic
<b>L</b>			
<b>7439-92-1</b>	<b>Lead</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>58-89-9</b>	<b>Lindane (gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane)</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>

# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
330-55-2	Linuron	14	Systemic Toxicant
<b>M</b>			
121-75-5	Malathion	140	Systemic Toxicant
12427-38-2	Maneb	75	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7439-96-5</b>	<b>Manganese</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
94-74-6	MCPA (4-Chloro-2-methylphenoxy acetic acid)	1,000	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7439-97-6</b>	<b>Mercury</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
57837-19-1	Metalaxyl	420	Systemic Toxicant
126-98-7	Methacrylonitrile	50	Systemic Toxicant
10265-92-6	Methamidophos	5	Systemic Toxicant
67-56-1	Methanol	5,000	Systemic Toxicant
16752-77-5	Methomyl	175	Systemic Toxicant
<b>72-43-5</b>	<b>Methoxychlor</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
99-59-2	2-Methoxy-5-nitroaniline	50	Carcinogen
79-20-9	Methyl acetate	5,000	Organoleptic
95-53-4	2-Methylaniline (o-Toluidine)	50	Carcinogen
74-83-9	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)	10	Systemic Toxicant
74-87-3	Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)	2.7	Carcinogen
101-14-4	4,4'-Methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline)	50	Carcinogen
<b>75-09-2</b>	<b>Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone)	4,200	Systemic Toxicant
60-34-4	Methyl hydrazine	10	Carcinogen
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone (4-Methyl-2-pentanone)	350	Systemic Toxicant
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	25	Organoleptic
298-00-0	Methyl parathion	10	Systemic Toxicant
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)	350	Systemic Toxicant
108-39-4	3-Methylphenol (m-Cresol)	350	Systemic Toxicant
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)	35	Systemic Toxicant
51218-45-2	Metolachlor	1,050	Systemic Toxicant

## **GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS**

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
21087-64-9	Metribuzin	175	Systemic Toxicant
2385-85-5	Mirex	0.1	Carcinogen
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	35	Systemic Toxicant
<b>108-90-7</b>	<b>Monochlorobenzene</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
1634-04-4	MTBE (Methyl tertiary-butyl ether)	50	Organoleptic
<b>N</b>			
300-76-5	Naled	14	Systemic Toxicant
91-20-3	Naphthalene	6.8	Organoleptic
<b>7440-02-0</b>	<b>Nickel</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>14797-55-8</b>	<b>Nitrate (as N)</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
	<b>Total Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
10102-43-9	Nitric oxide	10,000	Systemic Toxicant
<b>14797-65-0</b>	<b>Nitrite (as N)</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
88-74-4	o-Nitroaniline (2-Nitroaniline)	7.5	Systemic Toxicant
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	9.5	Systemic Toxicant
10102-44-0	Nitrogen dioxide	7,000	Systemic Toxicant
88-75-5	o-Nitrophenol (2-Nitrophenol)	20	Systemic Toxicant
100-02-7	p-Nitrophenol (4-Nitrophenol)	15	Systemic Toxicant
55-18-5	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	4	Carcinogen
62-75-9	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	7.5	Carcinogen
924-16-3	N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	4	Carcinogen
621-64-7	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	4	Carcinogen
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	7	Carcinogen
10595-95-6	N-Nitroso-n-methylethylamine	7.5	Carcinogen
930-55-2	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	4	Carcinogen
27314-13-2	Norflurazon	280	Systemic Toxicant

# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
<b>O</b>			
152-16-9	Octomethylpyrophosphoramidate	<b>1,000</b>	Systemic Toxicant
19044-88-3	Oryzalin	<b>350</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>23135-22-0</b>	<b>Oxamyl</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
19666-30-9	Oxadiazon	<b>35</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>P</b>			
1910-42-5	Paraquat	<b>31.5</b>	Systemic Toxicant
56-38-2	Parathion	<b>42</b>	Systemic Toxicant
40487-42-1	Pendimethalin	<b>280</b>	Systemic Toxicant
608-93-5	Pentachlorobenzene	<b>5.6</b>	Systemic Toxicant
82-68-8	Pentachloronitrobenzene	<b>15</b>	Carcinogen
<b>87-86-5</b>	<b>Pentachlorophenol</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>127-18-4</b>	<b>Perchloroethylene (Tetrachloroethylene)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
52645-53-1	Permethrin	<b>350</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>C-006</b>	<b>pH</b>	<b>6.5 - 8.5</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	<b>10</b>	Systemic Toxicant
108-95-2	Phenol (Carbolic acid)	<b>10</b>	Organoleptic
106-50-3	p-Phenylenediamine	<b>1,330</b>	Systemic Toxicant
90-43-7	2-Phenylphenol	<b>18</b>	Carcinogen
298-02-2	Phorate	<b>1.4</b>	Systemic Toxicant
732-11-6	Phosmet	<b>140</b>	Systemic Toxicant
7803-51-2	Phosphine	<b>125</b>	Systemic Toxicant
85-44-9	Phthalic anhydride	<b>14,000</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>1918-02-1</b>	<b>Picloram</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>1336-36-3</b>	<b>Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB)</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
1610-18-0	Prometon	<b>105</b>	Systemic Toxicant
7287-19-6	Prometryn	<b>28</b>	Systemic Toxicant

## **GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS**

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
23950-58-5	Pronamide	<b>525</b>	Systemic Toxicant
1918-16-7	Propachlor	<b>91</b>	Systemic Toxicant
139-40-2	Propazine	<b>140</b>	Systemic Toxicant
107-02-8	Propenal (Acrolein)	<b>110</b>	Organoleptic
79-06-1	2-Propeneamide (Acrylamide)	<b>1</b>	Carcinogen
122-42-9	Propham	<b>140</b>	Systemic Toxicant
114-26-1	Propoxur (Baygon)	<b>28</b>	Systemic Toxicant
75-56-9	Propylene oxide	<b>5,000</b>	Carcinogen
129-00-0	Pyrene	<b>210</b>	Systemic Toxicant
100-86-1	Pyridine	<b>7</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>R</b>			
<b>7440-14-4</b>	<b>Radium</b>	<b>5 pCi/L</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
121-82-4	RDX (Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine)	<b>10</b>	Carcinogen
83-79-4	Rotenone	<b>28</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>1071-83-6</b>	<b>Roundup (Glyphosphate)</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>S</b>			
<b>7782-49-2</b>	<b>Selenium</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
63-25-2	Sevin (Carbaryl)	<b>700</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7440-22-4</b>	<b>Silver</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
93-72-1	Silvex (2,4,5-TP)	<b>50</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
122-34-9	Simazine	<b>4</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>7440-28-0</b>	<b>Sodium</b>	<b>160,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
7440-24-6	Strontium	<b>4,200</b>	Systemic Toxicant
<b>100-42-5</b>	<b>Styrene (Vinyl benzene)</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>14808-79-8</b>	<b>Sulfate</b>	<b>250,000</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
<b>T</b>			



# GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
93-76-5	2,4,5-T (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	70	Systemic Toxicant
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-TCDD (Dioxin)	0.000003	Carcinogen
34014-18-1	Tebuthiuron	490	Systemic Toxicant
542-75-6	Telone (DCP, 1,3-Dichloropropene)	1	Carcinogen
116-06-3	Temik (Aldicarb)	7	Systemic Toxicant
5902-51-2	Terbacil	91	Systemic Toxicant
13071-79-9	Terbufos	0.18	Systemic Toxicant
95-94-3	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	4	Systemic Toxicant
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	Carcinogen
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2	Carcinogen
<b>127-18-4</b>	<b>Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>56-23-5</b>	<b>Tetrachloromethane (Carbon tetrachloride)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
58-90-2	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	210	Systemic Toxicant
3689-24-5	Tetraethyldithiopyrophosphate	3.5	Systemic Toxicant
<b>7440-28-0</b>	<b>Thallium</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
21564-17-0	2-(Thiocyanomethylthio)-Benzothiazole	210	Systemic Toxicant
137-26-8	Thiram	35	Systemic Toxicant
	Tin and compounds	4,200	Systemic Toxicant
<b>108-88-3</b>	<b>Toluene</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>108-88-3</b>	<b>Toluene</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
95-80-7	Toluene-2,4-diamine	100	Carcinogen
95-53-4	o-Toluidine (2-Methylaniline)	50	Carcinogen
106-49-0	p-Toluidine	150	Carcinogen
<b>C-010</b>	<b>Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)</b>	<b>500000</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
<b>8001-35-2</b>	<b>Toxaphene</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>93-72-1</b>	<b>2,4,5-TP (Silvex)</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>120-82-1</b>	<b>1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>71-55-6</b>	<b>1,1,1-Trichloroethane</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>79-00-5</b>	<b>1,1,2-Trichloroethane</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>79-01-6</b>	<b>Trichloroethylene (Trichloroethene, TCE)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>

## GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS

CAS #	PARAMETER	CONCENTRATION ug/L	CHAPTER
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane (CFC 11)	2,100	Systemic Toxicant
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	4	Organoleptic
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10	Carcinogen
<b>93-72-1</b>	<b>(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)propionic acid (2,4,5-TP)</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	42	Systemic Toxicant
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	500,000	Systemic Toxicant
1582-09-8	Trifluralin	5	Carcinogen
	<b>Trihalomethanes, Total</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
	Trimethyl benzenes	10	Organoleptic
512-56-1	Trimethyl phosphate	50	Carcinogen
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	60	Systemic Toxicant
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	10	Carcinogen
786-19-6	Trithion	12	Systemic Toxicant
<b>V</b>			
7440-62-2	Vanadium	49	Systemic Toxicant
51235-04-2	Velpar (Hexazinone)	231	Systemic Toxicant
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	250	Organoleptic
<b>75-01-4</b>	<b>Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
110-75-8	Vinyl 2-chloroethyl ether (2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether)	1	Systemic Toxicant
<b>X</b>			
<b>1330-20-7</b>	<b>Xylenes (total)</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>Primary Standard</b>
<b>1330-20-7</b>	<b>Xylenes (total)</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>Secondary Standard</b>
105-67-9	m-Xylenol (2,4-Dimethylphenol )	400	Organoleptic
<b>Z</b>			
7440-66-6	Zinc	5,000	Secondary Standard

## **GUIDANCE CONCENTRATIONS**

<b>CAS #</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>CONCENTRATION ug/L</b>	<b>CHAPTER</b>
12122-67-7	Zineb	350	Systemic Toxicant