

## Lower Santa Fe and Ichetucknee River MFL Rulemaking Workshop Regulatory Strategy

Stefani Weeks, DEP Office of Water Policy and Ecosystems Restoration April 5, 2022 @ SRWMD April 6, 2022 @SJRWMD



## Workshop Agenda

#### 1. Welcome

#### 2. Draft Regulatory Strategy – Part 2

- i. Agricultural Water Conservation
- ii. Public Supply Water Conservation
- **3. Next Steps**
- 4. Public Comment

#### Link to LSFIR Rulemaking:

https://floridadep.gov/water-policy/water-policy/content/office-water-policy-rulemaking



## Draft Regulatory Strategy Summary – Part 1

Previously workshopped draft regulatory language ("Part 1") included:

- > Required offsets for users' proportionate share based on 2014-2018 average water use
- Required offsets for water use above the 2014-2018 average water use
- Part 2" regulatory language is in addition to "Part 1" language previously workshopped.



## Draft Regulatory Strategy Summary – Part 2

- Goal of Workshopping Part 2 of Draft Language:
  - To introduce water conservation as one regulatory component of a larger strategy
  - To provide language for public review and comment
- **Goals of Future Workshops:** 
  - > To identify projects with which to offset impacts
  - To incorporate rule language to help facilitate project implementation

## Agricultural Water Conservation



### Agricultural Water Conservation – Distribution Uniformity

#### Requires users to maintain a minimum standard for Distribution Uniformity Table XX. Irrigation Distribution Uniformity Minimums

- Distribution Uniformity is a measure of how effective an irrigation system is at delivering water over a field evenly.
- Increasing DU is one part of increasing irrigation
   efficiency
- Agricultural users will be required to submit an MIL evaluation every 5 years to ensure these minimums are met

Irrigation System Type	Minimum Distribution Uniformity (DU)
Micro-Drip	<mark>75-85</mark>
Micro-Spray	<mark>80-90</mark>
Low Pressure Center Pivot or Lateral Move	<mark>75-85</mark>
Standard Center Pivot with End Guns	<mark>65-75</mark>
In Place Overhead Sprinklers	<mark>70-75</mark>



### Agricultural Water Conservation -BMP Implementation

#### Requires users to implement water saving BMPs

- Water saving BMPs are ranked based on their water saving capacity
- Users can select what most applies to their field specific conditions
- If the highest-level BMP is not selected, the user must select a combination of BMPs that are equivalent
- Permittees would submit a report to verify the BMPs are in place.

## Public Supply Water Conservation



## Public Supply Mater Conservation

### Makes changes to the Standard and Goal-Based Water Conservation Plans

- Requires permittees to evaluate the effectiveness of their plans on an annual basis and submit a report.
- May require data analytics to be submitted as part of the annual report to demonstrate how the programs perform



### Additions to the Water Conservation Plan

### > Water Conservation Plans must include:

- A landscape irrigation audit/evaluation program for the highest quartile of users among businesses and residents
  - Include education on relevant irrigation restrictions and rain sensor installation and replacement
- An education component that focuses on outdoor irrigation



### Water Loss Reduction Plan

### > If water loss is greater than 10% the applicant must:

- Perform a meter survey
- Complete a leak detection survey
- Replace meters that are not 95% accurate
- Implement other water conservation measures based on audit findings



## Reduction of Gross and Residential Per Capita

### Part of the Water Conservation Plan

- If gross or residential per capita is higher than the average per capita in the NFRWSP Area the applicant would:
  - Submit an end-of-permit gross or residential per capita goal
  - > A plan for reducing the per capita to at or below the average
- Per capita goal will include reporting of progress every 5 years



## Calculating Gross and Residential Per Capita

### **Gross Per Capita**

### **Residential Per Capita**

 $\frac{(WD + IM - EX)}{RP}$ 

WD = groundwater/surface water/ stormwater withdrawals

- IM = water imported
- **EX = water exported**
- **RP** = residential population

**Total Residential Water Use divided by Service Area Residential Population** 



### ERP Concurrency

### Applications with a request for the following water uses that also require ERP must receive the ERP prior to CUP issuance

- Requests for golf course areas, cemeteries, nursery plants, agricultural crops, or landscaped areas that are part of an artificially-created surface water system
- Requests to dewater

### Other Water Conservation



# Next Steps

### Review and consider all comments received through May 6, 2022

### **Focus on project development**

#### Combine all regulatory language into a draft rule



## Public Comment

Participants will be given 3 minutes to make their comments.

Vritten comments may be submitted to the email address below.

www.floridadep.gov/water-policy OWP\_rulemaking@floridadep.gov Please submit public comments by May 6