



BLUE-GREEN ALGAL BLOOM WEEKLY UPDATE

REPORTING MARCH 19 - MARCH 25, 2021

SUMMARY

There were 10 reported site visits in the past seven days (3/19 – 3/25), with 10 samples collected. Algal bloom conditions were observed by the samplers at five of the sites. The satellite imagery for Lake Okeechobee and the Caloosahatchee and St. Lucie estuaries from 3/25 showed low bloom potential on visible portions of Lake Okeechobee or either estuary. The best available satellite imagery for the St. Johns River from 3/25 showed no bloom potential on Lake George or visible portions of the St. Johns River; however, satellite imagery from 3/25 was almost completely obscured by cloud cover. Please keep in mind that bloom potential is subject to change due to rapidly changing environmental conditions or satellite inconsistencies (i.e., wind, rain, temperature or stage).

On 3/23, Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) staff collected a sample from **Lake Dowling – Off Dock**. The sample was co-dominated by *Microcystis aeruginosa* and *Dolichospermum circinale* and had 2.5 parts per billion (ppb) microcystins detected.

On 3/24, St. Johns River Water Management District (SJRWMD) staff collected samples from **Blue Cypress Lake – Center; Stick Marsh – North; Lake Jesup – Center; and Fellsmere WMA – Center**. The **Blue Cypress Lake – Center** and **Stick Marsh – North** samples had no dominant algal taxon and no cyanotoxins detected. The **Fellsmere WMA – Center** sample was dominated by *Microcystis aeruginosa* and had 0.51 ppb microcystins detected. The **Lake Jesup – Center** sample results are still pending.

On 3/24, Orange County staff collected a sample from **Anderson Lake – NW Corner**. The sample was dominated by *Microcystis aeruginosa* and had 1.2 ppb microcystins detected.

On 3/24, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission staff collected samples from **Indian River Lagoon – Parrish Park, Banana River – 520 Slick Boat Ramp and Indian River Lagoon – Eau Gallie Pier**. Algal identification results are still pending. Cyanotoxin samples were not collected.

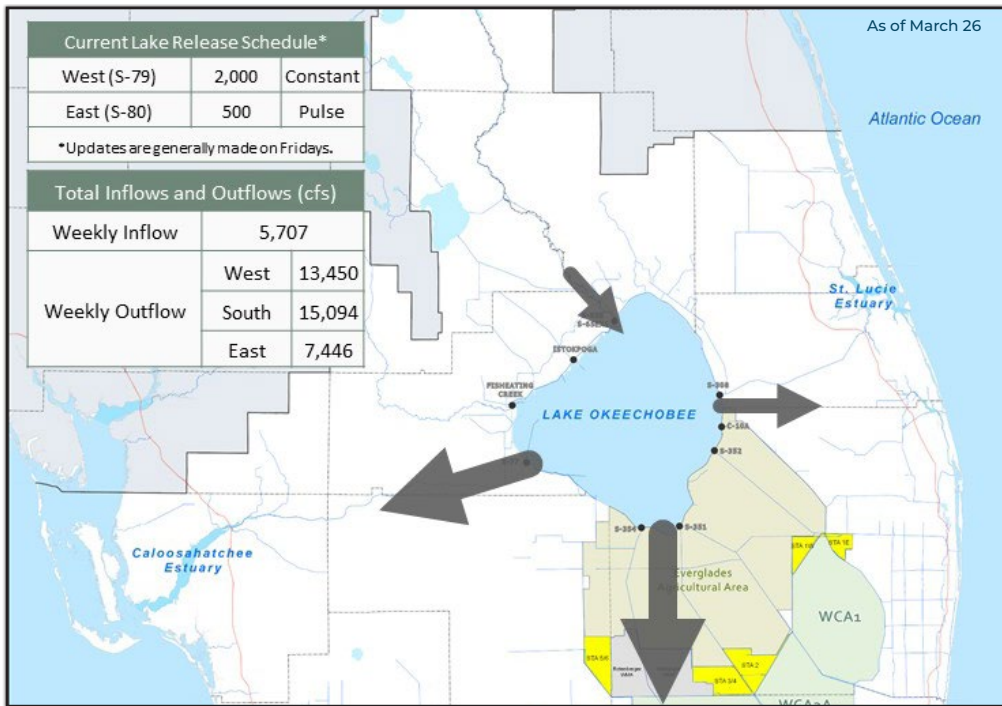
On 3/25, SJRWMD staff collected a sample from **Lake Monroe – Center**. Analytical results are still pending.

Last Week

On 3/18, DEP staff collected samples from **Lake Mabel - 25m from NW shore; Trout Lake Canal - 35m from FL-19; Lake Estelle near OMA; and Banana Lake cut to Stahl**. The **Lake Mabel - 25m from NW shore** sample had no dominant algal taxon and no cyanotoxins detected. The **Trout Lake Canal - 35m from FL-19** sample was co-dominated by *Microcystis wesenbergii* and *Dolichospermum circinale* and had a trace level (0.37 ppb) of total microcystins. The **Lake Estelle near OMA** sample was dominated by *Microcystis aeruginosa* and had no cyanotoxins detected. The **Banana Lake cut to Stahl** sample was co-dominated by *Microcystis aeruginosa* and *Dolichospermum circinale* and had a trace level (0.47 ppb) of microcystins.

This is a high-level summary of the sampling events for the reported week. For all field visit and analytical result details, please refer the complete algal bloom map with data table by clicking the "Field and Lab Details" Quick Link from the Algal Bloom Dashboard. Different types of blue-green algal bloom species can look different and have different impacts. However, regardless of species, many types of blue-green algae can produce toxins that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possibly cause skin and/or eye irritation due to contact. We advise to stay out of water where algae is visibly present as specks, mats or water is discolored pea-green, blue-green or brownish-red. Additionally, pets or livestock should not come into contact with the algal bloom-impacted water, or the algal bloom material or fish on the shoreline.

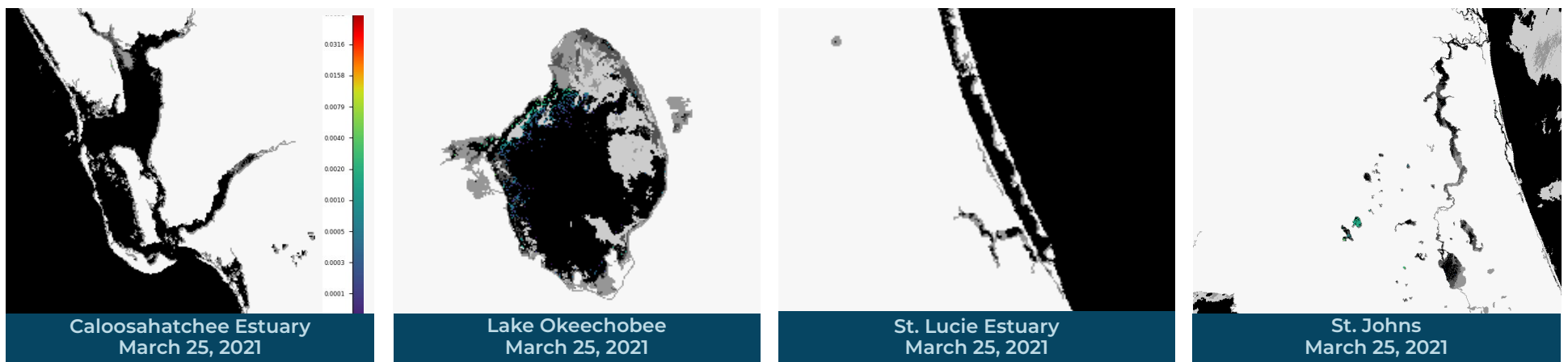
LAKE OKEECHOBEE OUTFLOWS



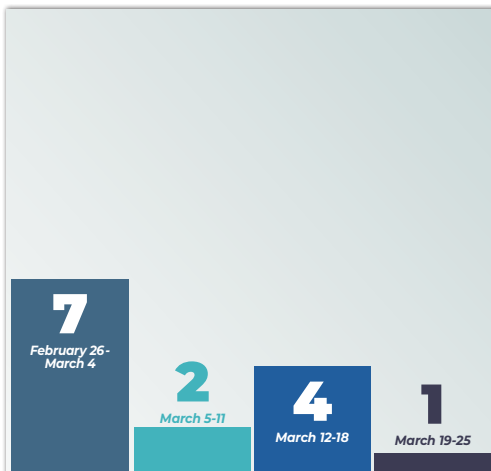
SITE VISITS FOR BLUE-GREEN ALGAE



Satellite Imagery provided by NOAA - Images are impacted by cloud-cover.



REPORTS FROM HOTLINE



REPORT PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUES

HUMAN ILLNESS

Florida Poison Control Centers can be reached 24/7 at 800-222-1222 (DOH provides grant funding to the Florida Poison Control Centers)

OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH CONCERNS

CONTACT DOH
(DOH county office)

FloridaHealth.gov/all-county-locations.html

REPORT ALGAL BLOOMS

SALTWATER BLOOM

- Observe stranded wildlife or a fish kill
- Information about red tide and other saltwater algal blooms

CONTACT FWC

800-636-0511 (fish kills)
888-404-3922 (wildlife Alert)

MyFWC.com/RedTide

FRESHWATER BLOOM

- Observe an algal bloom in a lake or freshwater river
- Information about blue-green algal blooms

CONTACT DEP

855-305-3903 (to report freshwater blooms)

FloridaDEP.gov/AlgalBloom