

BLUE-GREEN ALGAL BLOOM WEEKLY UPDATE REPORTING APRIL 23 - APRIL 29, 2021

SUMMARY

There were 19 reported site visits in the past seven days (4/23 - 4/29), with 19 samples collected. Algal bloom conditions were observed by the samplers at 11 of the sites.

The satellite imagery for Lake Okeechobee from 4/29 showed low to moderate bloom potential along the shoreline of Lake Okeechobee, with portions of the southern shoreline obscured by cloud cover. No significant bloom potential was observed in visible portions of the Caloosahatchee river or estuary. The St. Lucie river and estuary were obscured by cloud cover. The satellite imagery for the St. Johns River from 4/29 was partially obscured by cloud cover and showed low to moderate bloom potential on Lake George and portions of the St. Johns River downstream of Lake George. Please keep in mind that bloom potential is subject to change due to rapidly changing environmental conditions or satellite inconsistencies (i.e., wind, rain, temperature or stage).

On 4/23, 4/24, 4/25, 4/26, 4/27, 4/28 and 4/29, Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) staff collected water samples at approximately nine locations in the area near Port Manatee in Tampa Bay in response to the Piney Point emergency release. Bloom conditions have been observed in the localized area of previous discharges and continue to be monitored. During this reporting period, results have ranged from non-detect to trace [0.37 parts per billion (ppb)] levels of cyanotoxins. For daily updates and sampling data results, please visit ProtectingFloridaTogether.org/PineyPointUpdate.

On 4/26, South Florida Water Management District staff collected samples at the C43 Canal - S77 and C43 Canal - S79 structures. The C43 Canal - S77 sample was dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had trace levels (0.39 ppb) of microcystins detected. The C43 Canal - S79 sample had no dominant algal taxon and had trace levels (0.35 ppb) of microcystins detected.

On 4/26, Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) staff collected samples at Lake Okeechobee - S308C (Lakeside), Lake Okeechobee - Clewiston Boat Ramp and Lake Okeechobee -Pahokee Marina. All three samples were dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had trace (0.60 ppb), 4.6 ppb and 860 ppb microcystins detected, respectively. DEP is actively working with SFWMD on cleanup and sampling efforts at Pahokee Marina, and will continue to respond to the algal blooms in this area.

On 4/26, Highlands County staff collected a sample from Huckleberry Lake - Canal Entrance. The sample was dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had 1.6 ppb of microcystins detected.

On 4/27, 4/28 and 4/29, St. Johns River Water Management District staff collected samples from St. Johns River – Mandarin Point; Doctors Lake – Center; St. Johns River – Shands Bridge; Blue Cypress Lake - Center; Lake George - Center; Crescent Lake - Mouth of Dunns Creek; Stick Marsh - North; and Lake Washington - Center. The St. Johns River - Mandarin Point, Doctors Lake - Center, St. Johns River - Shands Bridge and Lake George - Center samples had no dominant algal taxa and no cyanotoxins detected. The Blue Cypress Lake - Center sample was dominated by Microcystis sp. and had no cyanotoxins detected. The Crescent Lake - Mouth of Dunns Creek sample was dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had no cyanotoxins detected. The Lake Washington - Center and Stick Marsh – North sample results are still pending.

On 4/28, DEP staff collected a sample from Lake Eustis - Northwest Corner. The sample was dominated by Cylindrospermopsis raciborskii and had no cyanotoxins detected.

On 4/29, DEP staff collected samples from Lake Winnott - 147 Bakers Acres and Lake Otis - Boat Ramp. Sample results are still pending.

Last Week

On 4/22, DEP staff collected samples from Sawgrass Lake - from CWC Dock and Dead River - Residential Canal South of US 441. The Sawgrass Lake - from CWC Dock sample was dominated by Dolichospermum planctonicum and had no cyanotoxins detected. The Dead River - Residential Canal South of US 441 sample was dominated by Cylindrospermopsis raciborskii and had a trace level (0.32 ppb) of microcystins detected

On 4/22, Orange County staff collected samples at Lake Anderson – NW Corner, Lake Conway – SW Shore and Lake Holden – 90 Meters S of Lake Holden Point. The Lake Anderson – NW Corner sample was dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had trace levels (2.3 ppb) of microcystins detected. The Lake Conway – SW Shore sample had no dominant algal taxon and no cyanotoxins detected. The Lake Holden – 90 Meters S of Lake Holden Point sample was dominated by Microcystis aeruginosa and had no cyanotoxins detected.

This is a high-level summary of the sampling events for the reported week. For all field visit and analytical result details, please refer the complete algal bloom map with data table by clicking the "Field and Lab Details" Quick Link from the Algal Bloom Dashboard. Different types of blue-green algal bloom species can look different impacts. However, regardless of species, many types of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possible and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and your pets of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possible and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and your pets of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possible and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and your pets of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possible and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and your pets of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possible and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and your pets of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possible and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and your pets of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets sick if swallowed or possible and/or eye irritation and/or eye irritation and your pets of blue-green algae visits that can make you or your pets visits that eve and the second and the material or fish on the shoreline



Satellite Imagery provided by NOAA - Images are impacted by cloud-cover.









Learn more about Florida's Algal Bloom Monitoring and Response visit our Water Quality website to check the current status and to receive updates.

